



2009-2010

The Rock

Multiple Choice Questions for

2 Samuel

Teacher Edition

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We learn about David from many Old Testament books including Samuel, Kings, Chronicles, and Psalms, as well as from numerous New Testament references.

There is nothing lukewarm about this central figure in the lineage of Jesus. We see in David a man capable of evil, yet commended by God as a man after his own heart.

On behalf of the many contributors (see below) who produced this multiple choice guide, I invite you to learn from 2 Samuel about the consequences of sin and the blessing of honoring our loving and forgiving God.

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2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 1 BASIC QUESTIONS

1.01 [1:1] The beginning of 2 Samuel tells about the death of which king?

- A. David
- B. Saul
- C. Herod Antipas
- D. Herod the Great

1.02 [1:1] In chapter 1, where did David stay after defeating the Amalekites?

- A. Jerusalem
- B. Ziklag
- C. Bethel
- D. Gaza

1.03 [1:2] Who arrived at David's camp with his clothes torn and dust on his head?

- A. King Saul
- B. A man from David's camp
- C. A man from Saul's camp
- D. None of these

1.04 [1:4] What was the name of Saul's son who died with him?

- A. Joseph
- B. Jonathan
- C. Benjamin
- D. Abraham

1.05 [1:2-4] A man from Saul's camp told David that _____ had died.

- A. the captain of David's army
- B. Saul and Jonathan
- C. David's father
- D. David's brother

1.06 [1:5] When he was told Saul and Jonathan were dead, what did David ask?

- A. "Who else is dead in addition to Saul and his son Jonathan?"
- B. "Where did Saul and his son Jonathan die?"
- C. "How did Saul and his son Jonathan die?"
- D. "How do you know that Saul and his son Jonathan are dead?"

1.07 [1:6] Where did Saul die?

- A. Mount Ararat
- B. Ziklag
- C. Mount Gilboa
- D. Bethel

1.08 [1:7] What did the Amalekite man say when Saul called out to him on Mount Gilboa?

- A. "Let me go in peace."
- B. "The chariots are almost upon you."
- C. "What can I do?"
- D. "Who are you?"

1.09 [1:9] Why did Saul want the Amalekite man to kill him?

- A. His duty as king was to die on the battlefield.
- B. He knew he had sinned against God and had no hope.
- C. He was overcome with grief over the loss of Jonathan, his son.
- D. He was in the throes of death, but still alive.

1.10 [1:10] What did the Amalekite bring to David from Saul?

- A. Saul's crown and arm band
- B. Saul's head
- C. Saul's robe and crown
- D. Saul's spear and horse

1.11 [1:11] What did David and his men do upon hearing how Saul died?

- A. Poured ashes on their heads
- B. Shouted for joy, feