

“Stand Firm”

The Life of Moses

Study Guide for Bible Bowl/Bible Quiz

Leadership Training for Christ

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION

MEMORY AID

STUDY GUIDE QUESTIONS:

EXODUS 1-20, 32-34

NUMBERS 1-3, 10-14, 16-17, 20-27, 31-36

DEUTERONOMY 31-34

WHAT BOOK AND CHAPTER IS THIS?

ANSWER KEYS

INTRODUCTION

HEART OF AMERICA
LEADERSHIP TRAINING FOR CHRIST

“STAND FIRM”

THE LIFE OF MOSES

A STUDY GUIDE PREPARED BY
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The life of Moses is found throughout four books of the Old Testament: Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers, and Deuteronomy. “A Prayer of Moses the Man of God” is recorded in Psalm 90. Other references to Moses occur in I Chronicles 6:3; Acts 7:19-45; Hebrews 11:23-29; and in the accounts of the Transfiguration of Jesus in Matthew 17, Mark 9, and Luke 9.

Much information is given of this man who was born a slave, escaped death as an infant, was raised as a prince, fled as a murderer, worked as a shepherd, and was called by God to perform miracles and lead a nation. He served God as a writer, historian, judge, mediator, and prophet. Yet Moses is spoken of as an humble man, who was honored to speak with God face to face and see the glory of God pass by.

Moses was opposed by Pharaohs, foreign nations, his own family, and the entire nation of Israel. In the face of this, he was obedient to the Lord, carrying out His commands and guiding the chosen people to a land flowing with milk and honey. Many times he interceded for the people who rebelled, giving up the offer of God to make his (Moses’) family into a great nation.

The name of Moses is of Egyptian origin, and means “is born”. It forms the second element in several pharaonic names of the time. It also sounds like the Hebrew word for “drawn out” or “taken out of the water”, describing how the daughter of Pharaoh rescued him from the Nile.

The life of Moses can be divided into three periods: 40 years in Egypt, 40 years in Midian, and 40 years leading the nation of Israel. Historians give him credit for writing the first five books of the Bible, now known as the Pentateuch. Other books of the Bible refer to the “Law of Moses”, the “Book of Moses”, and the “Song of Moses”.

There is much to learn from Moses about “standing firm” for God. It is the hope of this author that your study will be rewarding, challenging, revealing, and maturing for your faith.

All references in this study guide are taken from the New International Version of the Holy Bible. Answers to these questions can be found in the specific chapters as well as the major footnotes.

Questions on the Bible Quiz will be in the form given here, as well as other forms such as true-false, matching, placing events in chronological order, and finding scripture quotes.

Exodus 1

1. Who had sons named Reuben, Simeon, Levi, Judah, Issachar, Zebulun, Benjamin, Dan, Naphtali, Gad, and Asher?
 - a. Joseph
 - b. Moses
 - c. Israel
 - d. Rameses
2. How many descendants of Jacob moved to Egypt?
 - a. 11
 - b. 24
 - c. 50
 - d. 70
3. Where was Joseph when the descendants of Jacob moved to Egypt?
 - a. In Jerusalem
 - b. In Egypt
 - c. In Jericho
 - d. In Goshen
4. Whom did the new king in Egypt NOT know about?
 - a. Joseph
 - b. Jacob
 - c. Israelites
 - d. Issachar
5. What was the new king in Egypt concerned about?
 - a. The Israelites were so numerous that they would eat all the food in Egypt
 - b. The Israelites were multiplying at a faster rate than the Egyptians
 - c. The Israelites were leading the Egyptians away from their gods
 - d. The Israelites would join Egypt's enemies in a war and fight against Egypt
6. How did the new king deal "shrewdly" with the Israelites?
 - a. Put slave masters over them to oppress them with forced labor
 - b. Made the Israelites leave the country
 - c. Forced the Israelites to worship Egyptian gods
 - d. Separated Israelite families so they couldn't live together
7. What store cities did the Israelite slaves build for Pharaoh?
 - a. Shur of Egypt
 - b. Etham and Migdol
 - c. Succoth
 - d. Pithom and Rameses
8. What happened as the Israelites were oppressed more?
 - a. The Israelites looked for a way to wage war against Egypt
 - b. The Israelites multiplied and spread more
 - c. The Israelites shrank in numbers as people died under the oppression
 - d. The Israelites tried to flee Egypt
9. Who were Shiphrah and Puah?
 - a. Egyptian midwives
 - b. Egyptian spies
 - c. Hebrew midwives
 - d. Hebrew slaves to Pharaoh's daughter
10. What did the king of Egypt want Shiphrah and Puah to do?
 - a. Kill the Hebrew baby boys as they were born
 - b. Kill the Hebrew baby girls as they were born
 - c. Kill ALL the Hebrew babies as they were born
 - d. Report back to the king of Egypt the number of babies born

11. Why did the midwives disobey the king of Egypt?
 - a. They never arrived in time
 - b. They feared God
 - c. They feared the Israelite husbands and fathers
 - d. They only saw females being born

12. What excuse did the midwives give to the king of Egypt for disobeying his orders?
 - a. They only saw females being born
 - b. Hebrew women were not like Egyptian women – they gave birth before midwives came
 - c. They did not know how to kill the babies in secret
 - d. They did not understand what the king of Egypt had said

13. How was God kind to the midwives?
 - a. He gave them a lot of work to do
 - b. He freed them from slavery
 - c. He gave them families of their own
 - d. He let them go back to the promised land

14. What did Pharaoh order concerning Hebrew or Israelite babies?
 - a. Every boy should be thrown into the Nile
 - b. Every baby should be thrown into the Nile
 - c. Every girl should be thrown into the Nile
 - d. Let every boy live

15. To whom did Pharaoh give his order?
 - a. His soldiers
 - b. His house slaves
 - c. His personal bodyguards
 - d. All his people

Exodus 2

1. Whom did a man of the house of Levi marry?
 - a. A Hebrew woman
 - b. An Israelite woman
 - c. An Egyptian woman
 - d. A Levite woman
2. For how long did the woman hide her son?
 - a. 3 weeks
 - b. 3 days
 - c. 3 months
 - d. 3 years
3. What did the woman do when she could hide him no longer?
 - a. Got a papyrus basket and coated it with tar and pitch
 - b. Got a papyrus basket and coated it with mortar
 - c. Got a papyrus basket and coated it with pitch
 - d. Got a papyrus basket and coated it with tar
4. Where did the woman put the basket with the child in it?
 - a. Among the tall grass
 - b. Among the reeds along the bank of the Nile
 - c. In the Nile River
 - d. In a deserted place
5. Who stood at a distance to watch the baby in the basket?
 - a. His mother
 - b. His father
 - c. His brother
 - d. His sister
6. Why was Pharaoh's daughter in the area to find the basket?
 - a. Her attendants happened to be walking along the river bank and told her about the basket
 - b. She had gone down to the Nile to worship
 - c. She had gone down to the Nile to bathe
 - d. Her slave girl saw the basket and told her about it
7. What did Pharaoh's daughter say when she opened the basket?
 - a. I need someone to nurse this baby
 - b. This is one of the Hebrew babies
 - c. I feel sorry for this baby
 - d. I will pay someone to care for this baby
8. Who offered to find a nurse for the baby?
 - a. The baby's sister
 - b. The baby's mother
 - c. The slave girl
 - d. A hired Hebrew woman

9. Who cared for the baby until he was older?
 - a. The baby's sister
 - b. The baby's mother
 - c. The slave girl
 - d. A hired Hebrew woman

10. Who named the baby?
 - a. His mother
 - b. His sister
 - c. Pharaoh's daughter
 - d. God

11. What did is the meaning of the name, Moses?
 - a. "I drew him out of the Nile"
 - b. "I drew him out of the ocean"
 - c. "I drew him out of the river"
 - d. "I drew him out of the water"

12. What did Moses first see when he watched his own people at their hard labor?
 - a. A Hebrew beating an Egyptian
 - b. An Egyptian beating a Hebrew
 - c. An Egyptian beating an Egyptian
 - d. A Hebrew beating another Hebrew

13. What did Moses do, thinking it would not be seen?
 - a. Killed the Egyptian and hid him in the sand
 - b. Took the Egyptian as his own personal slave
 - c. Took the place of the Egyptian as a taskmaster
 - d. Took the place of the Hebrew in his work

14. What statement was NOT made when Moses saw two Hebrews fighting?
 - a. Who made you ruler and judge over us?
 - b. Why are you hitting your fellow Hebrew?
 - c. Are you thinking of becoming our taskmaster?
 - d. Are you thinking of killing me as you killed the Egyptian?

15. How did Moses feel when he knew his actions had become known?
 - a. Powerful
 - b. Sad
 - c. Afraid
 - d. Frustrated

16. What did Pharaoh try to do when he heard of what Moses had done?
 - a. Kill some of the Hebrew slaves
 - b. Kill Moses
 - c. Kill the Hebrew family of Moses
 - d. Kill his daughter who raised Moses

17. To which land did Moses flee?
 - a. Canaan
 - b. Hebron
 - c. Goshen
 - d. Midian

18. What did Moses NOT do by the well?
- Sleep
 - Rescued the seven daughters of the priest of Midian from some shepherds
 - Drew water for the seven daughters
 - Watered the flocks of the priest of Midian
19. What was the name of the priest of Midian?
- Aaron
 - Elieazer
 - Reuel
 - Samuel
20. Whom did the girls tell their father had rescued them?
- Moses
 - An Egyptian
 - A Hebrew
 - A Midianite
21. Which statement does NOT describe Zipporah?
- Daughter of Reuel
 - Wife of Moses
 - Mother of Jethro
 - Mother of Gershom
22. What does the name "Gershom" mean?
- I have become an alien in a foreign land
 - I have become a slave in a foreign land
 - I have become an outcast in a foreign land
 - I have become a priest in a foreign land
23. What did NOT happen in Egypt during that long period?
- The Israelites groaned in their slavery and cried out
 - The king of Egypt died
 - God remembered his covenant with Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob
 - God looked on the Israelites and was not concerned about them

Exodus 3

1. What name does the Bible give to Moses' father-in-law in chapter 3?
 - a. Reuel
 - b. Aaron
 - c. Joseph
 - d. Jethro
2. What occupation did Moses have in Midian?
 - a. Carpenter
 - b. Judge
 - c. Shepherd
 - d. Priest
3. What mountain was known as the mountain of God?
 - a. Sinai
 - b. Horeb
 - c. Olives
 - d. Nebo
4. What did Moses see that was strange?
 - a. A bush on fire
 - b. An angel of the Lord in the flames of fire
 - c. A bush on fire, but not burning up
 - d. A bush on fire, but without smoke
5. What did Moses say when God called to him from within the bush?
 - a. I am Moses.
 - b. Here I am.
 - c. Who are you?
 - d. What is this place?
6. Why was Moses not to come closer to the bush?
 - a. He was standing on holy ground
 - b. He would get burned if he came closer
 - c. He had to take his sandals off before he came closer
 - d. The sound of God's voice was too loud to come closer
7. Why did Moses hide his face?
 - a. He was ashamed
 - b. He was blinded by the flames
 - c. He was afraid to look at God
 - d. His face was getting burned
8. Which of the following did God NOT use in identifying himself?
 - a. God of your father
 - b. God of Abraham
 - c. God of Isaac
 - d. God of Jacob
 - e. God of Joseph
9. What had the Lord come down to do?
 - a. To see the misery of his people in Egypt
 - b. To hear the Israelites crying out because of their slave drivers
 - c. To rescue the Israelites from the hand of the Egyptians
 - d. To find a land to give to the Israelites

10. What phrase was NOT used by the Lord to describe the land to which he was going to bring the Israelites?
- A good and spacious land
 - The home of the Canaanites, Hittites, Amorites
 - The home of the Midianites
 - A land flowing with milk and honey
 - The home of the Perizzites, Hivites, and Jebusites
11. What did God tell Moses to do?
- Go. I am sending you to Pharaoh to bring my people the Israelites out of Egypt
 - Go. I am sending you to comfort my people the Israelites in the land of Egypt
 - Go. I am sending you to Egypt to lead the Israelites in a battle against Pharaoh
 - Go. I am sending you to Pharaoh to overpower him and take his place as ruler
12. How did Moses respond to God's command?
- It has been a long time since I was in Egypt.
 - I have forgotten the language of the Egyptians.
 - Who am I, that I should go to Pharaoh?
 - The Hebrews will never believe me.
13. What was God's sign to Moses that it was the Lord who had sent him?
- He would not age until the Israelites were free
 - He would worship God on this mountain when the people had been brought out of Egypt
 - He would have another son
 - He would never have to shepherd flocks of sheep again
14. What did God say his name was?
- I Am He
 - I Am the Only God
 - I Am the Creator
 - I Am Who I Am
15. What was Moses to do when he got to Egypt?
- Visit the king of Egypt first
 - Assemble the elders of Israel and give them God's message
 - Perform a miraculous sign
 - Visit his family
16. Who was to go with Moses to see the king of Egypt?
- His Hebrew father
 - His adopted mother, Pharaoh's daughter
 - Elders of Israel
 - His father-in-law, the priest of Midian
17. What were they to tell the king of Egypt?
- The Lord, the God of the Hebrews, has forgotten us
 - The Lord, the God of the Hebrews, commands that you free the slaves
 - The Lord, the God of the Hebrews, will strike you
 - Let us take a three-day journey into the desert to offer sacrifices to the Lord

18. When did God say that the king of Egypt would let them go?
 - a. After God compels him with His mighty hand and strikes the Egyptians with all the wonders He will perform among them
 - b. When Moses gives two signs that his message is from God
 - c. After five plagues are endured by the Egyptians
 - d. When they first asked to go

19. How were the Israelites to leave Egypt, according to God's promise?
 - a. Empty-handed
 - b. With lots of food for desert life
 - c. On the backs of many horses and chariots
 - d. With articles of silver, gold, clothing – plundering the Egyptians

Exodus 4

1. What excuse did Moses NOT use for obeying God's command to lead the people out of Egypt?
 - a. What if they do not believe me or listen to me?
 - b. I have never been eloquent. I am slow of speech and tongue.
 - c. I have a wife and child here, and cannot leave them.
 - d. Please send someone else to do it.
2. What happened to the staff of Moses when he threw it on the ground?
 - a. It disappeared
 - b. It became a snake
 - c. It caught on fire, but did not burn up
 - d. It turned as white as snow
3. What happened when Moses put his hand inside his cloak?
 - a. His hand disappeared
 - b. His hand became stronger
 - c. His hand could heal the next person it touched
 - d. His hand became leprous like snow
4. What was the purpose of the miraculous signs that God gave to Moses?
 - a. To prove Moses had strong powers
 - b. To prove that God had strong powers
 - c. So the people would believe that the Lord had appeared to Moses
 - d. So the king of Egypt would do what Moses requested
5. What was the third miraculous sign that God gave to Moses?
 - a. Take some water from the Nile, pour it on dry ground, and it will become blood
 - b. Set a bush on fire and it will not burn up
 - c. Put your staff in the sand and gnats will appear
 - d. Strike a rock and it will bring forth water
6. How did the Lord respond to Moses after Moses asked Him to send someone else?
 - a. The Lord gave him another miraculous sign
 - b. The Lord's anger burned against Moses
 - c. The Lord tried to kill Moses
 - d. The Lord told Moses He would find someone else
7. Who was to help Moses speak to the people?
 - a. Jethro, his father-in-law
 - b. Miriam, his sister
 - c. Aaron the Levite
 - d. Zipporah, his wife
8. What statements were NOT made about Moses' brother?
 - a. He can speak well
 - b. He is already on his way to meet you
 - c. His heart will be sad when he sees you
 - d. He will be your mouth, and it will be as if you were God to him

9. Why did Moses tell Jethro that he needed to go back to Egypt?
 - a. To see if any of his people were still alive
 - b. To free the Israelites from slavery
 - c. To meet his brother, Aaron
 - d. To obey God

10. Who went with Moses to Egypt?
 - a. His wife
 - b. His wife and father-in-law
 - c. His sons
 - d. His wife and sons

11. What did Moses carry in his hand?
 - a. The reigns of the donkey
 - b. Food for his trip
 - c. The staff of God
 - d. A letter from Jethro

12. What did God tell Moses that Pharaoh would do in response to seeing the wonders Moses had been given the power to do?
 - a. Pharaoh would let the people go
 - b. God would harden Pharaoh's heart so he would not let the people go
 - c. Pharaoh would increase the work of the slaves
 - d. Pharaoh would have his magicians perform the same signs for Moses

13. What was NOT included in the words Moses was to say to Pharaoh?
 - a. All the men who wanted to kill Moses were dead
 - b. Israel is my firstborn son
 - c. Let my son go so he may worship me
 - d. You refused to let him go, so I will kill your firstborn son

14. What did Zipporah do at a lodging place on the way to Egypt to keep the Lord from killing a member of her family?
 - a. Washed her hands of any ties with her family
 - b. Circumcised her son
 - c. Made an offering on an altar to God
 - d. Prayed

15. Where did Aaron meet Moses?
 - a. In Egypt
 - b. In a lodging place on the way to Egypt
 - c. At the mountain of God
 - d. By the burning bush

16. What did the elders of Israel NOT do in response to Moses and Aaron and the miraculous signs?
 - a. They believed
 - b. They bowed down
 - c. They worshipped
 - d. They sang

Exodus 5

1. Who went to Pharaoh to deliver God's message?
 - a. Moses
 - b. Moses, Aaron, and the Elders of Israel
 - c. The Elders of Israel
 - d. Moses and Aaron
2. What was Pharaoh's first response to the request to let the Israelites go to hold a festival to God?
 - a. This is not an Egyptian god that I should obey him
 - b. Why should Israel go? They can worship here.
 - c. I do not know the Lord and I will not let Israel go
 - d. Who is this Lord you speak of? I have never heard of him.
3. What did Moses and Aaron say to Pharaoh would be the consequence if Israel did NOT offer sacrifices to the Lord?
 - a. God would strike Israel with the plagues or with the sword
 - b. God would strike Egypt with the plagues or with the sword
 - c. God would kill the firstborn sons of Egypt
 - d. God would deal severely with Pharaoh.
4. What did Pharaoh NOT say to Moses and Aaron?
 - a. Why are you taking the people away from their labor?
 - b. Get back to your work!
 - c. The people of the land are now numerous.
 - d. Your people will no longer be supplied with straw for making bricks.
 - e. You are stopping them from working.
5. What did Pharaoh order his slave drivers and foremen in charge of the people to do?
 - a. Make the people gather their own straw, but require them to make the same number of bricks.
 - b. Make the people gather their own straw, but allow them to make fewer bricks
 - c. Make the foremen in charge of the people to gather the straw, and keep the quota of bricks the same
 - d. Make the Hebrew women gather the straw for bricks, and the Hebrew men make the bricks
6. Why did Pharaoh think Israel asked to go and sacrifice to God?
 - a. They were trying to run away
 - b. They were lazy
 - c. They worked so hard they were believing lies
 - d. They wanted a short vacation
7. Where did the people go to find the stubble to use for straw?
 - a. Goshen
 - b. Giza
 - c. All over Egypt
 - d. In the Desert
8. What happened to the Israelite foremen who had been appointed by Pharaoh's slave drivers?
 - a. They were commended for their good work
 - b. They were made to collect straw for the people
 - c. They were forced to beat their fellow Israelite slaves
 - d. They were beaten and asked why they didn't meet their quotas

9. Who appealed to Pharaoh about their treatment when asked to make bricks without straw?
 - a. Moses and Aaron
 - b. Egyptian slave drivers
 - c. Israelite foremen
 - d. Israelite slaves

10. Whom did the Israelites first blame for the hard work of providing their own straw and still making the same quota of bricks?
 - a. Moses and Aaron
 - b. Pharaoh's own people
 - c. Pharaoh
 - d. God

11. What did Pharaoh accuse the Israelite foremen of being?
 - a. Lazy
 - b. Complainers
 - c. Believers of lies
 - d. Evil

12. What did the Israelite foremen NOT say to Moses and Aaron AFTER their meeting with Pharaoh?
 - a. May the Lord look upon you and judge you!
 - b. You have made us a stench to Pharaoh and his officials
 - c. You have put a sword in their hand to kill us
 - d. Where is the God of our Fathers now?

13. What did Moses ask God after the Israelites work was increased?
 - a. Why have you brought trouble upon me?
 - b. Why did you send me to fail?
 - c. Why have you brought trouble upon this people?
 - d. Why is Pharaoh not letting Israel go?

Exodus 6

1. According to what the Lord told Moses, WHY would Pharaoh let the Israelites go?
 - a. He would see that they would work better if they were able to sacrifice to God first
 - b. He would be persuaded by Moses' convincing arguments
 - c. His advisors would appeal to Pharaoh to let them go in the best interest of Egypt
 - d. God's mighty hand will make Pharaoh drive them out of his country

2. How did the Lord appear to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob?
 - a. As the Lord
 - b. As God Almighty
 - c. As Jehovah
 - d. As Creator

3. What was a part of the covenant which God established with Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob?
 - a. They would be aliens forever
 - b. They would live in Egypt
 - c. They were to be given the land of Canaan
 - d. They were to forsake all other gods

4. What was NOT included in God's message to the Israelites?
 - a. I will bring you out from under the yoke of the Egyptians
 - b. I will redeem you with an outstretched arm and with mighty acts of judgment
 - c. I am the Lord
 - d. I will take you as my own people, and I will be your God
 - e. I will bring you to the land I swore with uplifted hand to give to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob
 - f. I will give it to you as a possession
 - g. You will know that I am a God to be feared always

5. Why did the Israelites not listen to Moses' words from God?
 - a. Discouragement and cruel bondage
 - b. Were afraid Pharaoh would make it even harder for them as slaves
 - c. Thought that Moses was telling lies
 - d. Did not have time to listen to Moses

6. How did Moses respond when God told him to go and tell Pharaoh to let the Israelites go out of his country?
 - a. I speak eloquently, but Pharaoh will not listen
 - b. If the Israelites will not listen to me, why would Pharaoh listen?
 - c. I am afraid Pharaoh will kill me
 - d. Send Aaron alone this time, since he speaks better

7. Who was the firstborn son of Israel?
 - a. Reuben
 - b. Hanoth
 - c. Pallu
 - d. Hezron

8. Who was the son of a Canaanite woman?
 - a. Simeon
 - b. Jamin
 - c. Zohar
 - d. Shaul

9. Who lived 137 years?
 - a. Gershon
 - b. Kohath
 - c. Levi
 - d. Merari

10. Who were the parents of Moses and Aaron?
- Libni and Shimei
 - Mahli and Mushi
 - Amram and Jochebed
 - Elzaphan and Sithri
11. Who was Aaron's wife?
- Elisheba
 - Nadab
 - Abihu
 - Eleazar
 - Ithamar
12. Who was Eleazar's son?
- Putiel
 - Phinehas
 - Uzziel
 - Korah
13. What was Moses supposed to tell Pharaoh?
- Everything the Lord told Moses
 - Terrible things were about to happen
 - The Israelites will begin an uprising
 - It was important to sacrifice to God
14. How did Moses describe his lips?
- True
 - Lying
 - Faltering
 - Stuttering

Exodus 7

1. The Lord said to Moses, "See, I have made you like _____ to Pharaoh."
 - a. A. Prophet
 - b. Priest
 - c. King
 - d. God
2. What was Aaron to be to Moses?
 - a. Prophet
 - b. Priest
 - c. King
 - d. God
3. What would be Pharaoh's response to God's many miraculous signs and wonders in Egypt?
 - a. He would harden his heart
 - b. He would not listen to Moses and Aaron
 - c. He would let the people of Israel go
 - d. He would fear God and worship Him
4. What would the Egyptians know when God stretched out His hand against Egypt and brought the Israelites out of Egypt?
 - a. That God is powerful
 - b. That God is greater than Egyptian gods
 - c. That God is Lord
 - d. That God is to be feared
5. How old was Moses when he spoke to Pharaoh?
 - a. 83
 - b. 70
 - c. 85
 - d. 80
6. How old was Aaron when he spoke to Pharaoh?
 - a. 83
 - b. 70
 - c. 85
 - d. 80
7. What were Moses and Aaron to do when Pharaoh asked them to perform a miracle?
 - a. Moses was to throw down his staff and it would become a snake
 - b. Aaron was to throw down his staff and it would become a snake
 - c. Have Pharaoh throw down his scepter and it would become a snake
 - d. Ask the magicians to throw down their sticks so they could become snakes
8. Who also performed this miracle?
 - a. Wise men
 - b. Sorcerers
 - c. Egyptian magicians
 - d. All of the above
9. What happened to all of the staffs that were snakes?
 - a. They were turned back into staffs
 - b. Aaron's staff swallowed up the other staffs
 - c. Moses' staff swallowed up the other staffs
 - d. They remained snakes and were thrown into the Nile
10. How did the Lord describe Pharaoh's heart to Moses after the incident with the snakes?
 - a. Hard
 - b. Stubborn
 - c. Unyielding
 - d. Scared

11. When was Moses to go to Pharaoh next?
 - a. In the morning
 - b. At noon
 - c. In the afternoon
 - d. In the evening
 - e. At night

12. Where was Moses to wait for Pharaoh?
 - a. In the palace
 - b. In the temple
 - c. In the desert
 - d. On the bank of the Nile

13. What was NOT to happen when Moses struck the water of the Nile?
 - a. By this Pharaoh was to know that God is the Lord
 - b. The fish would find somewhere else to live
 - c. The Nile would be changed to blood
 - d. The River would stink
 - e. The Egyptians would not be able to drink the water

14. Where was blood to be found in Egypt?
 - a. The Nile River
 - b. Streams and canals
 - c. Ponds and reservoirs
 - d. Wooden buckets and stone jars
 - e. All of the above

15. Who else changed water to blood?
 - a. Wise men
 - b. Sorcerers
 - c. Egyptian magicians
 - d. Egyptian Priests

16. What was Pharaoh's reaction to the first plague?
 - a. He became afraid
 - b. He went into his palace and did not take it to heart
 - c. He laughed
 - d. He exiled Moses

17. Where did the Egyptians get drinking water?
 - a. From the Israelites
 - b. From travelers to their country
 - c. From holes they dug along the Nile
 - d. From wells

Exodus 8

1. How many days passed after the Lord had struck the Nile before Moses went to Pharaoh again?
 - a. 5
 - b. 7
 - c. 9
 - d. 12
2. What would happen if Pharaoh refused to let the Israelites go in the beginning of chapter 8?
 - a. God would plague the whole country with flies
 - b. God would plague the whole country with gnats
 - c. God would plague the whole country with boils
 - d. God would plague the whole country with frogs
3. Where would the frogs be seen?
 - a. The Nile River
 - b. Palace, bedroom, and bed
 - c. Houses of Pharaoh's officials and on the Egyptian people
 - d. Ovens and kneading troughs
 - e. All of the above
4. Who stretched out his hand with the staff over the waters of Egypt to make the frogs come up?
 - a. Moses
 - b. Aaron
 - c. Pharaoh
 - d. Joshua
5. Who used their secret arts to bring frogs up on the land of Egypt?
 - a. Egyptian Magicians
 - b. Egyptian Priests
 - c. Wise men
 - d. Sorcerers
6. What did Pharaoh NOT say when he summoned Moses and Aaron after the frogs had appeared?
 - a. Pray to the Lord to take the frogs away
 - b. I will let your people go to offer sacrifices to the Lord
 - c. I want you to pray for us today
 - d. I want you to pray for us tomorrow
7. After Moses prayed, where were the frogs to remain?
 - a. In the Nile
 - b. In ponds
 - c. In houses of the Egyptian slave drivers
 - d. In the canals
8. What happened to the frogs after Moses cried out to the Lord?
 - a. They disappeared
 - b. They hopped to another place
 - c. They died and were piled into heaps
 - d. They all went to live in the Nile
9. Why did Pharaoh harden his heart and not listen to Moses and Aaron?
 - a. He saw that there was relief from the frogs
 - b. He knew his magicians could do the same things
 - c. He needed the Israelites to help burn the frogs
 - d. He thought it was all a bad dream

10. When Aaron struck the dust of the ground, what happened?
 - a. Water burst forth
 - b. Ants appeared and spread throughout Egypt
 - c. The dust became gnats
 - d. The dust became so thick that it was impossible to see

11. Where did the gnats go?
 - a. On men
 - b. On animals
 - c. On men and animals
 - d. On Pharaoh

12. How much dust became gnats?
 - a. All the dust throughout the land of Egypt
 - b. All the dust around the Nile River
 - c. All the dust around Pharaoh's palace
 - d. All the dust in the capital city

13. What did the magicians say when they could not produce gnats by their secret arts?
 - a. We must learn how to do this trick
 - b. We must appeal to our Egyptian gods
 - c. We must not let Pharaoh know this is impossible for us
 - d. This is the finger of God

14. When did Moses tell Pharaoh about the upcoming plague of flies?
 - a. In the cool of the evening as Pharaoh was going to the water
 - b. In the early morning when Pharaoh was going to the water
 - c. In the midday when Pharaoh was eating
 - d. On the holy day when Pharaoh was worshipping Egyptian gods

15. What was to be different about this plague?
 - a. No swarms of flies would be in Goshen, where the Israelites lived
 - b. The swarms of flies would not affect anyone but Pharaoh
 - c. The swarms of flies would bring healing in the land of Goshen
 - d. The swarms of flies would eat up the gnats

16. What did the flies do to Egypt?
 - a. Made the skies dark
 - b. Caused huge boils to appear on the Egyptian people
 - c. Ruined the land
 - d. Caused the cattle to become sick

17. What suggestion did Pharaoh make after dense swarms of flies poured into his palace?
 - a. Go sacrifice to your God in the desert
 - b. Go sacrifice to your God, but take my guards with you to protect you
 - c. Pray to your God that he will remove the flies
 - d. Go, sacrifice to your God here in the land

18. Why did the Israelites need to travel into the desert to offer sacrifices?
 - a. The sacrifices would make the land of Egypt smell like smoke
 - b. The Egyptians would follow the Israelites and interrupt the sacrifices
 - c. The offerings to be sacrificed were only found in the desert
 - d. The sacrifices were detestable to the Egyptians, and they would stone the Israelites

19. What did Pharaoh command Moses concerning the Israelites offering sacrifices while the flies were in Egypt?
- They could not go
 - They could only go after Moses had prayed for Pharaoh
 - They could not go very far
 - They could only go after the flies were gone
20. What was NOT included in Moses' answer to Pharaoh about the flies?
- I will pray for you tomorrow
 - Tomorrow the flies will leave Pharaoh
 - Be sure the Pharaoh does not act deceitfully again
 - Tomorrow the flies will leave Pharaoh's officials and his people
21. What happened to the flies after Moses prayed?
- They flew into the Nile and were destroyed
 - They died and were gathered into heaps
 - They left and not a fly remained
 - They were carried away by a great wind

Exodus 9

1. Which of the following statements about the plague on the livestock in the fields is NOT TRUE?
 - a. The plague would be on horses, donkeys, and camels
 - b. The plague would be on cattle, sheep, and goats
 - c. There would be no distinction between the livestock of Israel and that of Egypt
 - d. No animal belonging to the Israelites would die
2. What was the time the Lord set for bringing the plague on the livestock?
 - a. That evening
 - b. Tomorrow
 - c. In a week
 - d. At the full moon
3. How many animals died in the plague on the livestock?
 - a. All the livestock of the Egyptians
 - b. All the livestock of the Israelites
 - c. Only the cattle of the Egyptians
 - d. Only the sheep of the Egyptians
4. What did Moses do to bring about the plague of boils?
 - a. Threw dust into the air
 - b. Struck the dust of the ground with his staff
 - c. Took handfuls of soot from a furnace and tossed them into the air in the presence of Pharaoh
 - d. Held his staff up high to create a dust storm
5. Whom did the plague of boils affect?
 - a. Men
 - b. Animals
 - c. Magicians
 - d. All Egyptians
 - e. All the above
6. Why was God going to send the full force of his plagues against Pharaoh and his people?
 - a. So Pharaoh would let the Israelites go so they could worship God
 - b. So Pharaoh would know there was no one like God in all the earth
 - c. So Pharaoh would free the Israelite slaves
 - d. So Pharaoh would worship God
7. Why had God not sent a plague to wipe the Egyptians off the earth?
 - a. They were not evil enough to deserve such punishment
 - b. Moses had prayed in their behalf
 - c. God wanted the Egyptians to be the slaves of the Israelites
 - d. God wanted to show his power so his name would be proclaimed in all the earth
8. What did God say about the hailstorm that was to come?
 - a. It would be a long hailstorm
 - b. It would come in three days
 - c. It would be worst hailstorm that had ever fallen on Egypt
 - d. The hailstorm would break the roofs of places of shelter
9. What did God tell Pharaoh to do to avoid the hailstorm?
 - a. Pray
 - b. Let the Israelite people go
 - c. Go to the land of Goshen
 - d. Bring in livestock and everything in the field to a place of shelter

10. Who feared the word of the Lord and brought their slaves and livestock inside?
 - a. Pharaoh
 - b. Magicians
 - c. Some officials of Pharaoh
 - d. Priests of Egypt

11. What did Moses need to do to cause the hail to fall?
 - a. Strike the Nile
 - b. Stretch out his staff toward the sky
 - c. Strike the dust of the ground with his staff
 - d. Pray

12. What was NOT part of the worst storm in all the land of Egypt since it became a nation?
 - a. Tornados
 - b. Thunder
 - c. Hail
 - d. Lightning

13. What damage did the hail do to Egypt?
 - a. Collapsed houses
 - b. Beat down everything growing in the fields and stripped every tree
 - c. Destroyed Egyptian idols
 - d. Killed Pharaoh's army

14. Where did it NOT hail?
 - a. At the pyramids
 - b. Around the Egyptian temple
 - c. In the Nile River
 - d. In the land of Goshen where the Israelites were

15. What did Pharaoh NOT say when he summoned Moses and Aaron during the hailstorm?
 - a. This time I have sinned
 - b. The Lord is in the right, and I and my people are in the wrong
 - c. Pray to the Lord
 - d. I will let you go; you don't have to stay any longer
 - e. I fear the Lord your God

16. What was not destroyed in the hailstorm, since it ripened later?
 - a. Flax
 - b. Barley
 - c. Corn
 - d. Wheat and spelt

17. What did Moses do to stop the hail?
 - a. Struck the Nile with his staff
 - b. Spread out his hands toward the Lord in prayer
 - c. Raised his staff and waved it in the air
 - d. Had Aaron raise his staff

18. What happened when Pharaoh saw that the rain, hail, and thunder had stopped?
 - a. He let the Israelite people go to worship
 - b. His officials convinced him to change his mind
 - c. He sinned again
 - d. He softened his heart

Exodus 10

1. Why had the Lord hardened the hearts of Pharaoh and his officials?
 - a. So that the Lord could perform miraculous signs among them
 - b. So Moses could tell his children and grandchildren how God dealt harshly with the Egyptians
 - c. So they would know that God was the Lord
 - d. All of the above

2. What did Moses and Aaron say to Pharaoh before the plague of locusts?
 - a. Why is your heart hardened?
 - b. Why do you fear the Israelites worship of their God?
 - c. How long will you refuse to humble yourself before God?
 - d. Let my people go, so that they may be free.

3. What would the plague of locusts NOT do to Egypt?
 - a. They would cover the face of the ground so that it could not be seen
 - b. They would devour what little was left after the hail, including trees growing in the fields
 - c. They would fill the houses of Pharaoh, his officials, and all the Egyptians
 - d. They would contaminate the Nile River

4. What did Pharaoh's officials want Pharaoh to do after being threatened with locusts?
 - a. Let the people go to worship
 - b. Kill Moses and Aaron
 - c. Nothing, since Egypt was ruined anyway
 - d. Find shelter and seal it from the outside

5. What did Pharaoh ask when he brought Moses and Aaron back to see him before the plague of locusts began?
 - a. Why should I let you go worship your God?
 - b. What will God do to restore Egypt if I let you go into the desert to worship?
 - c. Just who will be going?
 - d. When will you return from worshipping your God?
 - e. All of the above

6. Who or what was to be included in the Israelite group going to worship God?
 - a. Young and old
 - b. Sons and daughters
 - c. Flocks and herds
 - d. Moses and Aaron
 - e. All of the above

7. What did Pharaoh want Moses to change about the trip to worship God?
 - a. Take the women, but not the children
 - b. Have only the men go
 - c. To show you are not bent on evil, leave the women in Egypt
 - d. Leave half of the flocks in Goshen

8. Why did Moses and Aaron leave Pharaoh while they were discussing the Israelites journey to worship God?
 - a. They needed to discuss Pharaoh's suggestions with God in prayer
 - b. They needed to inform the elders of Israel what Pharaoh was saying
 - c. They became angry at Pharaoh
 - d. They were driven out of Pharaoh's presence

9. How did the locusts appear?
 - a. Moses struck the sand with his staff
 - b. Moses threw ash into the air
 - c. The Lord made an east wind blow across the land all day and night
 - d. Moses waved his staff in the air

10. Which is the false statement concerning the plague of locusts?
 - a. The locusts came in the middle of the night
 - b. The locusts settled down in every area of the country in great numbers
 - c. The locusts covered the ground until it was black
 - d. The locusts devoured all that was left after the hail
 - e. Nothing green remained on tree or plant in all the land of Egypt

11. When did Pharaoh summon Moses and Aaron after the plague of locusts?
 - a. The next day
 - b. Quickly
 - c. That evening
 - d. The next week

12. What happened to the locusts after Moses prayed to the Lord to take them away?
 - a. They died and were gathered in heaps
 - b. They flew into the Nile and were destroyed
 - c. They flew away and not a locust was left in Egypt
 - d. They were caught up in a strong west wind and carried into the Red Sea

13. What kind of darkness spread over the land of Egypt?
 - a. Darkness like a cloud covering the sun
 - b. Darkness like night
 - c. Darkness that did not allow candles to burn
 - d. Darkness that could be felt

14. How long did darkness cover all of Egypt?
 - a. 1 day
 - b. 2 days
 - c. 3 days
 - d. 4 days
 - e. 5 days

15. Who had light in the places where they lived?
 - a. Pharaoh's magicians
 - b. All the Israelites
 - c. Pharaoh's officials who feared God
 - d. Temples of Egypt

16. After the plague of darkness, what did Pharaoh say about the Israelites going to worship God?
 - a. They could NOT go worship, so quit asking
 - b. Go worship, but leave the women and children behind
 - c. Go worship, but leave the flocks and herds behind
 - d. Go worship and take everything you need

17. Why did Moses tell Pharaoh that they needed to take everything with them to worship?
- a. They did not plan on returning
 - b. They needed food in the desert
 - c. They were afraid the Egyptians would steal the livestock
 - d. They would not know until they got to the place of worship what they were to use in worship
18. When Pharaoh sent Moses away after the plague of darkness, what did he say?
- a. You may go worship as you wish
 - b. The day you see my face you will die
 - c. Do not appear before me again until the plagues stop
 - d. Get out of my sight until you bring Aaron back with you

Exodus 11

1. How many more plagues was the Lord going to bring on Egypt after the plague of darkness?
 - a. 1
 - b. 2
 - c. 3
 - d. 4
2. In what manner would Pharaoh let the Israelites go after the last plague?
 - a. Reluctantly
 - b. Joyfully
 - c. Humbly
 - d. Drive them out completely
3. What were the Israelite men and women to ask their neighbors for?
 - a. Food
 - b. Clothing
 - c. Silver and Gold
 - d. Money
4. Who held Moses in high regard in Egypt?
 - a. Pharaoh
 - b. Pharaoh's officials and the people
 - c. Pharaoh's magicians
 - d. Pharaoh's priests
5. When was the Lord to go throughout Egypt for the last plague?
 - a. In the middle of the day
 - b. In the evening
 - c. At midnight
 - d. In the morning
6. Who was going to die?
 - a. Every firstborn son in Egypt
 - b. The firstborn of the cattle
 - c. All the sons of Pharaoh
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and b above
7. What would be heard throughout Egypt?
 - a. Praising
 - b. Silence
 - c. Clapping
 - d. Loud wailing
8. What would be heard among the Israelites?
 - a. Praising
 - b. Not a dog would bark at any man or animal
 - c. Clapping
 - d. Loud wailing
9. Who would come to Moses and bow down before him and tell him to "Go!"?
 - a. Pharaoh
 - b. Priests of Egypt
 - c. Magicians
 - d. All of Pharaoh's officials

10. How did Moses leave Pharaoh's presence after telling Pharaoh about the last plague?
 - a. Hot with anger
 - b. Weeping with sadness
 - c. Calm with relief
 - d. Joyous at what was to come to pass

11. What did Pharaoh constantly refuse to do?
 - a. Harden his heart
 - b. Acknowledge his sin
 - c. Change his mind
 - d. Listen to Moses

12. Why was not even a dog to bark in Israel during the last plague?
 - a. To show that the Lord makes a distinction between Egypt and Israel
 - b. So Pharaoh wouldn't know that the Israelites were escaping
 - c. So the Israelites could hear the Egyptian wailing
 - d. So it would be quiet for the Israelites to pray

Exodus 12

1. In the instructions given for the Passover feast, what was to be done on the tenth day of the month?
 - a. Slaughter a lamb at twilight
 - b. Take a lamb or goat for his family
 - c. Eat the meat of a lamb with bitter herbs
 - d. Eat the meat of a goat with bread made without yeast
2. What if any household was too small for a whole lamb?
 - a. They were to take a turkey instead
 - b. They were to beg on the street corner for a portion of lamb from another family
 - c. They were to abstain from the Passover
 - d. They were to share with their nearest neighbor
3. What type of animals must be chosen?
 - a. Year-old females without defect
 - b. Year-old males without defect
 - c. Year-old animals, male or female, without defect
 - d. Two-year old males without defect
4. What was to be done on the fourteenth of the month?
 - a. They were to take special care of their animal for sacrificing in the desert
 - b. They were to trade animals with their nearest neighbor, then kill and eat the meat
 - c. They were to make bread with yeast, to be eaten that same night
 - d. They were to slaughter the animal at twilight, cook and eat it that night
5. What were they to do with the blood of the animal?
 - a. Put it in the Nile River
 - b. Put it on the sides and tops of the doorframes of the Egyptian houses
 - c. Put it on the sides and tops of the doorframes of the houses where they eat the lambs
 - d. Put it on the roofs of the houses where they eat the lambs
6. How was the meat to be prepared?
 - a. They were to eat it raw
 - b. It was to be cooked in water
 - c. It was to be fried
 - d. It was to be roasted over the fire
7. What were the Israelites supposed to eat with the meat?
 - a. Bitter herbs and bread made without yeast
 - b. Bitter herbs and bread made with yeast
 - c. Milk and honey
 - d. Bitter herbs and fruit
8. How were the people supposed to eat the food?
 - a. In haste
 - b. Staff in hand
 - c. Sandals on feet
 - d. Cloak tucked into belt
 - e. All of the above

9. What was the meal to be called?
 - a. Lord's Supper
 - b. Feast of Unleavened Bread
 - c. Lord's Passover
 - d. Feast of Firstfruits

10. What happened that night in Egypt when the Israelites were eating?
 - a. Egyptian gods were overturned in the temples
 - b. Pharaoh was stricken with a disease
 - c. The remaining Egyptian animals died
 - d. The firstborn of Egyptian men and animals were killed

11. Why were the Israelites to put blood on their houses?
 - a. It was a sign that no firstborn people were in the house
 - b. It was a sign for God to pass over them
 - c. It was a sign that there were no children in the house
 - d. It was a sign that there had been a recent death in the house

12. How often were the people to celebrate this festival?
 - a. Once every seven years
 - b. Once every ten years
 - c. For generations to come – a lasting ordinance
 - d. Once every month for seven years

13. For how many days were they to eat bread without yeast?
 - a. 7
 - b. 3
 - c. 10
 - d. 1

14. What would happen if someone ate anything with yeast in it during this time?
 - a. He would die
 - b. He would be stricken with a disease
 - c. He would be punished by the Israelite council
 - d. He would be cut off from Israel

15. On what days were they to hold a sacred assembly?
 - a. First and Second days
 - b. Third and Fourth days
 - c. First and Seventh days
 - d. Sixth and Seventh days

16. What was the only work they were allowed to do on those days?
 - a. Clean the house
 - b. Prepare food
 - c. Care for the animals
 - d. Mend clothing

17. What was the Feast of Unleavened Bread to celebrate?
 - a. When God passed over the houses
 - b. When the crops were harvested
 - c. When God appeared to Moses in the bush
 - d. When God brought Israel's divisions out of Egypt

18. What were they to use to put the blood on the doorframes of their houses?
- A bunch of hyssop
 - A bunch of straw
 - A bunch of old rags
 - A brush
19. Where were the people to stay during the night hours?
- In the place of the sacred assembly
 - In their doors to their houses
 - Inside their houses
 - In the courtyards
20. When the Lord saw the blood on the doorframes, whom would he not permit to enter the houses?
- An angel
 - The devil
 - The destroyer
 - The prophet
21. What did the Israelites do after receiving instructions for the Passover?
- Did just what the Lord commanded Moses and Aaron
 - Bowed down
 - Worshipped
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
22. When did the Lord strike down the firstborn?
- In the evening
 - At midnight
 - In the early morning
 - At sunrise
23. Whom did the Lord strike down in the tenth plague?
- Firstborn of Pharaoh
 - Firstborn of the prisoner in the dungeon
 - Firstborn of all the livestock
 - Someone in every house in Egypt
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
24. When did Pharaoh summon Moses and Aaron after the tenth plague?
- At midnight
 - During the night
 - At sunrise
 - The next day
25. What did Pharaoh request of Moses and Aaron when he told them to leave and worship the Lord?
- Leave the flocks and herds behind
 - Leave the women and children behind
 - Pray for me and my people
 - Bless me

26. Why did the Egyptians want the Israelites to hurry and leave their country?
- They knew the sooner they left, the sooner they would return from their worship
 - They were afraid that they would all die
 - They were afraid that the Israelites would go to battle with them
 - They knew there was not much food left in Egypt
27. What did the Israelites take with them when they left Egypt?
- Dough before yeast was added
 - Silver and gold
 - Egyptian clothing
 - Everything they asked the Egyptians for
 - All the above
 - B and C above
 - A, B, and C above
28. How many Israelites left Egypt?
- 600,000 men, plus women and children
 - 430 clans
 - 11 tribes
 - 250,000 people total
29. Did many other people (who were not Israelites) leave with the Israelites?
- Yes
 - No
 - The Bible doesn't say
30. How long had the Israelite people lived in Egypt?
- 200 years
 - 300 years
 - 400 years
 - 430 years
 - 700 years
31. Which is NOT a regulation for the Passover?
- No foreigner, temporary resident, or hired worker is to eat of it.
 - It must be eaten outside the house.
 - Do not break any of the bones.
 - No uncircumcised male may eat of it.
 - The whole community of Israel must celebrate it.

Exodus 13

1. Who was to be consecrated to the Lord?
 - a. Every firstborn, human or animal
 - b. Every firstborn male
 - c. Every firstborn female
 - d. Every firstborn male, man or animal
2. In what month did the Israelites leave Egypt?
 - a. Sivan
 - b. Elul
 - c. Abib
 - d. Shebat
3. Why were the Israelites to commemorate the day they came out of Egypt?
 - a. Because the Lord brought them out with a mighty hand
 - b. Because the Lord wanted to remind them never to have slaves
 - c. Because the Lord wanted them to remember how hard it was to be a slave
 - d. Because the Lord never wanted them to go to Egypt again
4. How long were the Israelites to eat bread made without yeast?
 - a. 3 days
 - b. 7 days
 - c. 10 days
 - d. all month
5. What was not to be seen within the borders of the Israelites during the days of the ceremony?
 - a. Wheat
 - b. Bread
 - c. Meat
 - d. Yeast
6. "This observance will be for you like a"
 - a. Sign on your forehead
 - b. Reminder on your hand
 - c. Sign on your lips
 - d. Reminder on your forehead
7. Where was the law of the Lord to be?
 - a. On your lips
 - b. On your hand
 - c. On your forehead
 - d. In the scrolls
8. When were the Israelites to keep this ordinance?
 - a. Every month of the year
 - b. At the appointed time year after year
 - c. Once every seven years
 - d. Every third year
9. What was to be given over to the Lord after they arrived in the land of the Canaanites?
 - a. Bread made without yeast
 - b. Gold and silver from the Egyptians
 - c. First offspring of every womb
 - d. Lamb without blemish
10. What was to be done with firstborn donkeys?
 - a. Redeem it with a firstborn son
 - b. Redeem it with a lamb or break its neck
 - c. Redeem it with a goat
 - d. Redeem it with two doves

11. Why must the first male offspring of every womb be sacrificed or redeemed?
 - a. Because the Lord killed every firstborn in Egypt, both man and animal
 - b. Because the first male offspring would be deficient to remind them of their slavery
 - c. Because Pharaoh stubbornly refused to let the Israelites leave Egypt
 - d. Because the sins of the people were great

12. Which route out of Egypt was shorter?
 - a. The path to the Red Sea
 - b. The road through the desert
 - c. The coastline of the Nile River
 - d. The road through the Philistine country

13. Why did God lead them on a longer road out of Egypt?
 - a. It was safer for the huge numbers that were leaving Egypt
 - b. So the Israelites would not face war and return to Egypt
 - c. So God could test their faithfulness to Him
 - d. It was flatter and easier to travel

14. How did the Israelites leave Egypt?
 - a. One tribe at a time
 - b. Women and children first, then men
 - c. Armed for battle
 - d. Quietly

15. What special item did they carry out of Egypt with them?
 - a. Ark of the Covenant
 - b. Bones of Joseph
 - c. Bones of Jacob
 - d. Aaron's rod that budded

16. Where did the children of Israel camp?
 - a. Etham
 - b. Succoth
 - c. Canaan
 - d. Palestine

17. How did the Lord lead the people of Israel?
 - a. A pillar of cloud or fire
 - b. The staff of Moses
 - c. Voice out of the cloud
 - d. Flames of fire on Aaron and Moses' heads

Exodus 14

1. Why were the Israelites to turn back and encamp by the sea?
 - a. They had gone the wrong way
 - b. Pharaoh's army was after them
 - c. To fool Pharaoh into thinking the Israelites were wandering around in confusion
 - d. It was too hot to go through the desert
2. What happened when the king of Egypt was told the Israelites had fled?
 - a. Pharaoh changed his mind
 - b. The officials changed their minds
 - c. The army went after them without Pharaoh
 - d. Pharaoh and his officials changed their minds
3. Why was Pharaoh concerned that the people were gone?
 - a. They had taken all the gold in Egypt
 - b. He had lost their services
 - c. He was afraid another plague would hit Egypt
 - d. He was afraid of losing his power over Egypt
4. What did Pharaoh take with him to pursue the Israelites?
 - a. His chariot
 - b. 600 of the best chariots
 - c. All the other chariots of Egypt
 - d. His army and officers
 - e. Egyptian horsemen
 - f. All of the above
 - g. A, B, and D above
5. How were the Israelites marching?
 - a. Sadly
 - b. Quickly
 - c. Boldly
 - d. Slowly
6. Where did the Egyptians overtake the Israelites?
 - a. By the sea near Pi Hahiroth, opposite Baal Zephon
 - b. By the sea near Baal Zephon, opposite Pi Hahiroth
 - c. In the desert of Migdol
 - d. By Mount Sinai
7. What did the Israelites NOT say when they saw Pharaoh approaching?
 - a. It would have been better for us to serve the Egyptians than to die in the desert!
 - b. Was it because there were no graves in Egypt that you brought us to the desert to die?
 - c. Didn't we say to you in Egypt, 'Leave us alone; let us serve the Egyptians?'
 - d. What have you done to us by bringing us out of Egypt?
 - e. We are under the protection of the Lord, who will deliver us!
8. What did Moses NOT say to the Israelites when Pharaoh was seen approaching?
 - a. Stand firm and you will see the deliverance the Lord will bring you today.
 - b. Do not be afraid.
 - c. You will need to prepare the tribes to fight.
 - d. The Egyptians you see today you will never see again.
 - e. The Lord will fight for you.
 - f. You need only to be still.

9. What did the Lord say to Moses?
 - a. Prepare the tribes in order from oldest to youngest to prepare to fight Pharaoh.
 - b. Tell the Israelites to move on.
 - c. Raise your staff and strike the Egyptians dead.
 - d. Lead the Israelites through the sea on muddy ground.

10. What was the Lord to gain through Pharaoh and all his army?
 - a. Power
 - b. Fame
 - c. Glory
 - d. Riches

11. Who had been traveling in front of Israel's army?
 - a. Moses
 - b. Aaron
 - c. Miriam
 - d. Angel of God

12. What did the pillar of cloud and the angel of God do?
 - a. Led the people through the Red Sea on dry ground.
 - b. Stood in between the armies of Egypt and Israel
 - c. Engulfed the armies of Egypt so they could not see
 - d. Brought darkness to both the armies of Egypt and Israel

13. What did the Lord do during the entire night?
 - a. Helped Moses stretch his hand over the sea
 - b. Caused a deep sleep to come upon the people
 - c. Drove the sea back with a strong east wind
 - d. Caused the armies of Pharaoh to be afraid

14. How did the Israelites go through the sea?
 - a. On dry ground, with a wall of water on each side
 - b. On dry ground, with no water in sight
 - c. On dry ground, with a strong west wind holding back the water
 - d. On dry ground, with Aaron holding up his staff

15. Who followed the Israelites into the sea?
 - a. Pharaoh
 - b. Pharaoh's horses, chariots, and horsemen
 - c. All the Egyptian magicians
 - d. A and B above

16. When did the Lord throw the Egyptian army into confusion?
 - a. In the morning
 - b. In the afternoon
 - c. During the last watch of the night
 - d. In the middle of the night

17. How did the Lord fight the Egyptians?
 - a. He caused the pillar of fire to burn the chariots
 - b. He made the wheels of the chariots come off
 - c. He made the horses fall in the mud
 - d. He made lightning strike the Egyptian army

18. What did the Egyptians say when they had difficulty following the Israelites?
 - a. Let's go after the Israelites – they are close!
 - b. The Lord is deserting the Israelites.
 - c. The Lord is leading us to the Israelites.
 - d. The Lord is fighting for the Israelites against Egypt.

19. What happened when Moses stretched out his hand over the sea?
 - a. During the last watch of the night the sea went back to its place
 - b. At daybreak the sea went back to its place
 - c. At noon the sea went back to its place
 - d. A west wind began to blow the sea back to its place

20. What happened to Pharaoh's army when the water went back to its place?
 - a. They fled back to the shore
 - b. They jumped from their chariots and ran for shore
 - c. Most of them were covered by water
 - d. The entire army that had followed the Israelites died

21. What did Israel see on the shore?
 - a. Dead horses
 - b. Dead fish
 - c. Dead animals
 - d. Dead Egyptians

22. What was the reaction of the Israelites after seeing the Lord's power displayed against the Egyptians?
 - a. They feared the Lord and put their trust in Him and Moses
 - b. They were afraid and ran from the Lord
 - c. They were in shock, and stood as still as stone
 - d. They slept in peace

Exodus 15

1. Who sang a song to the Lord?
 - a. Moses
 - b. Israelites
 - c. Moses and the Israelites
2. "I will sing to the Lord, for he is _____"
 - a. Trustworthy
 - b. Glorious
 - c. Brave
 - d. Highly exalted
3. "The Lord is my _____ and my _____."
 - a. Strength, song
 - b. Joy, light
 - c. Guide, leader
 - d. Mind, heart
4. "The Lord is a _____; the Lord is his _____"
 - a. Mountain, God
 - b. Warrior, name
 - c. Shield, spear
 - d. Spirit, word
5. "Your _____, O Lord, was majestic in power."
 - a. Voice
 - b. Finger
 - c. Right hand
 - d. Will
6. "You unleashed your _____; it consumed them like stubble."
 - a. Great power
 - b. Angel
 - c. Prophet Moses
 - d. Burning anger
7. How did the waters pile up?
 - a. By the blast of God's nostrils
 - b. By the will of Moses
 - c. By the rod of Aaron
 - d. By the freezing of the sea
8. What did the deep waters do?
 - a. Dry up
 - b. Boil
 - c. Congeal in the heart of the sea
 - d. Freeze
9. What did the enemy boast?
 - a. I will gorge myself on them
 - b. I will not pursue
 - c. I will steal the spoils
 - d. I will destroy them with my spear
10. "Who is like you-----"
 - a. Majestic in holiness
 - b. Awesome in glory
 - c. Working wonders
 - d. All of the above

11. "In your _____ you will lead the people you have redeemed."
- Strength and power
 - Will and glory
 - Unfailing love
 - Abiding angel
12. What phrase does NOT describe other nations in their reaction to the Lord of Israel?
- Seized with trembling
 - Waiting to ambush
 - Gripped in anguish
 - Terrified
 - Melt away
 - Terror and dread
13. How will the other nations be until the Lord's people pass by?
- Still as a stone
 - In wait to do battle
 - In hiding
 - Ignorant
14. Where will the Lord plant his people?
- On the mountain of His inheritance
 - The place in which the Lord made his dwelling
 - The sanctuary the Lord established with his hands
 - All of the above
15. How long will the Lord reign?
- Until the Israelites are in the promised land
 - Until the Lord gives the Israelites a king
 - For ever and ever
 - Until the Messiah would come
16. Who was Miriam?
- The sister of Moses
 - The sister of Aaron
 - A prophetess
 - All of the above
17. What did Miriam and the women do?
- Played tambourines, danced, and sang
 - Played tambourines
 - Sang
 - Danced
18. Where did Israel go from the Red Sea?
- To Mount Sinai
 - To the Desert of Shur
 - To the Desert of the Negev
 - To the land of Midian

19. Why could they not drink the waters of Marah?
- There was not enough water
 - It was sacred water
 - It was bitter
 - There was no way to get to the water
20. What did the Lord show Moses so the people could drink the water?
- A stone
 - A tree
 - A piece of Manna
 - A piece of wood
21. What did the Lord promise the Israelites if they listened to and followed all of his decrees?
- They would be able to enter the Promised Land
 - They would never have trouble finding water
 - They would not have any of the diseases the Lord brought on the Egyptians
 - They would never die
22. Where did the Israelites camp which had 12 springs and 70 palm trees?
- Succoth
 - Marah
 - Desert of Sin
 - Elim

Exodus 16

1. Where were the Israelites when they grumbled about not having enough food to eat?
 - a. Elim
 - b. Sinai
 - c. Desert of Sin
 - d. Desert of Shur
2. When did the Israelites grumble about not having enough food to eat?
 - a. Fifteenth day of the first month after they had come out of Egypt
 - b. Fifteenth day of the second month after they had come out of Egypt
 - c. Fifteenth day of the month of Abib
 - d. Fifteenth day of the month of Shebat
3. What did the Israelites NOT say in their grumbling about lack of food?
 - a. Give us water to drink!
 - b. If only we had died by the Lord's hand in Egypt!
 - c. In Egypt we sat around pots of meat and ate all the food we wanted.
 - d. You have brought us out into this desert to starve this entire assembly to death.
4. What did the Lord say he would do in response to the Israelite grumbling?
 - a. Strike them dead
 - b. Ask them to remember the wonders and plagues they saw in Egypt
 - c. Make them wander in the wilderness for 40 years
 - d. Rain down bread from heaven
5. Why were the people to go out each day and gather only enough for that day?
 - a. So the Lord could test them and see whether they would follow his instructions
 - b. There would only be enough for each person's daily allotment of food
 - c. It would be too heavy to carry when they traveled
 - d. They did not have the proper containers for carrying the food
6. On which day of the week could they gather twice as much as on other days?
 - a. First
 - b. Seventh
 - c. Sixth
 - d. Third
7. Whom were the Israelites really grumbling against?
 - a. Moses
 - b. Aaron
 - c. Moses and Aaron
 - d. The Lord
8. What were the Israelites going to know and/or see when food appeared?
 - a. It was the Lord who brought you out of Egypt
 - b. The glory of the Lord
 - c. It was the Lord you were grumbling against
 - d. "I am the Lord your God"
 - e. All of the above
 - f. A and B above
9. Where did the Israelites see the glory of the Lord?
 - a. In a desert dust storm
 - b. In the cloud
 - c. In lightning
 - d. In the sun

10. What came in the evening at twilight?
a. Dew b. Flakes like frost c. Bread d. Quail
11. What appeared when the morning dew was gone?
a. Thin flakes like frost
b. Grass
c. Quail
d. Water
12. How much of the bread were the Israelites to gather per person?
a. One ephah
b. One omer
c. One rapha
d. One drachma
13. What happened when some paid no attention to Moses' instructions not to keep any of it until morning?
a. It disappeared
b. It lost its flavor
c. It was full of maggots and smelled
d. It was overrun with ants
14. What happened to the thin flakes when the sun grew hot?
a. They caught on fire and disappeared
b. They melted away
c. They turned into sand
d. They were eaten by the quail
15. Why were the Israelites to gather twice as much on the sixth day?
a. There would be no bread on the seventh day
b. The seventh day was a day of rest – no one was to go out
c. The seventh day was to be a holy Sabbath to the Lord
d. The food would not spoil if it was kept on the sixth day
e. All of the above
16. What did the people of Israel call the bread?
a. Coriander seed
b. Wafers made with honey
c. Manna
d. Thin flakes
17. Why did the Lord command that an omer of manna be kept?
a. So the Israelites could see the bread the Lord provided in the desert for generations to come
b. So the Israelites would always have an extra omer in case of an emergency
c. So the Levite priests could have an extra omer when the tabernacle was built
d. So it could be kept as healing medicine when someone was ill
18. How long did the Israelites eat manna?
a. 30 years b. 40 years c. 50 years d. During their years in Canaan

Exodus 17

1. Where was there no water for the people to drink?
 - a. Elim
 - b. Sinai
 - c. Rephidim
 - d. Midian
2. What did Moses say when the people quarreled with him about having no water to drink?
 - a. "I will give you water to drink."
 - b. "Why do you put the Lord to the test?"
 - c. "Today is the Sabbath – why are you quarreling?"
 - d. "Go ask Aaron to help you."
3. What did the people grumble that Moses had done?
 - a. Made them travel too far in a day.
 - b. Only let them gather manna and quail for one day at a time.
 - c. Camped too long in one spot, so that water had run out.
 - d. Brought them out of Egypt to die of thirst.
4. What did Moses think the people were ready to do to him?
 - a. Stone him
 - b. Get rid of him as a leader and put Aaron in his place
 - c. Force him to go home to Midian
 - d. Force him to die of thirst
5. What was Moses supposed to take with him when he walked ahead of the people?
 - a. Incense
 - b. An empty pot
 - c. The staff which had struck the Nile
 - d. A water jug
6. Where was the Lord going to stand before Moses?
 - a. In Midian
 - b. At Sinai
 - c. In the Desert of Sin
 - d. At the rock at Horeb
7. What was Moses supposed to do to the rock?
 - a. Sit on it
 - b. Talk to it
 - c. Strike it
 - d. Turn it into an altar for a sacrifice
8. Who watched Moses bring water out of the rock?
 - a. Elders of Israel
 - b. All the Israelites
 - c. Aaron
 - d. Members of the tribe of Levi
9. What did Moses call the place in which water came out of the rock?
 - a. Meribah
 - b. Massah
 - c. A and B
 - d. Desert of Sin

10. How were the Israelites testing the Lord when they quarreled about having no water?
 - a. Does the Lord have power to save us?
 - b. Is the Lord among us or not?
 - c. Is the Lord still leading through Moses?
 - d. Is there a Lord God?

11. Where did the Amalekites attack the Israelites?
 - a. Migdol
 - b. Marah
 - c. Meribah
 - d. Rephidim

12. Whom did Moses appoint to lead some of the Israelite men into battle against the Amalekites?
 - a. Aaron
 - b. Gershom
 - c. Joshua
 - d. Caleb

13. Where was Moses during the battle?
 - a. In the valley of Shur
 - b. On the top of the hill
 - c. In the desert with the people
 - d. Talking to the Lord in a quiet place

14. Who was with Moses?
 - a. Aaron
 - b. Hur
 - c. Joshua
 - d. Aaron and Hur

15. When did the Israelites win in battle?
 - a. When Moses cried out to the Lord
 - b. When Moses struck the rock of Horeb with the staff of God
 - c. When Moses held up his hands with the staff of God
 - d. When Moses stood on the staff of God

16. What happened when Moses' hands grew tired?
 - a. He sat on a stone
 - b. Aaron and Hur held his hands up
 - c. He lowered his hands
 - d. A and B above

17. How long did the battle last?
 - a. Until sunset
 - b. Until daybreak
 - c. Until noon
 - d. Until midnight

18. What was Moses to do after the battle was over?
 - a. Lead the people on to another location
 - b. Decree a day of rest for the soldiers
 - c. Write the events on a scroll as something to be remembered
 - d. Force the Amalekites to become slaves to the Israelites

19. What was the Lord going to do to the Amalekites?
 - a. Prosper them
 - b. Enslave them
 - c. Move them to another location
 - d. Be at war against them and blot out their memory

20. What did Moses call the altar he built?

- a. The Lord is my Strength
- b. The Lord is my Witness
- c. The Lord is my Help
- d. The Lord is my Banner

Exodus 18

- Who had heard about what the Lord God had done for the Israelites?
 - Jethro
 - Pharaoh
 - Midianites
 - Amalekites
- What is the meaning of Eliezer, the name of the second son of Moses?
 - I have become an alien in a foreign land
 - My hands were lifted up to the throne of the Lord
 - My father's God was my helper; he saved me from the sword of Pharaoh
 - I have been reunited with my wife, Zipporah
- Who came to Moses in the desert?
 - Jethro
 - Zipporah
 - Gershom and Eliezer
 - All of the above
- Where was Moses camped when they arrived?
 - In the desert of Shur
 - Near the mountain of God
 - In the desert of Sin
 - Near Rephidim
- How did Moses greet his father-in-law?
 - As an enemy, with sword raised
 - By forcing him to stay outside the Israelite camp
 - With a bow and a kiss
 - With a bow
- What did Jethro come to know after Moses told him what the Lord had done for the Israelites in Egypt and along the way?
 - That the Lord is greater than all other gods
 - That God had totally destroyed the land of Egypt
 - That any nation who treated Israel arrogantly would be destroyed
 - That God was known as The Rescuer
- What did Jethro DO after his conversation with Moses about all the things the Lord had done for Israel?
 - Went back home
 - Brought a burnt offering and other sacrifices to God
 - Held a great feast
 - Gave Moses another daughter for a second wife
- Who ate bread together in the presence of God? (This action usually signifies a token of friendship or the establishment of a treaty.)
 - Jethro
 - Aaron
 - Elders of Israel
 - All of the above

9. What did Moses do for the people from morning until evening?
 - a. Watched the people of Israel
 - b. Served as a lookout to watch for enemies to attack
 - c. Took his seat to serve as a judge for the people
 - d. Wrote down events on a scroll

10. Why did the people come to Moses during the day?
 - a. To show their allegiance to him
 - b. To seek God's will in disputes
 - c. To learn what Moses was writing in the scrolls
 - d. To complain about their treatment in the desert

11. Why did Jethro believe that what Moses was doing was not good?
 - a. The work was too heavy to handle alone – Moses was wearing himself out
 - b. Moses needed to come back to Midian and be a shepherd now that his work was done in leading the Israelites out of Egypt
 - c. Moses could not know the will of God in every case
 - d. The people could riot when they heard a decision they did not like

12. In Jethro's advice, what was Moses to do?
 - a. Be a judge in all disputes, but let others write the scrolls
 - b. Be the people's representative before God, but let others teach the people decrees and laws
 - c. Only serve as a teacher in showing the people the way to live
 - d. Be the people's representative before God; teach the people the decrees and laws, and show them the way to live

13. What were other men to do to help Moses?
 - a. Write in the scrolls
 - b. Be teachers to the people
 - c. Serve as judges in the simpler cases
 - d. Show the people the duties they were to perform

14. What was NOT listed as a qualification for the men who were to help Moses?
 - a. Must be capable men
 - b. Must not be jealous of others
 - c. Must be trustworthy
 - d. Must hate dishonest gain
 - e. Must fear God

15. How were the officials to be divided?
 - a. Over thousands and hundreds
 - b. Over thousands, hundreds, and tens
 - c. Over thousands, hundreds, and fifties
 - d. Over thousands, hundreds, fifties, and tens

16. What would be the result of heeding Jethro's advice?
 - a. Moses could stand the strain
 - b. All the people would go home satisfied
 - c. Only the difficult cases would be brought to Moses
 - d. All the above

17. Did Moses listen to Jethro and do what he suggested?

- a. Yes
- b. No

18. Where did Jethro stay after his visit to Moses?

- a. With Moses and the Israelites
- b. At the mountain of God
- c. In his own country
- d. With the sheep and herds, tending them for the Israelites

Exodus 19

1. When did the Israelites reach the Desert of Sinai?
 - a. On the eve of the first Sabbath Day in the third month
 - b. In the third month after they left Egypt – on the very day
 - c. On the third year anniversary of when they left Egypt – on the very day
 - d. In the third month of the third year after they left Egypt

2. Where were the Israelites camped when God called to Moses from the mountain?
 - a. In the Desert of Sinai in front of the mountain
 - b. In the Desert of Sin far from the mountain
 - c. Near the Rock of Horeb
 - d. In the place called Massah and Meribah

3. How did God describe bringing the Israelites out of Egypt?
 - a. With the force of a bull
 - b. With the gentleness of a lamb
 - c. On eagles' wings
 - d. With the power of the waters of the Red Sea

4. What was NOT included in God's promise if the people obeyed him fully and kept his covenant?
 - a. Israel would be his treasured possession
 - b. Israel would be a kingdom of priests
 - c. Israel would be a holy nation
 - d. Israel would never go to war again

5. How did the people of Israel respond to the Lord's promise?
 - a. "We will be blessed forever!"
 - b. "We will do everything the Lord has said."
 - c. "We will never be slaves again!"
 - d. "We will never argue against the Lord again."

6. Why was the Lord going to come to Moses in a dense cloud?
 - a. So the people could not hear what was being said
 - b. So the people would always fear the Lord
 - c. So the people would hear the Lord speaking with Moses and always put their trust in Moses
 - d. So the people would not be blinded when God came down off the mountain

7. What were the people to do before the Lord appeared on Mount Sinai?
 - a. Pray
 - b. Fast
 - c. Rest
 - d. Consecrate themselves

8. What instructions were given to the Israelites regarding the mountain?
 - a. Put limits around the mountain and tell them to only go up a few feet.
 - b. Do not go up or touch the foot of the mountain.
 - c. Put limits around the mountain and only go up the mountain when the ram's horn sounds
 - d. When the ram's horn sounds, scatter yourselves around the mountain

9. What were the consequences of disobeying the Lord's instructions concerning the mountain?
 - a. Only the animals would be permitted to live
 - b. Only those who had washed their clothes would be left alive
 - c. Any man or animal who disobeyed would be stoned or shot with arrows
 - d. Any man or animal who disobeyed would have a hand laid on him to kill him

10. What happened on the morning of the third day after Moses had given the Israelites God's instructions?
 - a. There was thunder and lightning, with a thick cloud and a loud trumpet blast
 - b. There was lightning and a thick cloud, but no sound
 - c. There was thunder and lightning and a thick cloud
 - d. There was only a trumpet blast to awaken the Israelites

11. How did everyone in the camp react to the events on the morning of the third day?
 - a. Prayed
 - b. Worshipped
 - c. Ran
 - d. Trembled

12. What did Moses lead the people to do?
 - a. Climb the mountain to see God
 - b. Bow down and worship God at the foot of the mountain
 - c. Meet with God at the foot of the mountain
 - d. Sacrifice their best animals to God at the foot of the mountain

13. What did NOT occur when the Lord descended on Mount Sinai in fire?
 - a. There was a mighty strike of lightning which cracked the mountain
 - b. Mount Sinai was covered with smoke
 - c. The mountain trembled violently
 - d. Trumpet sound grew louder and louder
 - e. Moses spoke
 - f. God answered Moses

14. Whom did God call up to the top of the mountain at first?
 - a. Joshua
 - b. Moses
 - c. Aaron
 - d. Priests

15. What did God want Moses to warn the people about?
 - a. Obeying the Ten Commandments
 - b. Making too much noise at the bottom of the mountain
 - c. Forcing their way through to see the Lord
 - d. Not to forget to wash their clothes before they met the Lord

16. What was Mount Sinai set apart to be?
 - a. The worship place of the Israelites for all times to come
 - b. Holy
 - c. The first official land of the Israelites
 - d. The symbol of the Israelites' victory over the Egyptians

17. Who was to come up the mountain with Moses?
 - a. Aaron
 - b. Priests
 - c. Elders of Israel
 - d. Joshua

18. Who would break out against the people if they forced their way through the limits to come up to the Lord?
 - a. Moses
 - b. Aaron
 - c. Priests
 - d. The Lord

Exodus 20

1. How did God identify himself when he spoke on the top of Mount Sinai?
 - a. The Lord Your God
 - b. The one who brought you out of Egypt, out of the land of slavery
 - c. The one who delivered you in the desert
 - d. A and B above
 - e. A and C above

2. What was the first commandment?
 - a. You shall have no other gods before me
 - b. You shall make for yourselves an idol in the form of anything on the earth
 - c. You shall not misuse the name of the Lord your God
 - d. Remember the Sabbath day by keeping it holy

3. Which idols were prohibited?
 - a. In the form of anything in heaven above
 - b. In the form of anything on the earth beneath
 - c. In the form of anything in the waters below
 - d. All of the above

4. Why were the Israelites not to bow down and worship idols?
 - a. Because idols were lifeless
 - b. Because idols had no power
 - c. Because God is a jealous God
 - d. Because God would forget his promise to them
 - e. All of the above

5. How far would the sin of the fathers be punished?
 - a. To the second generation
 - b. To the third and fourth generation
 - c. To the children only
 - d. To a thousand generations

6. How far would love be shown to those who love God and keep his commandments?
 - a. To the second generation
 - b. To the third and fourth generation
 - c. To the children only
 - d. To a thousand generations

7. What would happen if someone were to misuse the name of the Lord their God?
 - a. The Lord would hold them guiltless
 - b. The Lord would not hold them guiltless
 - c. The Lord would strike them dead
 - d. The Lord would show them the error of their way

8. Which day of the week was to be kept holy?
 - a. First
 - b. Third
 - c. Sixth
 - d. Seventh

9. Who was not allowed to work on the Sabbath?
 - a. Israelites
 - b. Servants
 - c. Animals
 - d. Aliens
 - e. All of the above

10. Why did the Lord bless the Sabbath day and make it holy?
 - a. To make sure the Israelites worshipped Him on a weekly basis
 - b. To remind the Israelites of what the Lord had done for them
 - c. Because the Lord rested on the seventh day after creation
 - d. Because the people needed a break from their hard labors
 - e. All of the above

11. What is the promise given to those who honor their fathers and mothers?
 - a. The Lord would be pleased and honor them in the sight of all men
 - b. They will live long in the land that the Lord would give them
 - c. They would be prosperous in the land that the Lord would give them
 - d. They would never go hungry in the land that the Lord would give them
 - e. All of the above

12. What was NOT one of the Ten Commandments?
 - a. You shall not murder.
 - b. You shall not commit adultery.
 - c. You shall love your neighbor as yourself.
 - d. You shall not steal.
 - e. You shall not give false testimony against your neighbor.

13. What were they told not to covet?
 - a. Neighbor's house
 - b. Neighbor's wife
 - c. Neighbor's servants
 - d. Neighbor's ox or donkey
 - e. Anything belonging to their neighbor
 - f. All of the above

14. Why were the people of Israel afraid to have God speaking to them?
 - a. His words were harsh
 - b. They were afraid they would die
 - c. The sound of His voice was deafening
 - d. They could not understand His language

15. What did Moses tell the people that God had come to do?
 - a. Frighten them
 - b. Demonstrate His power to them
 - c. Tell them his laws
 - d. Test them

16. What would having the fear of God do for them?
 - a. Remind them of God's greatness
 - b. Remind them of their promise to obey God
 - c. Keep them from sinning
 - d. Keep them safe from death

17. When the people remained at a distance, what did Moses do?
 - a. Spoke in a loud voice
 - b. Approached the thick darkness where God was
 - c. Bowed down and worshipped God
 - d. Beckoned the people to come closer to God

18. What were the Israelites supposed to make?
 - a. Gods to be alongside the Lord
 - b. Gods of silver
 - c. Gods of gold
 - d. An altar of the earth

19. What was to be sacrificed on the altar?
 - a. Burnt offerings
 - b. Fellowship offerings
 - c. Sheep, goats and cattle
 - d. All of the above

20. If the people built a stone altar, what were they NOT to use?
 - a. Stones that were "dressed" or had a tool used on them
 - b. Stones that were taken out of the ocean
 - c. Stones that were collected from the desert
 - d. Stones that had not been blessed by Moses

Exodus 32

1. What did the people of Israel want Aaron to do when Moses was so long in coming down from the mountain?
 - a. Go up and check to see if Moses was still alive
 - b. Pray to God to restore Moses to them
 - c. Make gods to go before the people
 - d. Inquire of the Lord if they were to move from that location towards the promised land

2. What did Aaron ask the people to bring to him?
 - a. All the gold in their possession
 - b. Gold earrings
 - c. Gold bracelets
 - d. Gold necklaces
 - e. B, C, and D above

3. What did Aaron do with the gold?
 - a. Made an idol in the shape of a calf
 - b. Made an idol in the shape of a sheep
 - c. Made an idol in the shape of a goat
 - d. Burnt it on the altar of earth to the Lord

4. What did the people say Aaron's sculpture of gold?
 - a. It was truly a masterpiece of art!
 - b. It would certainly please the Lord their God who brought them out of Egypt
 - c. It would show them the way to the promised land
 - d. It was their god who brought them up out of Egypt
 - e. All of the above

5. What did Aaron do when the people were pleased with the idol?
 - a. Bowed down to the people, and decreed the next day to be holy
 - b. Elevated the idol on an altar, and asked for offerings
 - c. Put grain in front of the idol, and declared a special feast the next day
 - d. Built an altar in front of the calf and announced that the next day would be a festival to the Lord
 - e. All of the above

6. What did the Israelites NOT do on the day after Aaron built the idol?
 - a. Worshipped the Lord God who brought them out of Egypt
 - b. Sacrificed burnt offerings
 - c. Sacrificed fellowship offerings
 - d. Ate and drank and indulged in revelry

7. What did the Lord NOT say to Moses in describing the people of Israel and their actions while Moses was on the mountain?
 - a. They were "my people, whom I brought up out of Egypt"
 - b. They had become corrupt
 - c. They were a stiff-necked people
 - d. They were quick to turn away from what the Lord commanded them
 - e. They had made themselves an idol cast in the shape of a calf

8. What did God want to do when the people of Israel worshipped the idol?
 - a. Destroy the people of Israel
 - b. Make Moses into a great nation
 - c. Give the people of Israel another chance
 - d. A and B above

9. What did Moses say to the Lord when the Lord wanted to destroy the people of Israel?
 - a. Your anger should burn against your people whom you brought out of Egypt.
 - b. Why should the Egyptians say you had an evil intent to bring them out to kill them in the mountains?
 - c. You should not relent, and you should bring disaster on your people
 - d. Forget your promise to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob about making their descendants numerous and giving them the land of their inheritance

10. What did Moses have when he went down the mountain?
 - a. Two tablets of the Testimony
 - b. The staff of God
 - c. White hair and face from having seen God face to face
 - d. The words of God inscribed on his scrolls
 - e. All of the above

11. How were the two tablets of the Testimony described?
 - a. Was inscribed on both sides, front and back
 - b. Was the work of God
 - c. Writing was the writing of God
 - d. All of the above

12. What did Joshua think about the noise of the people shouting in the camp?
 - a. It was the sound of worship to God
 - b. It was the sound of worship to an idol
 - c. It was the sound of war
 - d. It was the shout of triumph that Moses had returned

13. How did Moses describe the noise in the camp?
 - a. The sound of victory
 - b. The sound of defeat
 - c. The sound of singing
 - d. The sound of revelry

14. What did Moses do when he approached the camp and saw the calf and the dancing?
 - a. Became angry
 - b. Threw the tablets down and broke them
 - c. Burned the calf in the fire and ground it into powder
 - d. Scattered the powder on the water and made the Israelites drink it
 - e. All of the above

15. What did Moses say to Aaron about the golden calf?
 - a. How did the people lead you into doing a great sin?
 - b. What did these people do to you, that you led them into such a great sin?
 - c. Were you trying to gain a following among the people against me?
 - d. When did the Lord speak to you that you should do this great sin?

16. What did Aaron say to Moses that was a lie?
 - a. "You know how prone these people are to evil."
 - b. The people told Aaron that they did not know what had happened to Moses.
 - c. The people had given Aaron their gold jewelry.
 - d. Aaron threw the gold into the fire, and out came the calf!

17. What did Moses see about the people of Israel after he came down from the mountain?
 - a. They had become a laughingstock to their enemies.
 - b. Aaron had them under his control.
 - c. They were running from the wrath of Moses.
 - d. They had come to their senses.

18. Who rallied to Moses when he said, "Whoever is for the Lord, come to me."?
 - a. Aaron
 - b. The Levites
 - c. The elders of Israel
 - d. The women

19. What were those who rallied to Moses supposed to do?
 - a. Go look for any who wanted to serve the Lord their God
 - b. Offer sacrifices to the Lord God so He will forgive this great sin of idolatry
 - c. Strap a sword to your side, go through the camp, and kill brothers, friends, and neighbors
 - d. Go with Moses and leave the others to die in the wilderness

20. About how many of the people of Israel died that day?
 - a. 3,000
 - b. 2,000
 - c. 1,000
 - d. 100

21. What happened to the Levites who followed Moses' instructions to slay some of their fellow Israelites?
 - a. They were struck down by God
 - b. They were set apart by God and blessed
 - c. They were designated as leaders for all the tribes
 - d. They were honored in a special festival ceremony

22. What did Moses try to do after the people of Israel committed the great sin of idolatry?
 - a. Teach the people the ways of the Lord more perfectly
 - b. Make atonement for their sin
 - c. Escape from being the leader of the Israelites
 - d. Go up on the mountain to be with God forever
 - e. Appeal to God to blot their names out of the book

23. What happened to the people because of what they did with the calf Aaron had made?
 - a. They had to wander in the wilderness 40 years
 - b. They had to look at the bronze snake to stay alive
 - c. They were struck with a plague
 - d. They became slaves again

Exodus 33

1. Where were the people of Israel to go when they left the mountain?
 - a. The land God promised to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob
 - b. Back to Egypt
 - c. To the land of Midian
 - d. To the land of the Amalekites
2. What was God's angel to do as he went before the people?
 - a. Drive out the Canaanites
 - b. Drive out the Amalekites
 - c. Make slaves of the Hittites and Perizzites
 - d. Make treaties with the Amorites and Jebusites
3. Why did the people of Israel mourn and not put on any ornaments?
 - a. They were repenting of worshipping the golden calf
 - b. They did not want to leave the mountain of God
 - c. God said He would not go with them
 - d. They were in mourning over those who had died by the sword
4. Why did God not want to go with the Israelites?
 - a. They could make the rest of the journey on their own
 - b. He needed to help another nation elsewhere
 - c. He wanted to go ahead of them into Canaan and destroy the heathen nations before they got there
 - d. He thought he would destroy the Israelites on the way
5. Where did the Israelites strip off their ornaments?
 - a. In the desert of Sinai
 - b. At Mount Horeb
 - c. At Merah
 - d. In Midian
6. What was the purpose of the "tent of meeting"?
 - a. So Moses would have a place to be alone
 - b. So Moses could perform his duties as judge there
 - c. So anyone inquiring of the Lord could go there
 - d. To remind the people of the presence of the Lord in their midst
7. What happened when Moses went out to the "tent of meeting"?
 - a. All the people rose and stood at the entrances to their tents watching
 - b. The pillar of cloud would come down and stay at the entrance while the Lord spoke to Moses
 - c. All the people stood and worshiped
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above
8. How would the Lord speak to Moses?
 - a. In a whisper
 - b. In a loud voice like thunder
 - c. In a dream
 - d. Face to face, as a man speaks with his friend

9. Who did not leave the tent?
a. Aaron b. Eliezer c. Joshua, son of Nun d. Gershom
10. What was NOT included in the words Moses spoke to the Lord in the "tent of meeting"?
a. "You have not let me know whom you will send with me."
b. "If you are pleased with me, teach me your ways so I may know you and continue to find favor with you."
c. "Remember that this nation is your people."
d. "You have told me not to lead these people anymore."
11. The Lord replied, " My _____ will go with you, and I will give you _____."
a. Angel . . . guidance
b. Presence . . . rest
c. Cloud . . . strength
d. Words . . . wisdom
12. Why did Moses plead with the Lord to go with the people of Israel on their journey?
a. They would not know the way if the Lord did not lead them.
b. The people would not follow Moses unless the Lord went with them
c. The Lord's presence would distinguish Moses and the Israelites from all other people on the face of the earth
d. Only the Lord could keep the Israelites from becoming slaves again
13. Why did the Lord grant the request of Moses and go with the Israelites on their journey?
a. The Lord was pleased with Moses and knew him by name
b. The Lord wanted to see if the Israelites had learned their lesson
c. The Lord had already purged the Israelites of all evil intentions
d. The Lord had pity on Moses
14. What did Moses want the Lord to show him?
a. His goodness b. His mercy and compassion c. His face d. His glory
15. What did God not allow Moses to see?
a. His goodness
b. His face
c. His proclamation of his name
d. His mercy and compassion
16. How did God protect Moses when his glory passed by?
a. By having Moses stand behind a rock
b. By having Moses wear a veil
c. By putting Moses in a cleft in the rock and covering Moses with his hand
d. By having Moses bow down low to the ground
17. What did Moses see?
a. God's back
b. God's face
c. God's foot
d. God's arm

Exodus 34

- Who chiseled out two stone tablets like the first ones?
 - The Lord
 - Aaron
 - Moses
 - Joshua, son of Nun
- Where was Moses supposed to present himself to the Lord with the two stone tablets?
 - At the bottom of Mount Sinai
 - On the top of Mount Sinai
 - At the tent of meeting
 - Halfway up Mount Sinai
- Who was to go with Moses when he presented himself to the Lord?
 - No one
 - Aaron
 - Joshua
 - Elders of Israel
- What words did the Lord NOT use to describe Himself?
 - Compassionate and gracious
 - Slow to anger
 - Abounding in love and faithfulness
 - Maintaining love to thousands
 - Remembering wickedness, rebellion, and sin
 - Punishing the guilty to the third and fourth generation
- On Mount Sinai, what did Moses ask the Lord as he worshiped?
 - Let the angel of the Lord go with the people
 - Withhold your punishment of the people until they arrive in the promised land
 - Help the people to repent of their wickedness and sin
 - Take us as your inheritance
- What was the Lord going to do as a result of his covenant?
 - Awesome wonders never before done in any nation in all the world
 - Send Moses alone into the wilderness with His blessings
 - Rewrite the Ten Commandments on the two new tablets
 - Resist destroying the Israelites because of their wickedness
- What was Moses to be careful NOT to do with the people who currently lived in the promised land?
 - Break down their altars
 - Smash their sacred stones
 - Cut down their Asherah poles
 - Make a treaty
- What was the problem with making treaties with other nations?
 - They would make too many concessions in the agreements
 - God would not be consulted in the making of the treaty
 - They would lead the Israelites into the idolatry of other nations
 - It would lead to an unholy race of people
- "No one is to appear before me _____."
 - Standing
 - Empty-handed
 - Unless they are first consecrated
 - Without the consent of Moses or Aaron

10. How was the Feast of Weeks to be celebrated?
 - a. In prayer and rest
 - b. With unleavened bread
 - c. With the firstfruits of the wheat harvest
 - d. With joyful singing

11. When was the Feast of Ingathering to be celebrated?
 - a. During the wheat harvest
 - b. At the turn of the year
 - c. Directly after Passover
 - d. On the first day of the week

12. How many times a year were all men to appear before the Sovereign Lord?
 - a. 1
 - b. 3
 - c. 7
 - d. 4

13. What was NOT to be offered with the blood of a sacrifice?
 - a. Bitter herbs
 - b. Unleavened bread
 - c. Anything containing yeast
 - d. Manna

14. How long was Moses with the Lord on Mount Sinai the second time without eating bread or drinking water?
 - a. 3 days
 - b. 30 days
 - c. 40 days
 - d. 2 months

15. What were other words used to describe the Ten Commandments in Exodus 34?
 - a. The two tablets
 - b. The words of the covenant
 - c. Ten sayings of God
 - d. God's will

16. What was Moses unaware of when he came down from Mount Sinai the second time?
 - a. The people were sacrificing to a golden calf
 - b. The people were worshipping God at an earthen altar
 - c. Joshua and Aaron had confined the Israelites to their tents
 - d. Moses' face was radiant because he had spoken with the Lord

17. To whom did Moses speak first after coming down from Mount Sinai the second time?
 - a. All the Israelites
 - b. Aaron
 - c. Aaron and all the leaders of the community
 - d. The Levites

18. When did Moses put a veil over his face?
 - a. After he told the Israelites what the Lord commanded
 - b. When he entered the Lord's presence
 - c. When he realized his face was radiant
 - d. When he went to bed at night

Numbers 1

- When did the Lord speak to Moses in the Tent of Meeting in the Desert of Sinai concerning taking a census?
 - In the second month after the Israelites came out of Egypt
 - In the second month of the first year after the Israelites came out of Egypt
 - In the second month of the second year after the Israelites came out of Egypt
 - In the second month of the third year after the Israelites came out of Egypt
- What was NOT a criterion for being counted and listed in the census?
 - A man
 - A woman
 - Twenty years old or more
 - Able to serve in the army
- Who was to help Moses and Aaron in the task of taking the census?
 - The Levites
 - Joshua
 - One man from each tribe who was the head of his family
 - Jethro
- Which name was NOT included among the names of the men who were to assist Moses and Aaron in the census?
 - Elizur
 - Nahshon
 - Eliab
 - Gamaliel
 - Ocran
 - Ahira
- How did the people indicate their ancestry?
 - By their clan and family
 - By their age
 - By their mother's name
 - By their tribal standard
- Which tribe had the largest number of men, 20 years old or more, who were able to serve in the army?
 - Reuben
 - Gad
 - Judah
 - Dan
- Which tribe had the smallest number of men, 20 years old or more, who were able to serve in the army?
 - Naphtali
 - Simeon
 - Issachar
 - Manasseh
- What was the total number of Israelites listed in the census?
 - 45,650
 - 603,550
 - 504,430
 - 74,600
- Which families were not counted along with the others?
 - Tribe of Levi
 - Tribe of Benjamin
 - Tribe of Ephraim
 - Tribe of Reuben

10. What were the Levites to be in charge of?
 - a. Dividing up the Israelites and telling them where to camp
 - b. The tabernacle of the Testimony
 - c. Guiding the people through the wilderness
 - d. Enforcing the laws of God among the people

11. What would happen to anyone other than a Levite who went near the tabernacle?
 - a. They would be provided sanctuary
 - b. They would hear the voice of God
 - c. They would be put to death
 - d. They would be cut off from their own tribe

12. What was NOT involved in the care of the tabernacle?
 - a. Carrying the tabernacle and all its furnishings
 - b. Encamping around the tabernacle
 - c. Taking down and setting up the tabernacle when appropriate
 - d. Sprinkling it with holy water to consecrate the tent and furnishings

Numbers 2

1. How were the Israelites to camp?
 - a. Close to the Tent of Meeting
 - b. Under each man's standard with the banners of his family
 - c. On the east, toward the sunrise, from the Tent of Meeting
 - d. In a half circle around the Tent of Meeting
2. Which three tribes were to camp on the east toward the sunrise?
 - a. Reuben, Simeon, Gad
 - b. Ephraim, Manasseh, Benjamin
 - c. Dan, Asher, Naphtali
 - d. Judah, Issachar, Zebulun
3. Which three tribes were to camp on the west?
 - a. Reuben, Simeon, Gad
 - b. Ephraim, Manasseh, Benjamin
 - c. Dan, Asher, Naphtali
 - d. Judah, Issachar, Zebulun
4. Which three tribes were to camp on the north?
 - a. Reuben, Simeon, Gad
 - b. Ephraim, Manasseh, Benjamin
 - c. Dan, Asher, Naphtali
 - d. Judah, Issachar, Zebulun
5. Which three tribes were to camp on the south?
 - a. Reuben, Simeon, Gad
 - b. Ephraim, Manasseh, Benjamin
 - c. Dan, Asher, Naphtali
 - d. Judah, Issachar, Zebulun
6. How many men were assigned to the camp of Ephraim?
 - a. 186,400
 - b. 151,450
 - c. 108,100
 - d. 157,600
7. When were the Levites to set out to encamp?
 - a. First, before all the other tribes
 - b. Second, after the tribes assigned to Judah
 - c. Third, after the tribes assigned to Reuben
 - d. Last, after all the tribes had taken their places
8. The Israelites did everything the Lord commanded Moses in the way they encamped under their standards and set out, each with his clan and family.
 - a. True
 - b. False
 - c. Usually
 - d. Some of the time

Numbers 3

1. Which of the following was NOT a son of Aaron?
a. Nadab b. Abihu c. Ithamar d. Ahira e. Eleazar
2. What were Aaron's sons supposed to do?
a. Guard the perimeter of the camp of Israelites
b. Help Moses lead the people in the wilderness
c. Serve as priests
d. Translate and write God's message down in written form
3. Why did Nadab and Abihu fall dead before the Lord?
a. They rebelled against Moses and led a revolt of the people
b. They made an offering with unauthorized fire
c. They had no sons, and were therefore unworthy to be priests
d. They allowed non-Levite people to come into the Tent of Meeting
4. Who served as priests during the lifetime of Aaron?
a. Eleazar
b. Ithamar
c. Nadab
d. Abihu
e. All the above
f. A and B above
5. Why was the tribe of Levi to be presented to Aaron the priest?
a. To be consecrated by Aaron
b. To find a replacement for Nadab and Abihu
c. To assist Aaron by doing the work of the tabernacle
d. To see who was worthy to be a part of the army
6. What were the Levites to take the place of from among the Israelites?
a. The first offspring of every Israelite woman
b. The first male offspring of every Israelite woman
c. The firstborn in all of Israel – both man and animal
d. The people who had been slain after the sin with the golden calf
7. What was the criterion for counting the Levites by their families and clans?
a. Every male a month old or more
b. Every child a month old or more
c. Every male 20 years old or more
d. Every male who was able to serve in the army
8. Who were the names of the sons of Levi?
a. Libni and Shimei
b. Amram, Izhar, Hebron, Uzziel
c. Mahli and Mushi
d. Gershon, Kohath, and Merari
9. Which Levite family numbered the highest?
a. Gershon b. Kohath c. Merari

10. On which sides of the Tent of Meeting were the sons of Levi to camp?
 - a. East, north, and south
 - b. West, east, and north
 - c. West, north, and south
 - d. East, west, and south

11. Where were Moses and Aaron and his sons to camp?
 - a. South of the tabernacle, in front of the Tent of Meeting
 - b. West of the tabernacle, behind the Tent of Meeting
 - c. North of the tabernacle, to the side of the Tent of Meeting
 - d. East of the tabernacle, toward the sunrise, in front of the Tent of Meeting

12. Who was Elizaphan?
 - a. Leader of the families of the Gershonites
 - b. Leader of the families of the Kohathite clans
 - c. Leader of the families of the Merarite clans
 - d. Chief leader of the Levites

13. Who was responsible for the care of the ark, table, lampstand, altars, and articles of the sanctuary?
 - a. Gershonites
 - b. Kohathite clans
 - c. Merarite clans
 - d. All of the above

14. Who was responsible for the tent, its coverings, most of the curtains, and ropes?
 - a. Gershonites
 - b. Kohathite clans
 - c. Merarite clans
 - d. All of the above

15. Who was responsible for the frames of the tabernacle, its crossbars, posts, bases, and tent pegs?
 - a. Gershonites
 - b. Kohathite clans
 - c. Merarite clans
 - d. All of the above

16. Who was the chief leader of the Levites, responsible for the care of the sanctuary?
 - a. Aaron
 - b. Eleazar
 - c. Moses
 - d. Ithamar

17. What was the total number of Levites counted?
 - a. 22,000
 - b. 33,000
 - c. 44,000
 - d. 55,000

18. When Moses followed the Lord's command to count all the firstborn Israelite males who were a month old or more, what was the total number listed by name?
 - a. 22,000
 - b. 22,273
 - c. 32,273
 - d. 44,000

19. What was to take the place of the firstborn of the livestock of the Israelites?
 - a. The livestock of the tribes of Judah
 - b. The livestock of the tribes of Zebulun
 - c. The livestock of the Levites
 - d. The livestock of the tribe of Manasseh

20. How was Moses to redeem the number of firstborn Israelites who exceeded the number of Levites?
- Collect 10 shekels for each one
 - Collect 5 shekels for each one
 - Have Aaron and his sons give 5 shekels for each one
 - Collect 20 gerahs total and give it to Aaron and his sons
21. How much silver did Moses collect from the firstborn of the Israelites?
- 20 sanctuary shekels
 - 1,365 shekels
 - 273 shekels
 - 273 sanctuary shekels
22. To whom did Moses give the redemption money?
- Divided among the firstborn of the Levites
 - Divided among the total number of the Levites
 - To Aaron and his sons
 - To the sons of Moses

Numbers 10

1. What was used for calling the community of the Israelites together and for having the camps set out?
 - a. A cloud of fire changing colors
 - b. A ram's horn
 - c. A messenger from Moses
 - d. Two trumpets of hammered silver
2. What was the signal for the whole community to assembly before Moses at the entrance to the Tent of Meeting?
 - a. One trumpet blast
 - b. Both trumpets sounding together
 - c. One trumpet sounding alone
 - d. The sounding of a second trumpet blast
3. What was the signal for the leaders (the heads of the clans of Israel) to assemble before Moses?
 - a. One trumpet blast
 - b. Both trumpets sounding together
 - c. One trumpet sounding alone
 - d. The sounding of a second trumpet blast
4. What was the signal for the tribes camping on the east to set out?
 - a. One trumpet blast
 - b. Both trumpets sounding together
 - c. One trumpet sounding alone
 - d. The sounding of a second trumpet blast
5. Who was designated to blow the trumpets?
 - a. Moses
 - b. Aaron
 - c. Sons of Aaron
 - d. Any of the Levites
6. What was to happen when the Israelites went into battle and sounded a blast on the trumpets?
 - a. The oppressing enemy would scatter in fear
 - b. God would remember them and rescue them
 - c. All of the tribes would gather to help in the battle
 - d. It would be a sign to charge the enemy
7. At what other times were the trumpets to be sounded?
 - a. For a sign of victory in battle
 - b. For a sign of mourning for clan leaders
 - c. At feasts and New Moon festivals over the burnt offerings and fellowship offerings
 - d. In worship involving prayers and songs
8. When did the cloud lift from above the tabernacle of the Testimony to signal the Israelites to leave Sinai?
 - a. Twentieth day of the second month of the second year
 - b. First day of the second month of the second year
 - c. First day of the second year
 - d. Twentieth day of the first month of the first year

9. Where did the cloud come to rest after Sinai?
a. Midian b. Canaan c. Desert of Paran d. Hebron
10. At whose command did the Israelites set out the first time?
a. Lord b. Moses c. Aaron d. Joshua
11. Which divisions went first in the travel?
a. Gershonites
b. Tribe of Issachar
c. Tribe of Reuben
d. Tribe of Judah
12. What did each division travel with to signify their division by sight?
a. A piece of the tabernacle furnishings
b. A standard or banner
c. A separate color of clothing for each group
d. A colored curtain carried at the head of each group on a cart
13. What group went after the tribe of Zebulun?
a. Divisions of the camp of Reuben
b. Kohathites with the holy things from the tabernacle
c. Divisions of the camp of Dan
d. Gershonites and Merarites who carried the tabernacle parts
14. Who was in command of the divisions of the camp of Ephraim?
a. Ammihud b. Elishama c. Gamaliel d. Pedahzur
15. When was the tabernacle to be set up?
a. After all the Israelites set up camp around an area
b. When all parts of the tabernacle and holy furnishings had arrived
c. Before the Kohathites with the holy things arrived
d. Before any of the Israelite tribes arrived at the new location
16. Who served as rear guard for all the units in their travels?
a. Camp of Reuben
b. Camp of Dan
c. Camp of Ephraim
d. Levites
17. Who was Hobab?
a. Another name for Reuel
b. Moses' father-in-law, Jethro
c. Leader over the division of Asher
d. Brother-in-law of Moses, a Midianite
18. What did Moses ask of Hobab?
a. To go ahead of them to the promised land and be their scout
b. To go with them to the promised land and enjoy the good things promised to Israel
c. To go home and leave the Israelites alone
d. Which direction would they need to go to reach Canaan

19. What did Moses say that Hobab could do for the Israelites?
- Spy on the Canaanite people
 - Introduce the Israelites to their new neighbors
 - Teach the Israelites about the gods of the people they would meet
 - Show them where to camp in the desert – be their eyes
20. What went before the Israelites for three days to find a place of rest?
- The banner of Judah
 - Hobab
 - Ark of the covenant
 - Silver trumpets
21. What was over the Israelites by day when they set out from camp?
- A pillar of fire
 - The cloud of the Lord
 - A cloud of mist to refresh them
 - A flock of birds to guide them
22. Whenever the ark came to rest, Moses said:
- “Rise up, O Lord”
 - “May your enemies be scattered”
 - “May your foes flee before you”
 - “Return, O Lord, to the countless thousands of Israel”
 - A, B, and C above

Numbers 11

1. What did the Israelites say in the hearing of the Lord?
 - a. How grateful they were for the Lord's deliverance from slavery
 - b. How thankful they were for the leadership of Moses
 - c. How excited they were to reach the promised land
 - d. Complaints about their hardships in their travels

2. What did the Lord do when his anger was aroused after hearing what the Israelites said?
 - a. Had the Levites kill some of them with the sword
 - b. Sent a snake to bite them
 - c. Sent fire to consume some of the outskirts of the camp
 - d. Sent a plague

3. Who had to pray to the Lord on Israel's behalf?
 - a. Aaron
 - b. Moses
 - c. Priests
 - d. Joshua

4. What was the name of the place where fire from the Lord had burned among them?
 - a. Taberah
 - b. Marah
 - c. Massah
 - d. Meribah

5. What did "the rabble" with the Israelites complain about?
 - a. Not having enough water to drink
 - b. Not having anything to make clothes with
 - c. Not having any meat to eat
 - d. Not having sandals for their feet to walk in the desert

6. What was NOT included on the list of things they remembered eating in Egypt?
 - a. Grapes
 - b. Garlic
 - c. Onions
 - d. Cucumbers
 - e. Fish

7. What was manna like?
 - a. Cinnamon on wafer crackers
 - b. Coriander seed that looked like resin
 - c. Onion crackers
 - d. Unleavened bread

8. What was NOT involved in preparing manna to eat?
 - a. Grinding it in a handmill
 - b. Crushing it in a mortar
 - c. Cooking it in a pot
 - d. Grilling it on a fire
 - e. Making it into cakes

9. What did manna taste like?
 - a. Cinnamon and sugar
 - b. Something made with vegetable oil
 - c. Something made with olive oil
 - d. Salted crackers

10. When did the manna come down?
 - a. In the morning
 - b. At noon
 - c. In mid-afternoon before supper time
 - d. At night when the dew settled on the camp

11. After the people complained about having no meat, what was NOT included in what Moses said to the Lord?
 - a. I cannot carry all these people by myself; the burden is too heavy for me.
 - b. If this is how you are going to treat me, put me to death right now.
 - c. Did I not have enough children of my own that you gave me these to care for?
 - d. What have I done to displease you that you put the burden of all these people on me?
 - e. Why did you tell me to carry them in my arms, as a nurse carries an infant, to the promised land?
 - f. Where can I get meat for all these people?
 - g. Did I give them birth?
 - h. Do not let me face my own ruin.

12. Who was Moses supposed to bring with him to the Tent of Meeting?
 - a. Aaron and his sons
 - b. Seventy of Israel's elders
 - c. The leaders of the 12 tribes
 - d. The Levites

13. What was God going to do when they came to the Tent of Meeting?
 - a. Designate a helper to find meat for the Israelites
 - b. Designate men to slaughter the complaining Israelites
 - c. Take of the Spirit on Moses and put it on them
 - d. Designate men to take the place of Moses as leader of the Israelites

14. For how many days did the Lord promise the people they would eat meat?
 - a. One day
 - b. Five days
 - c. Twenty days
 - d. A whole month

15. When the people complained, they had really done what?
 - a. Shown that they were selfish people
 - b. Rejected the Lord, who was among them
 - c. Shown that they did not like Moses
 - d. Shown that they would have been better off in Egypt

16. What did Moses say when he saw the impossibility of delivering meat to all the Israelites?
 - a. Would they have enough if flocks and herds were slaughtered for them?
 - b. Would they have enough if all the fish in the sea were caught for them?
 - c. Would they have enough if they hunted the whole world?
 - d. All the above
 - e. A and B above

17. "Is the Lord's _____ too _____?"
 - a. Strength . . . small
 - b. Compassion . . . weak
 - c. Arm . . . short
 - d. Will . . . angry

18. What happened to the 70 elders at the Tent of Meeting when the Spirit rested on them?
- They became wiser than all others
 - They were able to change sand into meat
 - They became blinded by God's light
 - They prophesied
19. Who had not gone to the Tent of Meeting as requested?
- Joshua and Caleb
 - Eldad and Medad
 - Aaron and Miriam
 - Gershom and Eleazar
20. What happened to these two people who stayed in the camp?
- They were struck down
 - They were stricken with a plague
 - They were burned with fire
 - They prophesied
21. Who was Joshua?
- An elder in Israel
 - Moses' aide since youth
 - Son of Nun
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
 - B and C above
22. What did Joshua want Moses to do?
- Pour out his Spirit on all the Israelites
 - Pour out his Spirit on all the tribal leaders
 - Stop the two who did not follow instructions to come to the Tent of Meeting
 - Stop God from sending his Spirit to different people
23. Where did the quail come from?
- Egypt
 - A wind drove them in from the sea
 - A storm brought them in from Canaan
 - They were delivered from Midian
24. How much quail was there for the Israelites to eat?
- One quail for each person per day in the month
 - One quail per person for one day
 - Covering the ground for three feet around the camp
 - Three feet high as far as a day's walk in any direction around the camp
25. No one gathered less than _____ of quail.
- 10 homers
 - 10 ephahs
 - 10 drachmas
 - 10 baskets
26. As the people were eating the quail, what did the Lord do?
- Poured out his Spirit on all of them
 - Burned some of them with fire
 - Struck them with a severe plague
 - Gave them an extra day of rest

27. What was the place called where the Israelites craved other food?
- a. Massah
 - b. Kibroth Hattaavah
 - c. Hazereth
 - d. Rehob

Numbers 12

1. Who talked against Moses because of his Cushite wife?
 - a. Zipporah
 - b. Miriam
 - c. Aaron
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

2. What did those who talked against Moses ask?
 - a. Why has he married someone who is not one of us?
 - b. Hasn't the Lord only spoken through Moses?
 - c. Hasn't the Lord also spoken through us?
 - d. Are we not as qualified as Moses to lead the people?

3. Who was more humble than anyone else on the face of the earth?
 - a. Miriam
 - b. Aaron
 - c. Joshua
 - d. Moses

4. Who were the three called to the Tent of Meeting?
 - a. Zipporah, Miriam, and Deborah
 - b. Moses, Miriam, and Aaron
 - c. Joshua, Aaron, and Miriam
 - d. Aaron, Joshua, and Moses

5. How does the Lord reveal himself to a prophet?
 - a. In visions and dreams
 - b. Through the written word
 - c. In feelings and sensations
 - d. By spoken word

6. Instead, how did the Lord reveal himself to Moses?
 - a. In riddles
 - b. By feelings of emotional highs
 - c. Speaking face to face
 - d. Speaking unclearly

7. What happened when the cloud lifted from above the Tent of Meeting?
 - a. Aaron and Miriam were leprous, like snow
 - b. Miriam was leprous, like snow
 - c. Aaron was leprous, like snow
 - d. All of the Israelites were leprous, like snow

8. Who confessed that they had foolishly sinned?
 - a. Aaron
 - b. Miriam
 - c. Aaron and Miriam
 - d. Joshua

9. Who asked the Lord to heal the leprosy?
 - a. Aaron
 - b. Miriam
 - c. Moses
 - d. Aaron and Miriam

10. How did the Lord heal the leprosy?
 - a. Instantly
 - b. In three days, after fasting and prayer
 - c. After sacrifices had been made
 - d. After seven days confinement outside of camp

11. What would happen if a father had spit in the child's face?
 - a. They would have been healed
 - b. They would have been disowned
 - c. They would have been in disgrace for seven days
 - d. They would have been stoned

12. In what location did this incident of leprosy occur?
 - a. Desert of Paran
 - b. Desert of Sinai
 - c. Kibroth Hattaavah
 - d. Hazeroth

13. When did the Israelites leave the camp?
 - a. While Miriam was confined outside the camp
 - b. After Miriam had been returned to the camp
 - c. Forty days after the incident
 - d. After a month of mourning

Numbers 13

1. What did God want men to do in regard to the land of Canaan?
 - a. Conquer it
 - b. Explore it
 - c. Sabotage it
 - d. Burn it

2. Who was supposed to go to Canaan?
 - a. One leader from each ancestral tribe
 - b. Aaron and Joshua
 - c. Moses, Aaron, and Joshua
 - d. 70 elders of Israel

3. From where did they leave to go to Canaan?
 - a. Kibroth Hattaavah
 - b. Hazeroth
 - c. Desert of Paran
 - d. Desert of Sinai

4. Who was NOT one of the men who went to Canaan?
 - a. Shammua
 - b. Caleb
 - c. Gaddi
 - d. Joshua
 - e. Michael
 - f. Geuel

5. "Moses gave _____, son of Nun, that name Joshua".
 - a. Caleb
 - b. Igal
 - c. Shaphat
 - d. Hoshea

6. What were the things Moses wanted to find out about Canaan?
 - a. What the land was like, good or bad?
 - b. Were the people who live there strong or weak, few or many?
 - c. What were the towns like, fortified or unwallled?
 - d. Is the soil fertile or poor?
 - e. Are there trees on it or not?
 - f. A, B, C above
 - g. B, D, E above
 - h. A, C, E above
 - i. All the above

7. What season was it for fruit?
 - a. Melons
 - b. Figs
 - c. Grapes
 - d. Apples

8. What place was NOT included in the areas the twelve Israelites went in Canaan?
 - a. Rehob
 - b. Goshen
 - c. Negev
 - d. Hebron
 - e. Valley of Eshcol
 - f. Lebo Hamath

9. Where did the descendants of Anak live?
 - a. Rehob
 - b. Goshen
 - c. Negev
 - d. Hebron
 - e. Valley of Eshcol
 - f. Lebo Hamath

10. Where did the twelve Israelites cut off a branch bearing a single cluster of grapes?
 - a. Rehob
 - b. Goshen
 - c. Negev
 - d. Hebron
 - e. Valley of Eshcol
 - f. Lebo Hamath

11. What other fruit did the twelve Israelites carry with them?
 - a. Figs
 - b. Dates
 - c. Olives
 - d. Pomegranates
 - e. All the above
 - f. B and C above
 - g. A and D above

12. How long were the twelve Israelites in the land?
 - a. One month
 - b. Ten days
 - c. Forty days
 - d. A full year

13. How did they carry the grapes?
 - a. In sacks on their backs
 - b. On a pole between two men
 - c. On a cart
 - d. On the back of a donkey

14. Where did the twelve Israelites report back to Moses and the whole Israelite community?
 - a. Mount Sinai
 - b. Hazeroth
 - c. Kadesh
 - d. Marah

15. What was NOT included in the report brought back to the Israelite community?
- There were grasshoppers in the land
 - All the people were of great size
 - The land flows with milk and honey
 - Cities are fortified and very large
16. Who lived in the Negev?
- Descendants of Anak
 - Amalekites
 - Hittites, Jebusites and Amorites
 - Canaanites
17. Who lived in the hill country?
- Descendants of Anak
 - Amalekites
 - Hittites, Jebusites and Amorites
 - Canaanites
18. Who lived near the sea and along the Jordan?
- Nephilim
 - Amalekites
 - Hittites, Jebusites and Amorites
 - Canaanites
19. Who said, "We should go up and take possession of the land, for we can certainly do it."
- Joshua
 - Caleb
 - Palti
 - Nahbi
 - Sethur
20. Why did the other men who had gone into Canaan think they could not attack the people of the land?
- God was not with them
 - The people had superior weapons
 - The people were stronger and bigger than the Israelites
 - It was not the right time to attack

Numbers 14

1. As the Israelites wept aloud about the report on the land of Canaan, what was NOT included in the things they said?
 - a. We should choose a leader and go back to Egypt.
 - b. Our wives and children will be taken as plunder.
 - c. There will not be enough food to feed us all for many months.
 - d. Why is the Lord bringing us to this land only to let us fall by the sword?
 - e. If only we had died in Egypt or in this desert!
2. What did Moses and Aaron do in front of the whole Israelite assembly?
 - a. Blow trumpets
 - b. Fell facedown
 - c. Raised their staffs
 - d. Hushed the crowd
3. Who told the people they could take the land?
 - a. Moses and Aaron
 - b. Aaron and Miriam
 - c. Joshua and the Levites
 - d. Joshua and Caleb
4. "If the Lord is _____ with us, he will lead us into that land."
 - a. Forgiving
 - b. Strong
 - c. Pleased
 - d. Present
5. "Their _____ is gone, but the Lord is _____."
 - a. Power . . . Strong
 - b. Protection . . . With us
 - c. Food . . . Bountiful to us
 - d. Fear . . . Faithful
6. What did the assembly want to do to those who wanted to take the land?
 - a. Follow them
 - b. Send them out of the camp
 - c. Appoint them as leaders to take them back to Egypt
 - d. Stone them
7. The Lord said, "How long will these people treat me with _____?"
 - a. Respect
 - b. Contempt
 - c. Disbelief
 - d. Apathy
8. What did the Lord want to do with Moses?
 - a. Send him on into the promised land
 - b. Make him into a nation greater and stronger than the Israelites
 - c. Give him some time to rest before leading the people into Canaan
 - d. Have him destroy the Israelites
9. What had the inhabitants of the promised land NOT heard about the Israelites?
 - a. God had been seen face to face
 - b. God's cloud stays over them
 - c. God goes before them in a pillar of cloud by day and a pillar of fire by night
 - d. God wanted to slaughter the Israelites in the desert

10. What quality or attribute would God display if he pardoned the Israelites again, according to Moses?
 - a. Strength
 - b. Slowness to anger
 - c. Abounding in love
 - d. Forgiving sin and rebellion
 - e. Great love
 - f. All of the above

11. How many times had the men of Israel tested God?
 - a. Too many to count
 - b. Three times
 - c. Ten times
 - d. 40 times

12. What punishment did the Lord declare after he had forgiven the people?
 - a. They would be struck down with a plague, and all who repented would be healed
 - b. The ones who grumbled would be blind by the time they entered the promised land
 - c. No one who had seen God's glory and the miracles performed in Egypt would see the promised land
 - d. Any one 20 years or more who had been counted in the census and who grumbled against God would not see the promised land

13. Why was Caleb going to be an exception to the punishment?
 - a. He had already prayed to God for forgiveness
 - b. He had a different spirit and followed God wholeheartedly
 - c. He was a friend of Joshua and Moses
 - d. He would be appointed leader to take the people into Canaan

14. Where were the people to go after the Lord had declared his punishment?
 - a. Back towards the Red Sea
 - b. Back to Mount Sinai
 - c. Back to the Desert of Paran
 - d. Back to Egypt

15. Where would the grumbling Israelites who could not see the promised land die?
 - a. In Egypt
 - b. In the desert
 - c. On a mountain top
 - d. In the Red Sea

16. Which two men alive at that time would be allowed to enter the promised land?
 - a. Caleb and Moses
 - b. Joshua and Moses
 - c. Caleb and Aaron
 - d. Joshua and Caleb

17. What was to happen to the Israelite children?
 - a. They would be plundered by the Canaanites
 - b. They would enjoy the land their parents rejected
 - c. They would become slaves again in Egypt
 - d. They would die in the wilderness

18. How would the children live until their parents died?
 - a. As aliens in a foreign land
 - b. As slaves to the Midianites
 - c. As shepherds
 - d. As farmers

19. Why was the punishment to go on for 40 years?
 - a. That was how long it would take for everyone to die.
 - b. That would give the Canaanites time to prepare to leave their lands.
 - c. One year for each of the forty days the Israelites explored the land
 - d. One year for each day Moses had been on Mount Sinai

20. What happened to the ten men who had explored the land and came back with a bad report?
 - a. They wandered in the wilderness until they died
 - b. They offered sacrifices for forgiveness to God
 - c. They were struck down with the sword by the two who wanted to take the land
 - d. They were struck down and died of a plague before the Lord

21. What did the Israelites do when Moses reported the deaths of the ten men?
 - a. They rejoiced
 - b. They mourned bitterly
 - c. They prayed and fasted
 - d. They grumbled to Moses

22. What did the Israelites do when they realized God was going to punish them?
 - a. Confessed their sin
 - b. Offered up burnt offerings
 - c. Asked Moses to intervene
 - d. Tried to go up toward the high hill country and take the land
 - e. A and B above
 - f. A, B, and C, above
 - g. A and D above

23. Why did Moses tell the people they would not be successful?
 - a. They were not strong enough
 - b. The Lord was not with them
 - c. It was too late
 - d. They needed to take the ark of the covenant with them

24. "Nevertheless, in their _____ they went up toward the high hill country."
 - a. Eagerness to take the land
 - b. Efforts to show the Lord they had changed
 - c. Presumption
 - d. Greediness to have food

25. Who and/or what did not move from the camp with them?
 - a. Moses
 - b. Aaron
 - c. Ark of the Covenant
 - d. A and B
 - e. B and C
 - f. A and C

26. Who beat the Israelites all the way to Hormah?
- a. Jebusites and Hivites
 - b. Amalekites and Canaanites
 - c. Descendants of Anak
 - d. Nephilim

Numbers 16

- Who became insolent and rose up against Moses and Aaron?
 - Korah
 - Dathan
 - Abiram
 - On
 - 250 Israelite leaders, members of the council
 - All the above
 - A, B, and C above
- What was their main complaint against Moses and Aaron?
 - You have not gone far enough!
 - The whole community is not holy, not one of them
 - Why do you set yourselves above the Lord's assembly?
 - The Lord is with the council now
- What did Moses tell Korah and his followers that the Lord would show them the next day?
 - Who belongs to the Lord and who is holy
 - Whom the Lord will appoint to succeed Moses
 - Whom the Lord wanted to be the spokesman of the council
 - Who will be appointed to serve with Moses and Aaron
- What were Korah and his followers supposed to do with censers?
 - Burn incense in them and walk throughout the camps
 - Put fire and incense in them before the Lord
 - Stack them in a high heap, melt them down, and forge them into bowls
 - Put oil in them and give them to the Israelites as lamps
- "The man the Lord chooses will be the one who is _____."
 - Forgiven
 - Leader
 - Successor
 - Holy
- What did Moses and Aaron AND Korah and his followers both say about the ones they were opposing?
 - You are not righteous
 - You are arrogant
 - You have gone too far
 - You are rebelling against God
- What did Moses NOT tell Korah and the Levites that God had done for them?
 - Separated them from the rest of the Israelite community
 - Brought them near to himself to do the work at the Lord's tabernacle
 - Had them stand before the community and minister to them
 - Given them the priesthood
- "Who is _____ that you should grumble against him?"
 - The Lord
 - Aaron
 - Moses
 - Joshua
- Who refused to come when Moses summoned them?
 - Dathan and Abiram
 - Eliab and Peleth
 - On and Reuben
 - Korah and Eleazar

10. What did they blame Moses for?
 - a. Bringing them up out of a land “flowing with milk and honey” (Egypt) to kill them in the desert
 - b. Lording it over the community of Israelites
 - c. Not giving them an inheritance of fields and vineyards
 - d. Trying to gouge out their eyes
 - e. A and B above
 - f. All the above

11. Why did Moses ask the Lord not to accept the offerings of Dathan and Abiram?
 - a. They had wronged Moses, but Moses had never wronged any of them
 - b. They were an abomination to the Lord
 - c. They were not repentant of their sins
 - d. They were offering the wrong kind of offerings

12. How many censers with incense were presented before the Lord?
 - a. 2 – Korah’s and Aaron’s
 - b. 250 – those of the Israelite council
 - c. 252 – those of the Israelite council, Korah’s and Aaron’s
 - d. 253 – those of the Israelite council, Korah’s, Aaron’s and Moses’

13. Who did the Lord say to separate themselves from the assembly?
 - a. The council
 - b. Korah
 - c. Korah and the council
 - d. Moses and Aaron

14. Moses and Aaron pleaded, “O God. . . will you be angry with _____ when _____ sin(s)?”
 - a. Only one man . . . he and all his followers
 - b. Moses and Aaron . . . the Israelites
 - c. The entire assembly . . . only one man
 - d. All Levites . . . Korah

15. The assembly was to move away from which tents?
 - a. Dathan and Abiram
 - b. Korah, Dathan and Abiram
 - c. Tent of Meeting and Korah
 - d. Tents of the 250 Israelite council members
 - e. B and D above

16. Who stood at the entrance to the tents of Dathan and Abiram?
 - a. Moses and Korah
 - b. Dathan, Abiram with their wives and children
 - c. The 250 Israelite council members
 - d. The elders of Israel

17. How were the people to know that the Lord had sent Moses and that it was not Moses’ idea?
 - a. If the Lord allowed the men to die a natural death
 - b. If the Lord let the rebellious men experience only what usually happened to men
 - c. If the Lord had the earth swallow them up after he killed them
 - d. If the Lord brought about something totally new and they went down alive into the grave

18. What happened to the households of Dathan and Abiram, and Korah's men and possessions?
 - a. The ground under them split apart, and the earth opened up and swallowed them alive
 - b. They were consumed by fire from the Lord; then the earth opened up and swallowed them
 - c. The ground opened up and a tremendous wave of water closed over them and they perished
 - d. Lightning struck the ground, which opened up and swallowed them

19. What happened to the 250 council men who offered incense?
 - a. The ground opened up and they were swallowed alive
 - b. The Lord struck them down at the Tent of Meeting
 - c. Lightning struck them, and they fell into the great split in the earth
 - d. Fire came out from the Lord and consumed them

20. What was Eleazar, son of Aaron, the priest, told to do?
 - a. Scatter the censers some distance away
 - b. Hammer the censers into sheets to overlay the altar
 - c. Grind the censers down to a powder, put it in the water, and make the people drink it as a sign to the Israelites
 - d. Consecrate the remaining censers to become holy to the Lord

21. What was the gold of the censers to remind the Israelites of?
 - a. Anyone who is holy can burn incense to the Lord
 - b. One must have the permission of Moses and Aaron before they burned incense to the Lord
 - c. No one except a descendant of Aaron should come to burn incense before the Lord
 - d. Anyone who follows the example of Korah will be put outside the camp

22. What did the whole Israelite community grumble about after Korah and his followers died?
 - a. The Lord wanted to kill them
 - b. Moses and Aaron had killed the Lord's people
 - c. There was no one worthy to burn censers before the Lord
 - d. The Lord had killed innocent family members as well as the guilty

23. What did the Lord want to do when his glory appeared at the Tent of Meeting?
 - a. Restore the ones who had died
 - b. Separate Moses and Aaron from the assembly so He could bless them
 - c. Put an end to the Israelite assembly
 - d. Burn the Tent of Meeting so the Lord's presence would not be with them again

24. What did Moses want Aaron to do when the Lord wanted to destroy the people?
 - a. Make atonement for the people
 - b. Warn the people of the Lord's wrath
 - c. Run into the midst of the assembly to stop a plague by waving his staff
 - d. Plead with the people for them to repent of their opposition to Moses

25. "Aaron stood between the _____ and the _____ and the plague stopped.
- a. Guilty . . . innocent
 - b. Lord . . . people
 - c. Living . . . dead
 - d. Followers of Moses . . . Lord
26. How many people died from the plague?
- a. 14,000
 - b. 700
 - c. 21,000
 - d. 14,700
27. Where did Aaron go after the plague had stopped?
- a. To his tent
 - b. To Moses at the entrance to the Tent of Meeting
 - c. To the meeting of the elders of Israel
 - d. To Mount Sinai

Numbers 17

1. What was Moses supposed to obtain from the Israelites?
 - a. 12 censers – one from the leader of each of their ancestral tribes
 - b. 12 banners – one from each of the tribes
 - c. 12 large stones – each one representing a tribe of Israel
 - d. 12 staffs – one from the leader of each of the tribes
2. What was Moses to write on these twelve items?
 - a. Numbers from 1 to 12
 - b. Names of each man who owned the staff
 - c. Names of the 12 tribes
 - d. Names of the priests
3. What was to be written on the item from Levi?
 - a. Levi
 - b. Korah
 - c. Aaron
 - d. Eleazar
4. How would the Lord show whom He chose, so there would be no more grumbling or questioning by the Israelites?
 - a. The staff would sprout
 - b. The banner would be lifted above the Tent of Meeting
 - c. The censer would be burning
 - d. The stone would be split in two
5. Where were the items placed?
 - a. By each tribe's camp location
 - b. In the tent of Moses
 - c. In the Tent of the Testimony
 - d. In the tent of Aaron
6. What had happened to Aaron's item?
 - a. It had been lifted high into the heavens
 - b. It burned, but was not burned up
 - c. It was split, and had split the ground under it
 - d. It had sprouted, budded, blossomed, and produced almonds
7. What happened to the staffs, not including Aaron's, after the Lord chose Aaron?
 - a. They were tossed into a fire
 - b. They were given back to the tribal leaders
 - c. They were kept as a testimony in the ark of the covenant
 - d. They were broken by Moses
8. What special thing was done to Aaron's staff?
 - a. Covered in gold and preserved for all time as a sign to the rebellious
 - b. Covered in silver and preserved for all time as a sign to the rebellious
 - c. Kept in front of the Testimony to put an end to the grumbling against God
 - d. Broken into 12 pieces and sent throughout the camps as a sign to the rebellious
9. What were the Israelites afraid of after the Lord clearly chose Aaron?
 - a. They would never eat almonds again
 - b. They were lost and would die
 - c. They would sin and not know it until it was too late
 - d. They would never enter the promised land

Numbers 20

1. Where did Miriam die and was buried?
 - a. Mount Sinai
 - b. Kadesh
 - c. Hormah
 - d. Hazeroth
2. What did the Israelites quarrel with Moses about after Miriam died?
 - a. There was no woman to serve as a prophetess
 - b. They were going the wrong way and were back in the desert
 - c. Moses was taking them back to Egypt
 - d. There was no water to drink
3. What did God instruct Moses to do to take care of the problem?
 - a. Take the staff and toss it in the air – it will point the right direction to travel
 - b. Take the staff and appoint a godly woman to be a prophetess
 - c. Take the staff and speak to the rock
 - d. Take the staff and strike the rock
4. Who was with Moses as he gathered the assembly together?
 - a. Aaron
 - b. Joshua
 - c. Eleazar
 - d. Gershom
5. What did Moses call the people as he stood before the rock?
 - a. Righteous
 - b. Thirsty
 - c. Selfish
 - d. Rebels
6. What did Moses do to the rock?
 - a. Spoke to it
 - b. Leaned against it
 - c. Struck it two times
 - d. Sat on it
7. How did the Lord punish Moses for disobeying his instructions?
 - a. By striking him dead and calling in Joshua as leader
 - b. By making him leprous, white as snow
 - c. By taking the life of his two sons
 - d. By not allowing him to lead the community into the promised land
8. Why were Moses' actions wrong?
 - a. He did them in anger
 - b. He did not trust in the Lord enough to honor Him as Holy in the sight of the Israelites
 - c. He did not let Aaron help him
 - d. He had performed the miracle in the sight of the Israelites, instead of in private
9. What was the place called when Moses did not speak to the rock?
 - a. Marah
 - b. Elim
 - c. Kibroth Hattaavah
 - d. Meribah
10. To whom did Moses send messengers from Kadesh?
 - a. King of Arad
 - b. King of Moab
 - c. King of Edom
 - d. King of the Amorites

11. What request did Moses make of this king?
 - a. To let the Israelites pass through his country
 - b. To allow the Israelites to glean wheat from his fields
 - c. To let the Israelites drink from the wells in his country
 - d. To travel around the edge of his territory, avoiding the king's highway

12. What was the response to this request?
 - a. Yes
 - b. Yes, but only for one month's time
 - c. Yes, but Israel must pay the king for his trouble
 - d. No. If Israel tries, they would march out and attack with the sword

13. What did the Israelites offer to do as a compromise?
 - a. Go by a different route
 - b. Pay for any water they used along the way
 - c. Ask God to bless the king and his country
 - d. Travel only by night, when it would not disturb the country's residents

14. What did Israel do when the king came out against them with a large and powerful army?
 - a. Fought and defeated the king and his army
 - b. Fought and lost to the king and his army
 - c. Pleaded to become slaves to the king
 - d. Turned away from them

15. Where did Aaron die?
 - a. On Mount Sinai
 - b. On Mount Horeb
 - c. On Mount Hor
 - d. On Mount Nebo

16. Why was Aaron not to enter into the promised land?
 - a. He was too old
 - b. He rebelled against the Lord's command at the waters of Meribah
 - c. He was becoming crippled and could not perform as a priest anymore
 - d. He had lost his influence with the community of Israel

17. What was Moses to do with Aaron's priestly garments?
 - a. Burn them
 - b. Save them in the ark of the covenant as a remembrance to the people of Israel
 - c. Tear them in mourning, and bury them with Aaron's body
 - d. Remove them from Aaron and put them on his son Eleazar

18. For how long did Israel mourn the death of Aaron?
 - a. 7 days
 - b. 30 days
 - c. 1 year
 - d. 3 days

Numbers 21

1. Who attacked and captured some of the Israelites?
 - a. King of Edom
 - b. Arad, a Canaanite king
 - c. King of Moab
 - d. Sihon and Og
2. What happened at Hormah?
 - a. The captured Israelites were murdered
 - b. Moses told the Israelites to flee so they would not be captured
 - c. Israel completely destroyed the Canaanites and their towns
 - d. The Israelites camped and celebrated the Passover
3. What was Israel's vow to the Lord after they were attacked on the road to Atharim?
 - a. If you will deliver these people into our hands, we will never forsake you
 - b. If you will deliver these people into our hands, we will make a great offering to you
 - c. If you will deliver these people into our hands, we will not grumble against Moses again
 - d. If you will deliver these people into our hands, we will totally destroy their cities
4. What happened to the people of Israel as they traveled around Edom en route to the Red Sea?
 - a. They were attacked by raiders
 - b. They grew impatient and spoke against God and Moses
 - c. They became ill from lack of bread
 - d. They ran out of water and had to return to the rock that had been struck by Moses
5. How did the Lord punish the Israelites on the road around Edom?
 - a. Opened up the earth and swallowed them alive
 - b. Sent a plague
 - c. Sent venomous snakes to bite the people, causing their deaths
 - d. Forced them to eat double portions of manna and quail until they were sick
6. What did the people of Israel need to do to overcome the punishment sent by the Lord?
 - a. Look at a bronze snake on a pole which Moses made
 - b. Drink of the waters of Meribah
 - c. Pray and offer a burnt offering to God
 - d. Ask Moses to pray for them
7. Which of the following locations is NOT listed as a camping place of Israel?
 - a. Oboth
 - b. Zered Valley
 - c. Edom
 - d. Iye Abarim
 - e. Alongside the Arnon

8. The Arnon marked the border between what two nations?
 - a. Edom and Moab
 - b. Moab and the Amorites
 - c. Edom and the Amorites
 - d. Canaan and Edom

9. What was the name of the well where the Lord gave the people water?
 - a. Kadesh
 - b. Og
 - c. Beer
 - d. Mattanah

10. What was included in the song the people of Israel sang about the well?
 - a. It was the well of the slaves
 - b. It was the well that the princes dug
 - c. It was the well of the Lord
 - d. It was the well of salvation in the desert

11. What did Israel request of Sihon, king of the Amorites?
 - a. To use his wells on their journeys
 - b. To obtain food from his fields and vineyards
 - c. To travel along the king's highway through his territory
 - d. To give them land in which to live

12. What did Sihon do in response to this request?
 - a. Said yes
 - b. Answered no, and said he would attack if Israel ignored his decree
 - c. Allied himself with the king of Bashan and attacked Israel
 - d. Mustered his entire army and marched against Israel

13. Where did Israel fight the Amorites?
 - a. Kadesh
 - b. Og
 - c. Mattanah
 - d. Jahaz

14. What did Israel obtain as victors in the battle?
 - a. The castle of Sihon
 - b. The land of the Amorites from the Arnon to the Jabbok
 - c. The land of the Ammonites
 - d. The entire land of Moab

15. What was Heshbon?
 - a. The city of Sihon, king of the Amorites
 - b. A fortified city in the land of the Ammonites
 - c. A temple of the king of Moab
 - d. A group of people who served the Israelites

16. Why did the Israelites not go into the land of the Ammonites?
 - a. The people who lived there were giants
 - b. The land was only a wasteland
 - c. The border was fortified
 - d. God would not let them go in

17. Who had defeated the former king of Moab and taken his people as captives?
 - a. People of Chemosh
 - b. Sihon, king of the Amorites
 - c. Nophah and Medeba
 - d. Og, king of Bashan

18. What other king did the Israelites defeat immediately after they conquered Sihon?

- a. Og, king of Bashan
- b. Balak, king of Moab
- c. Arad, a Canaanite king in the Negev
- d. Ar of Moab

19. Where did Israel settle after their victory in battle?

- a. Land of the Ammonites
- b. Land of the Amorites
- c. Land of Moab
- d. Land of Bashan

20. Where did the Israelites battle Og king of Bashan and his whole army?

- a. Heshbon
- b. Edrei
- c. Bashan
- d. Nahaliel

Numbers 22

1. The Israelites camped along the Jordan across from _____.
a. Edrei b. Heshbon c. Jericho d. Nophah
2. Which did NOT describe Balak?
a. King of Moab
b. Son of Zippor
c. Terrified of the Israelites
d. Son of Beor
3. Who said, "This horde is going to lick up everything around us, as an ox licks up the grass of the field."
a. Balaam b. Moabites c. Elders of Midian d. Sihon
4. Whom did Balak send for when he was afraid?
a. Moses b. Zippor c. Balaam d. Beor
5. What did Balak want from this person?
a. To bless his nation in negotiating with the Israelites
b. To put a curse on the Israelites
c. To act as a mediator between Moab and Israel
d. To lead his army in battle against Israel
6. Who delivered Balak's message?
a. Elders of Moab
b. Elders of Midian
c. Balak
d. A and B above
7. What was the response to Balak's message?
a. Pay me the fee for divination and I will tell you what you want to hear
b. Spend the night, and I will bring you back the answer the Lord gives me
c. I am unsure – I need to travel with Balak and talk to him
d. You will be able to fight and defeat Israel
8. What was God's answer to Balaam?
a. Deceive Balak and pretend you are cursing the Israelites
b. There was no answer. God was silent.
c. Do not go with the princes of Moab. You must not curse Israel, because they are blessed
d. Tell Balak that he will be able to fight them and defeat them without a curse
9. What message did the princes of Moab deliver to Balak.
a. You will be able to fight and defeat Israel
b. Balaam refused to come with us
c. Balaam is still consulting his god
d. You will be overcome by Israel – your terror is justified

10. What did Balak do when Balaam did not come back with the Moab princes?
 - a. Fled his country
 - b. Sent an army to bring him back
 - c. Sent a scroll with instructions to have his army force Balaam to sign
 - d. Sent other princes, more numerous and more distinguished, than the first

11. What was included in Balak's message the second time that was not present in the first message?
 - a. Come and put a curse on these people for me
 - b. I will reward you handsomely and do whatever you say
 - c. If you do not curse these people you will be put to death
 - d. If you will not come, then at least send a message of hope for the Moabites

12. What did Balaam think about receiving a palace filled with silver and gold?
 - a. Even if it was given to him, Balaam could not do anything great or small to go beyond the command of the Lord
 - b. Balaam would do anything to obtain it
 - c. Balaam was anxious to travel and see it; then decide if he wanted it
 - d. Balaam tried to buy it from Balak for a great price

13. What did God instruct Balaam to do after the second visit of princes of Moab?
 - a. Do not go with them under any circumstances
 - b. Go and do what Balak tells you
 - c. Go with these men, but do only what I (God) tell you
 - d. Do not go unless they promise you great wealth

14. Who went with Balaam on the road to see Balak?
 - a. Princes of Moab
 - b. Two servants
 - c. Balaam's donkey
 - d. All of the above

15. Who came to oppose Balaam on the road?
 - a. Moses
 - b. Angel of the Lord with a drawn sword
 - c. Balak
 - d. Princes of Moab

16. What did Balaam have to do to keep the donkey on the road after it turned off into a field?
 - a. Beat her
 - b. Took her by a rope and led her
 - c. Feed her a special treat
 - d. Talk to her along the way

17. Where did the angel appear to Balaam the second time?
 - a. In the field
 - b. In a vineyard
 - c. On top of a wall
 - d. In a narrow path between two vineyards and walls

18. Why did Balaam beat the donkey a second time?
- It wandered off into a field
 - It crushed Balaam's foot
 - It stopped and would go no further
 - It was limping as it walked
19. What did the donkey do when it saw the angel a third time and there was no room to turn?
- Jumped off the cliff
 - Stopped and would go no further
 - Lay down under Balaam
 - Talked to Balaam
20. What happened after Balaam had beaten the donkey three times?
- The donkey died
 - The donkey talked
 - Balaam fell off the donkey
 - Balaam's arm broke from the harsh beatings
21. Who said, "You have made a fool of me!"
- Balaam
 - The Donkey
 - Princes of Moab
 - God
22. What did the donkey NOT say to Balaam?
- What have I done to you to make you beat me?
 - Have I been in the habit of doing this to you?
 - Am I not your own donkey, which you have always ridden to this day?
 - Open your eyes, and you will see an angel with a sword.
23. Why had the angel appeared in the road that Balaam traveled?
- The road he traveled on was treacherous
 - Balaam's path was a reckless one
 - The angel wanted to test Balaam
 - The angel wanted to give Balaam a message
24. What had the donkey done for Balaam?
- Shown him the correct road to follow
 - Carried his heaviest possessions on the journey
 - Provided eyesight for Balaam, who was blind
 - Saved Balaam's life
25. What did Balaam do after talking to the angel?
- Turned back
 - Confessed his sin
 - Went on stubbornly with the princes of Moab
 - Traveled to visit the people of Israel
26. What did Balaam say to Balak when they finally met?
- I must speak only what God puts in my mouth
 - I came as soon as I was able
 - I expect a great reward for this
 - I was detained by an angel with a sword on the road

27. Where did Balaam and Balak go to see part of the people of Israel?
- a. Kiriath Huzoth
 - b. The Arnon
 - c. Bamoth Baal
 - d. Pethor

Numbers 23

1. How many altars did Balaam request that Balak prepare?
a. 1 b. 3 c. 7 d. 10
2. What was to be offered on each altar?
a. Bull
b. Ram
c. Goat
d. All of the above
e. A and B above
3. Where did Balaam go in hopes that the Lord would meet with him?
a. By the altars
b. Back home
c. A barren height
d. Land of the Amorites
4. Who was with Balak beside the offerings?
a. Moses b. Princes of Moab c. Aaron d. The donkey
5. "The Lord put a _____ in Balaam's mouth."
a. Coal of Fire
b. Touch of Water
c. Morsel of Food
d. Message
6. "How can I _____ those whom God has not _____?"
a. curse . . . cursed
b. bless . . . blessed
c. see . . . seen
d. receive . . . received
7. "From the _____ I see them, from the _____ I view them."
a. Dreams . . . visions
b. Sea . . . oceans
c. Desert . . . sand
d. Rocky peaks . . . heights
8. "Who can _____ the _____ of Jacob?"
a. Defeat . . . power
b. Match . . . wits
c. Count . . . dust
d. Fathom . . . love
9. "Let me die the death of the _____, and may my _____ be like theirs!"
a. Wicked . . . tomb
b. Righteous . . . end
c. Heathen . . . grave
d. Holy . . . heaven

10. Why was Balak upset with Balaam's words?
- He could not understand them
 - He had paid him to say other words
 - Balaam had blessed, not cursed, Israel
 - He was sure that Balaam was lying to him
11. Balaam answered, "Must I not _____ what the Lord _____?"
- Hear . . . has to say
 - Understand . . . speaks
 - Pay attention . . . commands
 - Speak . . . puts in my mouth
12. Where did Balak take Balaam to show him another view of part of the Israelites? (Second location)
- Bamoth Baal
 - Field of Zophim on the top of Pisgah
 - Top of Peor, overlooking the wasteland
 - Area of Shittim, opposite Jericho
13. Where did Balak stay the second time when Balaam went to meet with God?
- By the seven altars on which a bull and ram had been offered
 - By the three altars on which a bull had been offered
 - On one altar on which a ram had been offered
 - On the seven altars on which only a bull had been offered
14. "God is not a _____ that he should _____."
- Ghost . . . haunt
 - Greedy spirit . . . want your treasures
 - Man . . . lie
 - Man . . . negotiate with you
15. "Does he _____ and _____?"
- Speak . . . then not act
 - Punish . . . then not forgive
 - Promise . . . not fulfill
 - All of the above
 - A and C above
16. What had Balaam received a command to do?
- Go back home
 - Bless Israel
 - Curse Balak
 - Remain silent
17. "No _____ is seen in Jacob, no _____ observed in Israel."
- Hunger . . . thirst
 - Vengeance . . . spite
 - Misfortune . . . misery
 - Beauty . . . love
18. "The shout of the _____ is among them."
- Victor
 - Wise
 - Leader
 - King

19. "They have the strength of a _____."
- a. Lion
 - b. Wild ox
 - c. Bear
 - d. Great army
20. "There is no _____ against Jacob, no _____ against Israel."
- a. Victory . . . defeat
 - b. Crime . . . sin
 - c. Sorcery . . . divination
 - d. Army . . . leader
21. What would be said of Jacob and Israel?
- a. They are mighty in power
 - b. They are constantly grumbling
 - c. They are blessed by their God
 - d. See what God has done!
22. To what animal does Balaam compare Israel when talking about fighting their enemies?
- a. Lion
 - b. Horse
 - c. Camel
 - d. Donkey
23. After the second words from the Lord, how did Balak respond?
- a. I paid you to curse them!
 - b. Ask the Lord to forgive me for trying to go against His people
 - c. Neither curse them at all nor bless them at all
 - d. What have you done to me?
24. In taking Balaam to a third location, what did Balak think?
- a. Balaam would become frightened at the number of Israelites and change his mind
 - b. Perhaps it would please God to let Balaam curse Israel from a different location
 - c. Perhaps Balaam would give him some advice on strategies of attack
 - d. Perhaps Balaam would go with Balak into battle
25. How many altars were prepared at the third location?
- a. 1
 - b. 3
 - c. 7
 - d. 10

Numbers 24

1. What did Balaam do when he realized that it pleased the Lord to bless Israel?
 - a. He fell facedown and worshipped
 - b. He did not resort to sorcery as at other times
 - c. He turned his face towards the mountain
 - d. He left Balak in his misery

2. What happened to Balaam when he spoke God's words for the third time?
 - a. God put a message in Balaam's mouth
 - b. God spoke to Balaam in a vision
 - c. The Spirit of God came upon him
 - d. God led Balaam to speak in tongues

3. How did Balaam NOT describe himself in the third message from God?
 - a. Son of Beor
 - b. One whose eye sees clearly
 - c. One who hears the words of God
 - d. One who sees a vision from the Almighty
 - e. One who lifts hands towards the heavens
 - f. One whose eyes are opened

4. How does Balaam describe Israel's tents and dwelling places?
 - a. Aloes planted by the Lord
 - b. Cedars beside the waters
 - c. Valleys that spread out
 - d. Gardens beside a river
 - e. A and B above
 - f. C and D above
 - g. All the above

5. Who will Israel's king be greater than?
 - a. Balak
 - b. Sihon
 - c. Agag
 - d. Og

6. What is NOT said about Israel's fighting strategy?
 - a. They devour hostile nations
 - b. They take hostages as slaves
 - c. They break their enemies' bones in pieces
 - d. They pierce their enemies with arrows

7. "May those who _____ you be blessed and those who _____ you be cursed!"
 - a. Bless. . . curse
 - b. Give to . . . take from
 - c. Honor . . . shame
 - d. Ignore . . . fight

8. What did Balak do when he became angry after the third oracle?
 - a. Struck Balaam
 - b. Bowed down and worshipped the Lord
 - c. Struck his hands together
 - d. Invoked a curse on Israel

9. According to Balak, who had kept Balaam from being rewarded for his oracles?
a. Balak b. The Lord c. Balaam d. Moab princes
10. Balaam said, "I could not do anything of my own _____ to go beyond the _____ of the Lord."
a. Will . . . instructions
b. Strength . . . power
c. Heart . . . love
d. Accord, good or bad. . . command
11. What did Balaam do before he returned to his own people?
a. Blessed Balak's family, but not his people
b. Told Balak what Israel would do to his people
c. Told Balak how to escape the wrath of the Lord
d. Pleaded with Balak to go home with him
12. "A _____ will come out of Jacob; a _____ will rise out of Israel."
a. Lion . . . ox
b. Cloud . . . pillar of fire
c. Plague . . . wonder
d. Star . . . scepter
13. Which specific groups of people were NOT listed in this fourth oracle concerning Israel's defeat of surrounding nations?
a. Moab b. Edom c. Seir d. Ammonites e. Sheth
14. Who was first among the nations that would come to ruin at last?
a. Kenites b. Amalek c. Asshur d. Eber
15. Who will be destroyed even though they have a secure dwelling place?
a. Kenites b. Amalek c. Assur d. Eber
16. Where were ships to come from that would ultimately come to ruin?
a. Eber b. Asshur c. Kittim d. Egypt
17. Where did Balak go when Balaam returned home?
a. With Balaam
b. His own way
c. To bargain with Israel
d. To offer more sacrifices at the three locations where altars had been built

Numbers 25

1. What happened while Israel was staying in Shittim?
 - a. They grumbled about not having enough meat
 - b. They bowed down and worshipped the Baal of Peor
 - c. They indulged in sexual immorality with Moabite women
 - d. All the above
 - e. B and C above
2. What was Moses to do in response to this sin?
 - a. Kill all the women who were involved
 - b. Kill the leaders of those people and expose them in broad daylight before the Lord
 - c. Destroy the entire area of Shittim
 - d. Make an atoning sacrifice
3. To whom did Moses give the instructions about killing those who worshipped the local gods?
 - a. Eleazar
 - b. Israel's judges
 - c. Elders of Israel
 - d. Joshua
4. What did one Israelite man do while the whole assembly of Israel was weeping at the entrance to the Tent of Meeting?
 - a. Committed suicide in front of them
 - b. Led a revolt against Moses
 - c. Left the camp to return to his woman in Shittim
 - d. Brought to his family a Midianite woman
5. Who was Phinehas?
 - a. The name of the Midianite woman
 - b. The name of the Israelite man who brought the Midianite woman into camp
 - c. Son of Eleazar, son of Aaron the priest
 - d. Son of Aaron
6. What did Phinehas do in response to seeing the Midianite woman brought into camp?
 - a. Demanded the Israelite take her back to her own home
 - b. Took a spear and killed the Israelite man and the Midianite woman in the tent
 - c. Asked that God send a plague on the men who had sinned
 - d. Led the Israelites into a war with Shittim
7. How many died in the plague which came as a result of the Baal of Peor?
 - a. 2,000
 - b. 4,000
 - c. 14,000
 - d. 24,000
8. Why did the Lord commend Phinehas for his actions?
 - a. He was zealous for the Lord's honor among Israel
 - b. He was zealous, and did the action quickly
 - c. He was acting on the instructions of Eleazar, his father
 - d. He was observant in noticing that a Midianite woman had been brought into camp

9. What did the Lord make with Phinehas?
 - a. A covenant of long life
 - b. A covenant of prosperity
 - c. A covenant of peace and a lasting priesthood
 - d. A covenant of wisdom

10. Who was the Israelite who was killed by Phinehas?
 - a. Zimri
 - b. Salu
 - c. Leader of a Simeonite family
 - d. Simeon

11. What does NOT describe Cozbi?
 - a. Daughter of Zur
 - b. Daughter of a tribal chief of a Midianite family
 - c. A Midianite woman put to death by Phinehas
 - d. Killed in the plague which came as a result of Peor

12. How were the Israelites to treat the Midianites?
 - a. As friends – make a treaty with them
 - b. As enemies – kill them
 - c. As slaves – capture them
 - d. As family – intermarry with them

Numbers 26

1. Whom did the Lord instruct to take a second census of the people?
 - a. Moses
 - b. Eleazar
 - c. Joshua
 - d. Aaron
 - e. A and B
2. Who was to be counted in the census?
 - a. All males above one month in age
 - b. All who were 20 years old or more and able to serve in the army
 - c. All who were considered of legal age – 18 years old or more
 - d. All leaders of each family
3. Where was the second census taken?
 - a. In Jericho
 - b. East of the plains of Moab
 - c. By the Jordan on the plains of Moab
 - d. In Shittim
4. What was NOT a clan of Reuben?
 - a. Hanochite
 - b. Palluite
 - c. Perezite
 - d. Hezronite
 - d. Carmite
5. Who had served as a warning sign concerning rebellion against the Lord?
 - a. Eliab and Nemuel
 - b. Dathan and Abiram
 - c. Hanoch and Pallu
 - d. Hezron and Carmi
6. What happened to the line of Korah?
 - a. It died out
 - b. It had to live outside the camp in the place where the uncleaned lived
 - c. It had to serve as slaves to Israel
 - d. It had not died out
7. How many men were in the clans of Simeon?
 - a. 43,730
 - b. 76,500
 - c. 22,200
 - d. 52,700
8. Who were sons of Judah that had died in Canaan?
 - a. Er and Onan
 - b. Shelah and Perez
 - c. Zerah and Hamul
 - d. B and C above
9. Who was a descendant of Gilead who had no sons, only 5 daughters who were listed by name?
 - a. Iezer
 - b. Shechem
 - c. Hopher
 - d. Zelophehad
10. Which tribe only had one clan?
 - a. Dan
 - b. Naphtali
 - c. Simeon
 - d. Issachar
11. What was the total number of men of Israel?
 - a. 23,000
 - b. 64,400
 - c. 601,730
 - d. 76,500

12. Which tribe had the largest number in the census?
a. Reuben b. Simeon c. Judah d. Issachar
13. Which tribe had the smallest number in the census?
a. Simeon b. Ephraim c. Benjamin d. Naphtali
14. How was the land to be allotted to the people of Israel?
a. Based on the eldest to the youngest son of Israel
b. Based on the number of names in the census
c. Based on the righteousness of the leaders of each tribe
d. Based on what each tribe requested
15. How was the land to be distributed?
a. By oracle from the Lord
b. By the decision of Phinehas, the priest
c. By lot
d. By request of the tribes
16. What were the names of the parents of Moses?
a. Aaron and Miriam
b. Nadab and Abihu
c. Serah and Asher
d. Amram and Jochebed
17. How many male Levites were counted?
a. 32,000 b. 23,000 c. 33,000 d. 22,000
18. What was noteworthy about the numbers counted in the second census?
a. The numbers had increased considerably
b. The tribe of Judah was still the largest
c. Not one of those counted had been counted in the first census except Caleb and Joshua
d. Manasseh was no longer the smallest tribe

Numbers 27

1. Who was NOT a daughter of Zelophehad?
 - a. Mahlah
 - b. Noah
 - c. Makir
 - d. Hoglah
 - e. Milcah
 - f. Tirzah
2. What did the daughters of Zelophehad request of Moses and Eleazar?
 - a. Husbands so they would not be alone
 - b. Husbands so they could go to the lands of their husbands
 - c. An adopted brother so they could inherit some land
 - d. Property among their father's relatives
3. What was NOT said about their father, Zelophehad?
 - a. He died in the plague of Peor
 - b. He was not among Korah's followers
 - c. He left no sons
 - d. He died for his own sin in the desert
4. What did the Lord tell Moses to do for the daughters of Zelophehad?
 - a. Send them away. Women were not to inherit any land.
 - b. Turn their father's inheritance over to them
 - c. Find them husbands so they can inherit through them
 - d. Let them live with other relatives
5. What was the legal line of inheritance as prescribed by the Lord?
 - a. Daughter, son, brother, uncle, nearest relative in the clan
 - b. Son, brother, father's brothers, nearest relative in the clan
 - c. Son, daughter, brother, father's brothers, nearest relative in the clan
 - d. Son, daughter, brother, sister, father's brothers, nearest relative in the clan
6. From which range of mountains did Moses see the land the Lord gave to the Israelites?
 - a. Sinai
 - b. Abarim
 - c. Negev
 - d. Horeb
7. What was to happen after Moses viewed the land?
 - a. He was to go in with the people
 - b. He was to describe it to the people
 - c. He was to map it
 - d. He was to be gathered to his people (die)
8. What was Moses concerned about after hearing the Lord's words of the end of his life?
 - a. Not being able to enter the promised land
 - b. His family inheritance in the promised land
 - c. Appointing a man to lead Israel after him
 - d. A sacrifice to extend the years of his life
9. Who was appointed to take the place of Moses as leader?
 - a. Eleazar
 - b. Joshua
 - c. Gershom
 - d. Eliezer

10. Moses was to commission this new leader in front of whom?
 - a. Eleazar the priest
 - b. Entire assembly
 - c. The Lord in the Tent of Meeting
 - d. A and B above

11. What did the Lord say about Joshua, son of Nun?
 - a. An humble man
 - b. A man of great strength
 - c. A man in whom is the spirit
 - d. An obedient man

12. Why was Moses to give Joshua some of his authority?
 - a. So the whole Israelite community would obey him
 - b. So the burden of Moses would be lessened
 - c. So Moses could train Joshua to be a leader
 - d. Because Moses had sinned at the waters of Meribah Kadesh

13. How was Joshua to obtain decisions?
 - a. By talking to God face to face
 - b. In visions and dreams
 - c. By inquiring of the Urim before the Lord
 - d. By standing before Eleazar who would obtain decisions for him

14. What did Moses do when he commissioned Joshua?
 - a. Anointed his head with oil
 - b. Took off his clothes and put them on Joshua
 - c. Laid his hands on him
 - d. Sacrificed a burnt offering to the Lord

Numbers 31

1. Upon whom was Moses to take vengeance before he died?
 - a. Edomites
 - b. Hittites
 - c. Ammonites
 - d. Midianites
2. How many men went into battle?
 - a. 1,000
 - b. 10,000
 - c. 1,000 from each tribe
 - d. 12,000 from each tribe
3. Who is specifically mentioned as going into battle with the army against the Midianites?
 - a. Joshua
 - b. Phinehas
 - c. Eleazar
 - d. Rekem
4. What did the son of the priest take into battle?
 - a. Articles from the sanctuary
 - b. Sword and a spear
 - c. Trumpets for signaling
 - d. All the above
 - e. A and C above
5. What happened to the men of Midian?
 - a. They were taken as slaves
 - b. They were exiled to another region
 - c. They were all killed
 - d. They were given a treaty
6. Besides the five kings of Midian, who else was killed in the battle?
 - a. Balak
 - b. Balaam, son of Beor
 - c. Sebam
 - d. Nimrah
7. What did Israel take with them back to their camp on the plains of Moab by the Jordan across from Jericho?
 - a. Women
 - b. Children
 - c. Herds and flocks
 - d. Goods
 - e. All of the above
8. What happened to the Midianite towns?
 - a. They were burned
 - b. They were torn down
 - c. They were abandoned
 - d. They were restored for Israel to inhabit
9. Why was Moses angry with the officers of the army?
 - a. They had not brought back enough plunder
 - b. They had left some of the men alive
 - c. They had allowed all the women to live
 - d. They had become drunk with victory

10. Who had given advice to the Midianite women in turning the Israelites away from the Lord in what happened at Peor?
- a. Evi
 - b. Rekem
 - c. Hur
 - d. Balaam
11. What instructions were given to those who had killed or touched someone who had been killed?
- a. Stay outside the camp seven days
 - b. On the third day purify yourselves and your captives
 - c. On the seventh day purify yourselves and your captives
 - d. Purify every garment and everything made of leather, goat hair or wood
 - e. All of the above
 - f. A, B, and C above
12. What was NOT to be put through the fire to cleanse it?
- a. Gold
 - b. Tin
 - c. Silver
 - d. Bronze
 - e. Clothes
 - f. Iron
 - g. Lead
13. Who was to count all the people and animals that were captured in preparation for dividing the spoils of victory?
- a. Moses and Eleazar
 - b. Family heads of the community
 - c. Joshua and Eleazar
 - d. A and B above
14. What was to be set aside as tribute for the Lord from the soldiers who fought in the battle?
- a. One out of every 100
 - b. One out of every 1000
 - c. One out of every 500
 - d. One out of every 50
15. Where was the tribute from the community of Israelites to go?
- a. Eleazar the priest
 - b. Levites
 - c. Soldiers who fought
 - d. Moses and Joshua
16. How many sheep were given to the Lord as tribute from those who fought?
- a. 675
 - b. 72
 - c. 61
 - d. 32
17. What did the officers of the army tell Moses about the soldiers under their command?
- a. They were now wealthy
 - b. They had been found sinning
 - c. They had been counted and not one was missing
 - d. They were wounded and many had died
18. What did the officers of the army bring as an offering to the Lord?
- a. Silver
 - b. Gold
 - c. Sheep
 - d. Goats

19. What was the weight of the offering of the commanders?
- a. 6,000 shekels
 - b. 16,000 shekels
 - c. 7,500 shekels
 - d. 16,750 shekels

Numbers 32

1. Who had very large herds and flocks?
 - a. Tribes of Dan and Asher
 - b. Tribes of Reuben and Simeon
 - c. Tribes of Ephraim and Manasseh
 - d. Tribes of Reuben and Gad
2. For what lands (suitable for livestock) did the two tribes ask Moses and Eleazar ?
 - a. Jazer and Gilead
 - b. Shittim and Jericho
 - c. Kadesh and the Arnon
 - d. Bamoth Baal and Pisgah
3. What did the two tribes NOT want to do?
 - a. Give their livestock to other tribes
 - b. Fight in any more wars
 - c. Cross the Jordan
 - d. Wander in the desert any more
4. What did Moses say in response to the request made by the two tribes for lands for their livestock?
 - a. Why are you encouraging the Israelites to go over into the land the Lord has given them?
 - b. Why are you not like your fathers, who spied out the land and wanted to go take it?
 - c. Here you are, righteous in your request, pleasing to the Lord
 - d. Shall your countrymen go to war while you sit here?
5. What did Moses say would happen if the two tribes turned away from following the Lord?
 - a. They would be stricken with a plague
 - b. They would be the cause of the destruction of all of Israel
 - c. They would be turned again into slaves
 - d. They would be in danger of the fire of God
6. What did the two tribes want to build in the land before they crossed the Jordan?
 - a. Pens for the livestock and fortified cities for women and children
 - b. A great wall to protect their land from the inhabitants in the land
 - c. Border markers to stake out their land
 - d. Great altars and memorials to God
7. What did the two tribes agree to do for the rest of the Israelites?
 - a. Provide food for them as they crossed the Jordan
 - b. Give them some of their flocks in payment for the land they requested
 - c. Arm themselves and go ahead of the rest of Israel into battle to obtain land for them
 - d. Return to their homes only once a year as the Israelites conquer the land on the other side of Jordan

8. Where did these two tribes agree to receive their inheritance?
 - a. West side of Jordan
 - b. East side of Jordan
 - c. At the foot of Mount Sinai
 - d. A 20 mile border along the banks of the Jordan River

9. When did the two tribes plan to return to their families after fighting for the rest of Israel?
 - a. One time a year
 - b. One time every five years
 - c. When every Israelite had received his inheritance
 - d. Never

10. What was Moses' response to their proposal to leave their flocks and families and fight with the rest of the Israelites?
 - a. If you will do this, this land will be your possession before the Lord
 - b. If you fail to do this, you will be sinning against the Lord
 - c. If you fail to do this, your sin will find you out
 - d. Do what you have promised.
 - e. All of the above
 - f. A and B above

11. In what cities were the families of the Gadites and Reubenites to remain?
 - a. Shittim
 - b. Sinai
 - c. Gilead
 - d. Hebron

12. To whom did Moses give orders about the Gadites and Reubenites concerning possession of land?
 - a. Eleazar, Joshua, and family heads
 - b. Eleazar and Joshua
 - c. Family heads
 - d. Eleazar

13. What did Moses say should happen if the two tribes did NOT cross over with the Israelites armed for battle?
 - a. They should be killed
 - b. They must accept their possession in Canaan instead of what they requested
 - c. Their families should be killed
 - d. The Lord would deal with them severely

14. What did Moses give to the Gadites, Reubenites, and the half-tribe of Manasseh?
 - a. Kingdom of Sihon, king of the Amorites
 - b. Kingdom of Og, king of Bashan
 - c. Kingdom of Balak, king of Moab
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

15. Who gave names to the cities they rebuilt?
 - a. Gadites
 - b. Reubenites
 - c. Half tribe of Manasseh

16. Who went to Gilead, captured it and drove out the Amorites who were there?
 - a. Gadites
 - b. Reubenites
 - c. Makirites

17. What did Jair call their settlements?

- a. Havvoth Jair
- b. Nobah
- c. Kenath

18. Who named its settlements after himself?

- a. Jair
- b. Nobah
- c. Makir

Numbers 33

1. What does Numbers 33 record about the Israelites?
 - a. Their genealogy
 - b. Their census numbers
 - c. The stages of their journey from Egypt to the promised land
 - d. Their laws concerning the tabernacle
2. Who recorded the information in Numbers 33?
 - a. Eleazar
 - b. Aaron
 - c. Joshua
 - d. Moses
3. When did the Israelites set out from Rameses?
 - a. Day before Passover
 - b. Fifteenth day of the first month
 - c. Day after the feast of unleavened bread
 - d. First day of the first month
4. Israel had marched out boldly from Egypt, in full view of what?
 - a. Pharaoh and his army
 - b. Priests of Egyptian gods
 - c. All the Egyptians burying their firstborn
 - d. Magicians and Sorcerers of Egypt
5. Where was the first place the Israelites camped?
 - a. Etham
 - b. Migdol
 - c. Dophkah
 - d. Hazeroth
 - e. Succoth
6. What was the camping place on the edge of the desert?
 - a. Etham
 - b. Migdol
 - c. Dophkah
 - d. Hazeroth
 - e. Alush
7. From where did they pass through the sea?
 - a. Marah
 - b. Elim
 - c. Pi Hahiroth
 - d. Rithmah
8. Which camp had 12 springs and 70 palm trees?
 - a. Marah
 - b. Elim
 - c. Dophkah
 - d. Rimmon Perez
9. Where was there no water for the people to drink?
 - a. Alush
 - b. Rephidim
 - c. Kibroth Hattaavah
 - d. Libnah
10. What mountain was on the border of Edom?
 - a. Mount Sinai
 - b. Mount Nebo
 - c. Mount Hor
 - d. Mount Arnon
11. When did Aaron the priest die?
 - a. First day of the fifth month of the fortieth year after leaving Egypt
 - b. After he had lived 140 years
 - c. The fifth day of the first month of the fortieth year after leaving Egypt
 - d. After he had lived 124 years
12. Who heard that the Israelites were coming?
 - a. Balak, king of Moab
 - b. Og, king of Bashan
 - c. Sihon, king of the Amorites
 - d. Arad, the Canaanite king

13. Where were the mountains of Abarim?
- a. Near Sinai
 - b. Near the Jordan
 - c. Near Nebo
 - d. Near Jericho
14. What did the Lord NOT tell Moses to say to the people about crossing the Jordan into Canaan?
- a. Drive out all the inhabitants of the land before you
 - b. Destroy all their carved images, cast idols, and high places
 - c. Distribute the land by lot according to the ancestral tribes
 - d. Take possession of the land, but do not settle in it yet
15. If they did not drive out the inhabitants they would become _____ and _____.
- a. Friends . . . neighbors
 - b. Impure . . . unrighteous
 - c. Cowards . . . unfaithful
 - d. Barbs . . . thorns
16. How would God punish Israel if they did not follow his instructions in taking over Canaan?
- a. He would send a plague
 - b. He would cause the ground to split
 - c. He would do to them what he planned to do to the Canaanites
 - d. He would send out fire to consume them

Numbers 34

1. What would the southern boundary of Canaan, the land allotted to Israel as an inheritance, include?
 - a. Shepham
 - b. Mount Hor
 - c. End of the Salt Sea
 - d. Riblah
2. What would the western boundary of Canaan be?
 - a. Jordan River
 - b. Coast of the Great Sea
 - c. Sea of Kinnereth
 - d. Great Sea
3. Which boundary would include Mount Hor?
 - a. North
 - b. South
 - c. East
 - d. West
4. Which boundary would go along the Jordan and end at the Salt Sea?
 - a. North
 - b. South
 - c. East
 - d. West
5. How many tribes would inherit the land of Canaan?
 - a. 12
 - b. 9 and $\frac{1}{2}$
 - c. 2 and $\frac{1}{2}$
 - d. 11
6. Which of the following was NOT appointed to assign the land as an inheritance?
 - a. Eleazar
 - b. Joshua
 - c. Caleb
 - d. Moses
 - e. Bukki
 - f. Elizaphan
 - g. Pedahel
7. How many leaders from each tribe were appointed to help assign the land?
 - a. 12
 - b. 2
 - c. 1
 - d. 10

Numbers 35

1. What were the Levites to receive as an inheritance in Canaan?
 - a. A portion of the land determined by lot
 - b. All the areas bordering on rivers
 - c. Part of the land east of the Jordan
 - d. Towns and pasturelands around the towns
2. How much pastureland were the Levites to receive?
 - a. 3,000 feet in all directions from the town
 - b. 1,500 feet in all directions from the town
 - c. 3,000 square feet
 - d. 1,500 square feet
3. How many towns were the Levites to receive?
 - a. 6
 - b. 48
 - c. 42
 - d. 50
4. What special designation were six towns to have?
 - a. City of Priests
 - b. City of Rest
 - c. City of Refuge
 - d. City of Peace
5. What was the special purpose of these six towns of the Levites?
 - a. A place of prayer and meditation
 - b. A place to where someone who has killed someone else accidentally could flee
 - c. A place of worship with burnt sacrifices
 - d. A place of government
6. How were the locations of the special six towns to be determined?
 - a. All six along the Jordan River
 - b. All six on the east of the Jordan River
 - c. All six on the west of the Jordan River
 - d. Three on the east, and three on the west of the Jordan River
7. What were the special six cities to protect against?
 - a. Aliens from being given the privileges of Israelites
 - b. A person accused of murder being killed by an avenger before he stood trial
 - c. People from taking slaves unjustly
 - d. The formation of jails
8. For whom were the six special towns designated?
 - a. Israelites
 - b. Aliens
 - c. Other people living in the land
 - d. All of the above

9. How were they to proportion out the towns of the Levites among the land
 - a. They were all to be located in the center of the boundaries of Canaan
 - b. They were to be divided among the southern and northern edges of the land
 - c. They were to be divided among the eastern and western boundaries
 - d. In proportion to the inheritance of each tribe – more towns from a tribe that has many

10. A man is a murderer if he strikes someone with _____ and he dies.
 - a. An iron object
 - b. A stone
 - c. Wooden object
 - d. Any of the above

11. Who should put a murderer to death?
 - a. The Levite council
 - b. The Priests
 - c. The heads of the clans
 - d. The avenger of blood

12. When is a man considered a murderer?
 - a. When the killing is an accident or unintentional
 - b. When the killing is done with malice aforethought and in hostility
 - c. When the avenger of blood puts a murderer to death
 - d. All of the above

13. Who was to judge between someone who killed accidentally and the avenger of blood?
 - a. The assembly
 - b. The High Priest
 - c. Judges who would be appointed in each town
 - d. Joshua

14. How long was the accused killer to stay in the city of refuge?
 - a. Until the avenger of blood died
 - b. Until the death of the high priest, who was anointed with holy oil
 - c. Until the death of the current judge or king of the land
 - d. Until the death of the tribal leader of the one who died

15. What was permissible if the avenger of blood found the accused outside the limits of the city of refuge?
 - a. He could be brought to trial again
 - b. The avenger could force the accused to return to the city
 - c. It would be a sign of guilt, and anyone could kill him
 - d. The avenger of blood could kill him without being guilty

16. A killer would be put to death as a murderer only on what condition?
 - a. He was accused by the avenger of blood
 - b. There was testimony of one witness against him
 - c. There was testimony of more than one witness against him
 - d. Someone offers to pay his ransom

17. When were they supposed to accept a ransom?
- a. Anytime a ransom was paid for the life of a murderer.
 - b. When a man wanted to return to his own land before the death of the high priest.
 - c. When the avenger of blood was willing to take money instead of the life of the murderer.
 - d. Whenever the assembly council agrees to accept one.
 - e. No justifications for ransoms were given
18. What pollutes the land?
- a. Sin
 - b. Bloodshed
 - c. Trash
 - d. People
19. “_____ dwell among the Israelites.”
- a. Women
 - b. Aliens
 - c. I, the Lord
 - d. Slaves

Numbers 36

1. Who brought a question before Moses and the leaders about the inheritance of the daughters of Zelophehad?
 - a. The family heads of the clan of Gilead
 - b. Makir
 - c. Manasseh
 - d. Joshua
2. What was the main concern in this question about the inheritance of the daughters of Zelophehad?
 - a. Who would get the land if the daughters all died
 - b. How would the land be divided if some of the daughters died
 - c. If they married men from other Israelite tribes, it would cause the descendants of Manasseh to lose part of their inheritance of the land
 - d. Who would inherit their land if they never married and had children
3. If they married men from other tribes, when would their inheritance be added into the new tribe?
 - a. Upon their marriage
 - b. In the Year of Jubilee
 - c. Never
 - d. During the yearly Passover
4. What restriction was placed on the marriage of Zelophehad's daughters?
 - a. They had to marry within 2 years
 - b. They were never to marry
 - c. They had to make sure one daughter never married
 - d. They could marry anyone they pleased as long as it was within the tribal clan of their father
5. What was the law concerning inheritances passing between tribes?
 - a. No inheritance in Israel is to pass from tribe to tribe without the consent of the tribal leaders
 - b. No inheritance in Israel is to pass from tribe to tribe without payment by the receiving tribe
 - c. No inheritance in Israel is to pass from tribe to tribe
 - d. No inheritance in Israel is to pass from tribe to tribe without the blessing of the high priest
6. Whom did Zelophehad's daughters marry?
 - a. Members of the tribe of Judah
 - b. Cousins on their father's side
 - c. Members of the tribes of Reuben and Gad, on the east of Jordan
 - d. Members of the tribe of Levi

Deuteronomy 31

1. How old was Moses when he was no longer able to lead the people?
 - a. 80
 - b. 120
 - c. 100
 - d. 123
2. Who would cross the Jordan ahead of Israel?
 - a. Moses
 - b. Phinehas
 - c. Eleazar
 - d. The Lord himself
3. Who would destroy the nations for Israel in the promised land?
 - a. Joshua
 - b. Phinehas
 - c. The Lord your God
 - d. Moses
4. Who would also cross the Jordan and lead Israel into the promised land?
 - a. Moses
 - b. Aaron
 - c. Eleazar
 - d. Joshua
5. "Be _____ and _____."
 - a. Afraid . . . terrified
 - b. Strong . . . courageous
 - c. Bold . . . Wise
 - d. Prayerful . . . righteous
6. "God will never _____ you nor _____ you."
 - a. Punish . . . kill
 - b. Starve . . . plague
 - c. Leave . . . forsake
 - d. Love . . . forgive
7. Moses told Joshua, "Do not be _____; do not be _____"
 - a. Merciful . . . scared
 - b. Afraid . . . discouraged
 - c. Proud . . . boastful
 - d. Greedy . . . deceitful
8. Who wrote down the law?
 - a. Joshua
 - b. Eleazar
 - c. Moses
 - d. Phinehas
9. To whom did Moses give the written law?
 - a. All elders of Israel
 - b. Priests who carried the ark of the covenant
 - c. Tribe of Reuben, the firstborn
 - d. Joshua
 - e. A and B above
 - f. All the above
10. What happened at the end of every seven years?
 - a. They were to celebrate the Feast of Tabernacles
 - b. It was the year for canceling debts
 - c. It was the year to read the law to the people
 - d. They were to reassign the boundaries of Canaan based on a census
 - e. B and C above

11. Who was to assemble during the Feast of Tabernacles for the reading of the law?
 - a. Men
 - b. Women
 - c. Children
 - d. Aliens
 - e. All the above

12. Why was the law to be read out loud every seven years?
 - a. So people could listen, learn to fear God, and follow carefully the words read
 - b. So the priests could demonstrate their reading ability
 - c. So the people would not forget
 - d. So the scrolls could be checked for wear

13. What did the Lord do when the day of the death of Moses drew near?
 - a. Allowed the people to express their love for Moses
 - b. Gave commands to the people for the burial of Moses
 - c. Commissioned Joshua as the next leader
 - d. Decreed a day of celebration for the life of Moses

14. How did the Lord appear at the Tent of Meeting when Moses and Joshua presented themselves there?
 - a. In a bolt of lightning
 - b. In a pillar of cloud
 - c. In a pillar of fire
 - d. In a burning bush

15. What did the Lord tell Moses that the Israelites would do in the promised land?
 - a. Obey him fully to the end of their days
 - b. Be split into two groups – 2 tribes in one group, and 10 tribes in the other group
 - c. Fight and destroy each other
 - d. Prostitute themselves to foreign gods

16. What would happen when the Israelites broke their covenant with God?
 - a. They would be carried into captivity
 - b. God would become angry and forsake them
 - c. God would forgive them and renew the covenant
 - d. God would strike them dead immediately

17. What would the Israelites say when God hides his face from them?
 - a. Where is God, when you really need him?
 - b. God must have died along with Moses
 - c. Have not these disasters come upon us because our God is not with us?
 - d. What did we do to deserve these difficulties?

18. What was Moses to write down and teach to the people to serve as a witness for God against Israel?
 - a. A song
 - b. The Pentateuch
 - c. A book of prophecy
 - d. The Ten Commandments

19. Where was the book of the words of the law from beginning to end to be kept?
- With Joshua
 - Beside the ark of the covenant
 - In a city of refuge
 - In a cave in the mountain
20. "For I know how _____ and _____ you are."
- Loving . . . kind
 - Sinful . . . arrogant
 - Rebellious . . . stiff-necked
 - Repentant . . . sorry
21. How would the people be after Moses died?
- More rebellious
 - Less rebellious
 - Same amount of grumbling
 - More mature in their knowledge of God
22. What did Moses call on to testify against Israel?
- Elders of the tribes
 - Officials
 - Priests
 - Heaven and earth
23. What was NOT descriptive of what would happen to Israel after Moses died?
- Utterly corrupt
 - Keep the way Moses commanded them
 - Disaster will fall upon them
 - Do evil in the sight of the Lord
 - Provoke the Lord to anger

Deuteronomy 32

1. "Listen, _____, and I will speak; hear, _____, the words of my mouth."
 - a. O Heavens . . . O earth
 - b. O Israel . . . O Sons of Jacob
 - c. All you Priests . . . All you tribal leaders
 - d. O Lord . . . O God
2. "Let my teaching fall like _____."
 - a. Manna
 - b. Rain
 - c. Birds
 - d. Flies
3. "He is the _____, his works are _____."
 - a. Banner . . . victorious
 - b. Strength of a right arm . . . powerful
 - c. Faithful . . . trustworthy
 - d. Rock . . . perfect
4. To their shame they are no longer his children, but a _____.
 - a. Disgrace to his name
 - b. Blight on his inheritance
 - c. Warped and crooked generation
 - d. Sinful and prideful people
5. "Is this the way you repay the Lord, O _____ and _____ people?"
 - a. Vengeful . . . evil
 - b. Foolish . . . unwise
 - c. Forgetful . . . quarreling
 - d. Weak . . . bitter
6. "Is he not your Father, your _____?"
 - a. Friend
 - b. Savior
 - c. Creator
 - d. Guide
7. Whom were they to ask about the days of old and the generations long past?
 - a. God
 - b. Father and elders
 - c. Priests
 - d. Joshua
8. "For the Lord's portion is _____."
 - a. His people
 - b. His inheritance
 - c. His creation
 - d. Large in size
9. "He shielded him and cared for him; he guarded him as _____."
 - a. A small baby
 - b. A tiny lamb
 - c. The apple of his eye
 - d. A precious gift
10. To what creature was the Lord's care compared?
 - a. A lion
 - b. An eagle
 - c. A lamb
 - d. A goat

11. What was NOT included in the list of food mentioned as being provided for the people?
- Fruit of the fields
 - Honey from the rock
 - Curds and milk
 - Fattened lambs and goats
 - Kernels of corn
 - Foaming blood of the grape
12. Jeshurun . . . _____ the God who made him and rejected the _____ his Savior.
- Angered . . . gift of
 - Fled from . . . forgiveness of
 - Abandoned . . . Rock
 - Defied . . . love of
13. What kinds of gods did Israel sacrifice to?
- Foreign gods
 - Detestable idols
 - Demons
 - Gods they had not known
 - Gods that recently appeared
 - Gods the fathers did not fear
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
 - D, E, and F above
14. "They made me jealous by what is _____ and angered me with their worthless _____."
- Evil . . . offerings
 - Powerful . . . strength
 - My possession . . . bargaining
 - No god . . . idols
15. What had been kindled by the Lord's wrath?
- An earthquake
 - Lightning
 - A fire
 - Blazing oil
16. What is NOT listed in the types of calamities to fall on Israel?
- Famine
 - Pestilence and deadly plague
 - Poisoned wild beasts
 - Swords kill the children
17. Why would the Lord not blot out the memory of Israel from mankind?
- The adversary would misunderstand that his hand, and not the Lord, had triumphed
 - Israel was a righteous nation
 - Israel would not follow foreign gods
 - Israel would keep the commandments for all time

18. "They are a nation without _____, there is no _____ in them."
a. Shame . . . conscience
b. Glory . . . victory
c. Sense . . . discernment
d. Sin . . . fault
19. Where do the vines of Israel come from?
a. Valley of Eschol
b. Sodom and Gomorrah
c. Egypt
d. The mountains of Sinai
20. "It is mine to _____; I will _____."
a. Decree . . . do it
b. Destroy . . . burn it with fire
c. Avenge . . . repay
d. Care for . . . do it lovingly
21. When the Lord sees that Israel's strength is gone, He will say, "Now where are _____?"
a. The twelve tribes
b. The leaders of Israel
c. The wise elders
d. Their gods
22. How does God describe himself?
a. I myself am He
b. I put to death and I bring to life
c. I have wounded and I will kill
d. All the above
e. A and B above
f. B and C above
23. What does the Lord grasp in judgment?
a. A long spear
b. A flashing sword
c. A brutal whip
d. Swift arrows
24. "He will take vengeance on his enemies and _____ for his land and people."
a. Make room
b. Provide graciously
c. Make atonement
d. Provide shelter
25. Moses said the words of the song were not just idle words – they were their _____.
a. Nourishment
b. Commandments
c. Hope
d. Life
26. From where did Moses view Canaan?
a. Mount Sinai b. Mount Hor c. Mount Nebo d. Jordan River
27. Where did Moses die?
a. Mount Sinai b. Mount Hor c. Mount Nebo d. Jericho

Deuteronomy 33

1. How is Moses described in the beginning of Deuteronomy 33?
 - a. Humble
 - b. Leader of Israel
 - c. Brave and Strong
 - d. Man of God
2. What did Moses do for the Israelites right before his death?
 - a. Pronounced a blessing on them
 - b. Performed a final miracle
 - c. Held a special day of mourning
 - d. Held a special feast day in his honor
3. In the final blessing, what attributes of God does Moses NOT list?
 - a. Shone forth from Mount Paran
 - b. Came with myriads of holy ones
 - c. Loves the people
 - d. King over Jeshurun
 - e. Bringer of vengeance and fire
4. Of whom was said, "The one the Lord loves rests between his shoulders."
 - a. Reuben
 - b. Judah
 - c. Zebulun and Issachar
 - d. Benjamin
5. Of whom was said, "He chose the best land for himself."
 - a. Simeon
 - b. Gad
 - c. Joseph
 - d. Naphtali
6. Of whom was said, "Let not his men be few."
 - a. Judah
 - b. Asher
 - c. Reuben
 - d. Dan
7. Of whom was said, "_____ is a lion's cub, springing out of Bashan."
 - a. Judah
 - b. Joseph
 - c. Reuben
 - d. Dan
8. Of whom was said, "with the best the sun brings forth and the finest the moon can yield."
 - a. Levi
 - b. Joseph
 - c. Asher
 - d. Zebulun and Issachar
9. Of whom was said, "He watched over your word and guarded your covenant."
 - a. Levi
 - b. Joseph
 - c. Judah
 - d. Dan
10. Of whom was said, "They will feast on the abundance of the seas."
 - a. Dan
 - b. Gad
 - c. Judah
 - d. Zebulun and Issachar
11. Of whom was said, "Your strength will equal your days."
 - a. Reuben
 - b. Asher
 - c. Benjamin
 - d. Joseph
12. Of whom was said, "He will inherit southward to the lake."
 - a. Naphtali
 - b. Gad
 - c. Asher
 - d. Judah
13. Of whom was said, "With his own hands he defends his cause."
 - a. Naphtali
 - b. Gad
 - c. Asher
 - d. Judah

14. "The eternal God is your _____, and underneath are the _____."
- Strength . . . gates of Sheol
 - Refuge . . . everlasting arms
 - Banner . . . feet of warriors
 - Creator . . . greatness of his creations
15. "Who is like you, a people _____."
- Chosen by the Lord
 - Favored by the Lord
 - Saved by the Lord
 - Guided by the Lord
16. "He is your _____ and helper and your glorious _____."
- Guide . . . reward
 - Savior . . . redemption
 - Defender . . . leader
 - Shield . . . sword

Deuteronomy 34

1. How did Moses get to Mount Nebo?
 - a. Joshua took him
 - b. God transported him
 - c. The leaders of Israel carried him
 - d. He climbed
2. What did the Lord show him from the top of Mount Nebo?
 - a. The territory of Ephraim
 - b. The Negev
 - c. City of Palms
 - d. The whole land
3. Where was Moses buried?
 - a. In Canaan
 - b. In Moab, in the valley opposite Beth Peor
 - c. In Beth Peor
 - d. On top of Mount Nebo
4. How was his grave marked?
 - a. With a memorial of 12 stones
 - b. With his staff
 - c. It was not marked – no one knows where his grave is
 - d. With two tablets of stone
5. How is Moses described at the age of 120?
 - a. Feeble
 - b. Deaf
 - c. Thin and emaciated
 - d. Eyes were not weak nor his strength gone
6. How long did the Israelites grieve for Moses?
 - a. 7 days
 - b. 30 days
 - c. 40 days
 - d. one year
7. How is Joshua son of Nun described?
 - a. Filled with the spirit of wisdom
 - b. Filled with strength and power
 - c. Filled with love and compassion
 - d. Filled with humility
8. "Since then, no _____ has risen in Israel like Moses."
 - a. Leader
 - b. Levite
 - c. Prophet
 - d. Priest
9. What was NOT included in the final description of Moses at the end of Deuteronomy?
 - a. Someone whom the Lord knew face to face
 - b. Someone who did miraculous signs and wonders the Lord sent him to do in Egypt
 - c. Someone who had shown mighty power
 - d. Someone who performed awesome deeds
 - e. Someone who was more humble than any man ever to live

What Book and Chapter is This?

- _____ 1. The Israelites oppressed
- _____ 2. The Song of Moses
- _____ 3. The first census
- _____ 4. Miriam and Aaron oppose Moses
- _____ 5. Birth of Moses
- _____ 6. Death of Moses
- _____ 7. The burning bush
- _____ 8. Exploring Canaan – 12 spies
- _____ 9. Moses blessed the Tribes before his death
- _____ 10. Israel must make bricks without straw
- _____ 11. Plague of locusts
- _____ 12. Balaam's donkey
- _____ 13. Zelophehad's daughters request property
- _____ 14. Establishing cities of refuge
- _____ 15. Commandment to read the law every seven years
- _____ 16. Moses flees to Midian
- _____ 17. Second set of stone tablets made
- _____ 18. Ten Commandments
- _____ 19. Signs for Moses to use before Pharaoh
- _____ 20. Zelophehad's daughters marry within their clan
- _____ 21. Family genealogy of Moses and Aaron
- _____ 22. Boundaries of Canaan
- _____ 23. Exodus from Egypt
- _____ 24. Worship of the Golden Calf
- _____ 25. Radiant face of Moses

- _____ 26. Stages of Israel's journey recorded
- _____ 27. Aaron's staff becomes a snake in front of Pharaoh
- _____ 28. Israel rebels after the spies give a fearful report on taking the land of Canaan
- _____ 29. Arrangement of the tribes when camping
- _____ 30. Water turns to blood – first plague
- _____ 31. Song of Moses and Miriam after the crossing of the Red Sea
- _____ 32. Gadites and Reubenites request to stay on the east side of the Jordan River
- _____ 33. Plague of frogs
- _____ 34. Korah, Dathan and Abiram rebel against Moses
- _____ 35. Israel takes revenge on the Midianites
- _____ 36. Plague of hail
- _____ 37. Instructions to the Levite families to care for the tabernacle
- _____ 38. Second census taken
- _____ 39. Plague of gnats
- _____ 40. Joshua appointed to succeed Moses
- _____ 41. Moab leads Israel to worship the Baal of Peor
- _____ 42. Plague of flies
- _____ 43. Balaam's final oracles
- _____ 44. Moses sees the Glory of the Lord pass by
- _____ 45. The bronze snake on a pole used for a cure
- _____ 46. Plague on livestock
- _____ 47. Moses rescued from the Nile River
- _____ 48. Plague of darkness
- _____ 49. Balaam's first three oracles
- _____ 50. Israel defeats Sihon and Og

- _____ 51. Plague of boils
- _____ 52. Death of Aaron
- _____ 53. Moses wrote down the words of the law from beginning to end
- _____ 54. Passover in Egypt
- _____ 55. Balak summons Balaam
- _____ 56. Plague on the firstborn in Egypt
- _____ 57. Edom denies Israel passage through their land
- _____ 58. Quail from the Lord – for a whole month
- _____ 59. Crossing the Red Sea
- _____ 60. Water from the rock at Massah and Meribah
- _____ 61. Canaanite king of Arad destroyed
- _____ 62. Moses strikes the rock instead of speaking to it
- _____ 63. As they left Egypt, Israelites were commanded to consecrate their firstborn
- _____ 64. Bitter waters of Marah
- _____ 65. Aaron's staff sprouted, budded, blossomed, and produced almonds
- _____ 66. A single cluster of grapes carried on a pole between two spies
- _____ 67. Miriam is punished with leprosy
- _____ 68. The Lord gives the Israelites manna
- _____ 69. Aaron and Hur hold the hands of Moses up as Israel fights the Amalekites
- _____ 70. Fire from the Lord at Taberah
- _____ 71. The making of two silver trumpets
- _____ 72. Jethro visits Moses after the exodus from Egypt
- _____ 73. Moses marries Zipporah
- _____ 74. Moses returns to Egypt to ask Pharaoh to let Israel go
- _____ 75. Israelites leave Mount Sinai

- _____76. Israelites arrive at Mount Sinai
- _____77. Moses speaks to God face to face at the “tent of meeting”
- _____78. Jethro gives Moses advice on judging disputes
- _____79. Moses speaks to Pharaoh the FIRST time
- _____80. “Since then, no prophet has risen in Israel like Moses, whom the Lord knew face to face”
- _____81. “They are not just idle words for you – they are your life.”
- _____82. “Be strong and courageous. Do not be afraid or terrified because of them, for the Lord your God goes with you; he will never leave you nor forsake you.”
- _____83. “A star will come out of Jacob; a scepter will rise out of Israel.”
- _____84. “But can I say just anything? I must speak only what God puts in my mouth?”
- _____85. “Because you did not trust in me enough to honor me as holy in the sight of the Israelites, you will not bring this community into the land I give them.”
- _____86. “Nevertheless, in their presumption they went up toward the high hill country, though neither Moses nor the ark of the Lord’s covenant moved from the camp.”
- _____87. “Their protection is gone, but the Lord is with us. Do not be afraid of them.”
- _____88. “We should go up and take possession of the land, for we can certainly do it.”
- _____89. “Moses was a very humble man, more humble than anyone else on the face of the earth.”
- _____90. “How will anyone know that you are pleased with me and with your people unless you go with us? What else will distinguish me and your people from all the other people on the face of the earth?”
- _____91. “It is not the sound of victory, it is not the sound of defeat; it is the sound of singing that I hear.”
- _____92. “Do not be afraid. God has come to test you, so that the fear of God will be with you to keep you from sinning.”
- _____93. “You shall have no other gods before me.”
- _____94. “Select capable men from all the people – men who fear God, trustworthy men who hate dishonest gain – and appoint them as officials over thousands, hundreds, fifties, and tens.”
- _____95. “Moses built an altar and called it The Lord is my Banner”.

- _____ 96. "If you pay attention to his commands and keep all his decrees, I will not bring on you any of the diseases I brought on the Egyptians, for I am the Lord, who heals you."
- _____ 97. "Who among the gods is like you, O Lord? Who is like you – majestic in holiness, awesome in glory, working wonders?"
- _____ 98. "Stand firm and you will see the deliverance the Lord will bring you today. The Egyptians you see today you will never see again. The Lord will fight for you; you need only to be still."
- _____ 99. "When I see the blood, I will pass over you."
- _____ 100. "Take off your sandals, for the place where you are standing is holy ground."
- _____ 101. "God said to Moses, 'I AM WHO I AM'".
- _____ 102. "Every boy that is born you must throw into the Nile, but let every girl live."
- _____ 103. "This is one of the Hebrew babies."
- _____ 104. "O Lord, I have never been eloquent, neither in the past nor since you have spoken to your servant. I am slow of speech and tongue."
- _____ 105. "This is what the Lord, the God of Israel, says: 'Let my people go, so that they may hold a festival to me in the desert.'"

Answer Keys

Ex 1	Ex 2	Ex 3	Ex 4	Ex 5	Ex 6	Ex 7	Ex 8	Ex 9
1-c	1-d	1-d	1-c	1-d	1-d	1-d	1-b	1-c
2-d	2-c	2-c	2-b	2-c	2-b	2-b	2-d	2-b
3-b	3-a	3-b	3-d	3-a	3-c	3-b	3-e	3-a
4-a	4-b	4-c	4-c	4-d	4-g	4-c	4-b	4-c
5-d	5-d	5-b	5-a	5-a	5-a	5-d	5-a	5-e
6-a	6-c	6-a	6-b	6-b	6-b	6-a	6-c	6-b
7-d	7-b	7-c	7-c	7-c	7-a	7-b	7-a	7-d
8-b	8-a	8-e	8-c	8-d	8-d	8-d	8-c	8-c
9-c	9-b	9-c	9-a	9-c	9-c	9-b	9-a	9-d
10-a	10-c	10-c	10-d	10-b	10-c	10-c	10-c	10-c
11-b	11-d	11-a	11-c	11-a	11-a	11-a	11-c	11-b
12-b	12-b	12-c	12-b	12-d	12-b	12-d	12-a	12-a
13-c	13-a	13-b	13-a	13-c	13-a	13-b	13-d	13-b
14-a	14-c	14-d	14-b		14-c	14-e	14-b	14-d
15-d	15-c	15-b	15-c			15-c	15-a	15-e
	16-b	16-c	16-d			16-b	16-c	16-d
	17-d	17-d				17-c	17-d	17-b
	18-a	18-a					18-d	18-c
	19-c	19-d					19-c	
	20-b						20-a	
	21-c						21-c	
	22-a							
	23-d							

Ex 10	Ex 11	Ex 12	Ex 12-c	Ex 13	Ex 14	Ex 15	Ex 16	Ex 17
1-d	1-a	1-b	23-e	1-d	1-c	1-c	1-c	1-c
2-c	2-d	2-d	24-b	2-c	2-d	2-d	2-b	2-b
3-d	3-c	3-b	25-d	3-a	3-b	3-a	3-a	3-d
4-a	4-b	4-d	26-b	4-b	4-f	4-b	4-d	4-a
5-c	5-c	5-c	27-e	5-d	5-c	5-c	5-a	5-c
6-e	6-e	6-d	28-a	6-d	6-a	6-d	6-c	6-d
7-b	7-d	7-a	29-a	7-a	7-e	7-a	7-d	7-c
8-d	8-b	8-e	30-d	8-b	8-c	8-c	8-e	8-a
9-c	9-d	9-c	31-b	9-c	9-b	9-a	9-b	9-c
10-a	10-a	10-d		10-b	10-c	10-d	10-d	10-b
11-b	11-d	11-b		11-a	11-d	11-c	11-a	11-d
12-d	12-a	12-c		12-d	12-b	12-b	12-b	12-c
13-d		13-a		13-b	13-c	13-a	13-c	13-b
14-c		14-d		14-c	14-a	14-d	14-b	14-d
15-b		15-c		15-b	15-b	15-c	15-e	15-c
16-c		16-b		16-a	16-c	16-d	16-c	16-d
17-d		17-d		17-a	17-b	17-a	17-a	17-a
18-b		18-a			18-d	18-b	18-b	18-c
		19-c			19-b	19-c		19-d
		20-c			20-d	20-d		20-d
		21-d			21-d	21-c		
		22-b			22-a	22-d		

Answer Keys

Ex 18	Ex 19	Ex 20	Ex 32	Ex 33	Ex 34	Num 1	Num 2	Num 3
1-a	1-b	1-d	1-c	1-a	1-c	1-c	1-b	1-d
2-c	2-a	2-a	2-b	2-a	2-b	2-b	2-d	2-c
3-d	3-c	3-d	3-a	3-c	3-a	3-c	3-b	3-b
4-b	4-d	4-c	4-d	4-d	4-e	4-e	4-c	4-f
5-c	5-b	5-b	5-d	5-b	5-d	5-a	5-a	5-c
6-a	6-c	6-d	6-a	6-c	6-a	6-c	6-c	6-b
7-b	7-d	7-b	7-a	7-d	7-d	7-d	7-c	7-a
8-d	8-b	8-d	8-d	8-d	8-c	8-b	8-a	8-d
9-c	9-c	9-e	9-b	9-c	9-b	9-a		9-b
10-b	10-a	10-c	10-a	10-d	10-c	10-b		10-c
11-a	11-d	11-b	11-d	11-b	11-b	11-c		11-d
12-d	12-c	12-c	12-c	12-c	12-b	12-d		12-b
13-c	13-a	13-f	13-c	13-a	13-c			13-b
14-b	14-b	14-b	14-e	14-d	14-c			14-a
15-d	15-c	15-d	15-b	15-b	15-b			15-c
16-d	16-b	16-c	16-d	16-c	16-d			16-b
17-a	17-a	17-b	17-a	17-a	17-c			17-a
18-c	18-d	18-d	18-b		18-a			18-b
		19-d	19-c					19-c
		20-a	20-a					20-b
			21-b					21-b
			22-b					22-c
			23-c					
Num 10	Num 11	Num 11-c	Num 12	Num 13	Num 14	Num 14-c	Num 16	Num 16-c
1-d	1-d	23-b	1-e	1-b	1-c	23-b	1-f	23-c
2-b	2-c	24-d	2-c	2-a	2-b	24-c	2-c	24-a
3-c	3-b	25-a	3-d	3-c	3-d	25-f	3-a	25-c
4-a	4-a	26-c	4-b	4-e	4-c	26-b	4-b	26-d
5-c	5-c	27-b	5-a	5-d	5-b		5-d	27-b
6-b	6-a		6-c	6-l	6-d		6-c	
7-c	7-b		7-b	7-c	7-b		7-d	
8-a	8-d		8-a	8-b	8-b		8-b	
9-c	9-c		9-c	9-d	9-d		9-a	
10-a	10-d		10-d	10-e	10-f		10-f	
11-d	11-c		11-c	11-g	11-c		11-a	
12-b	12-b		12-d	12-c	12-d		12-c	
13-d	13-c		13-b	13-b	13-b		13-d	
14-b	14-d			14-c	14-a		14-c	
15-c	15-b			15-a	15-b		15-b	
16-b	16-e			16-b	16-d		16-b	
17-d	17-c			17-c	17-b		17-d	
18-b	18-d			18-d	18-c		18-a	
19-d	19-b			19-b	19-c		19-d	
20-c	20-d			20-c	20-d		20-b	
21-b	21-f				21-b		21-c	
22-d	22-c				22-g		22-b	

Answer Keys

Num 17	Num 20	Num 21	Num 22	Num 23	Num 24	Num 25	Num 26	Num 27
1-d	1-b	1-b	1-c	1-c	1-b	1-e	1-e	1-c
2-b	2-d	2-c	2-d	2-e	2-c	2-b	2-b	2-d
3-c	3-c	3-d	3-b	3-c	3-e	3-b	3-c	3-a
4-a	4-a	4-b	4-c	4-b	4-g	4-d	4-c	4-b
5-c	5-d	5-c	5-b	5-d	5-c	5-c	5-b	5-c
6-d	6-c	6-a	6-d	6-a	6-b	6-b	6-d	6-b
7-b	7-d	7-c	7-b	7-d	7-a	7-d	7-c	7-d
8-c	8-b	8-b	8-c	8-c	8-c	8-a	8-a	8-c
9-b	9-d	9-c	9-b	9-b	9-b	9-c	9-d	9-b
	10-c	10-b	10-d	10-c	10-d	10-a	10-a	10-d
	11-a	11-c	11-b	11-d	11-b	11-d	11-c	11-c
	12-d	12-d	12-a	12-b	12-d	12-b	12-c	12-a
	13-b	13-d	13-c	13-a	13-d		13-a	13-d
	14-d	14-b	14-d	14-c	14-b		14-b	14-c
	15-c	15-a	15-b	15-e	15-a		15-c	
	16-b	16-c	16-a	16-b	16-c		16-d	
	17-d	17-b	17-d	17-c	17-b		17-b	
	18-b	18-a	18-b	18-d			18-c	
		19-b	19-c	19-b				
		20-b	20-b	20-c				
			21-a	21-d				
			22-d	22-a				
			23-b	23-c				
			24-d	24-b				
			25-b	25-c				
			26-a					
			27-c					
Num 31	Num 32	Num 33	Num 34	Num 35	Num 36	Dt 31	Dt 31-c	
1-d	1-d	1-c	1-c	1-d	1-a	1-b	20-c	
2-c	2-a	2-d	2-d	2-a	2-c	2-d	21-a	
3-b	3-c	3-b	3-a	3-b	3-b	3-c	22-d	
4-e	4-d	4-c	4-c	4-c	4-d	4-d	23-b	
5-c	5-b	5-e	5-b	5-b	5-c	5-b		
6-b	6-a	6-a	6-d	6-d	6-b	6-c		
7-e	7-c	7-c	7-c	7-b		7-b		
8-a	8-b	8-b		8-d		8-c		
9-c	9-c	9-b		9-d		9-e		
10-d	10-e	10-c		10-d		10-e		
11-e	11-c	11-a		11-d		11-e		
12-e	12-a	12-d		12-b		12-a		
13-d	13-b	13-c		13-a		13-c		
14-c	14-e	14-d		14-b		14-b		
15-b	15-b	15-d		15-d		15-d		
16-a	16-c	16-c		16-c		16-b		
17-c	17-a			17-e		17-c		
18-b	18-b			18-b		18-a		
19-d				19-c		19-b		

Answer Keys

Dt 32	Dt 33	Dt 34	What Book and Chapter Is This?		
1-a	1-d	1-d	1-Ex 1	41-Num 25	81-Dt 32
2-b	2-a	2-d	2-Dt 32	42-Ex 8	82-Dt 31
3-d	3-e	3-b	3-Num 1	43-Num 24	83-Num 24
4-c	4-d	4-c	4-Num 12	44-Ex 33	84-Num 22
5-b	5-b	5-d	5-Ex 2	45-Num 21	85-Num 20
6-c	6-c	6-b	6-Dt 34	46-Ex 9	86-Num 14
7-b	7-d	7-a	7-Ex 3	47-Ex 2	87-Num 14
8-a	8-b	8-c	8-Num 13	48-Ex 10	88-Num 13
9-c	9-a	9-e	9-Dt 33	49-Num 23	89-Num 12
10-b	10-d		10-Ex 5	50-Num 21	90-Ex 33
11-e	11-b		11-Ex 10	51-Ex 9	91-Ex 32
12-c	12-a		12-Num 22	52-Num 20	92-Ex 20
13-g	13-d		13-Num 27	53-Dt 31	93-Ex 20
14-d	14-b		14-Num 35	54-Ex 12	94-Ex 18
15-c	15-c		15-Dt 31	55-Num 22	95-Ex 17
16-c	16-d		16-Ex 2	56-Ex 11	96-Ex 15
17-a			17-Ex 34	57-Num 20	97-Ex 15
18-c			18-Ex 20	58-Num 11	98-Ex 14
19-b			19-Ex 4	59-Ex 14	99-Ex 12
20-c			20-Num 36	60-Ex 17	100-Ex 3
21-d			21-Ex 6	61-Num 21	101-Ex 3
22-e			22-Num 34	62-Num 20	102-Ex 1
23-b			23-Ex 12	63-Ex 13	103-Ex 2
24-c			24-Ex 32	64-Ex 15	104-Ex 4
25-d			25-Ex 34	65-Num 17	105-Ex 5
26-c			26-Num 33	66-Num 13	
27-c			27-Ex 7	67-Num 12	
			28-Num 14	68-Ex 16	
			29-Num 2	69-Ex 17	
			30-Ex 7	70-Num 11	
			31-Ex 15	71-Num 10	
			32-Num 32	72-Ex 18	
			33-Ex 8	73-Ex 2	
			34-Num 16	74-Ex 4	
			35-Num 31	75-Num 10	
			36-Ex 9	76-Ex 19	
			37-Num 3	77-Ex 33	
			38-Num 26	78-Ex 18	
			39-Ex 8	79-Ex 5	
			40-Num 27	80-Dt 34	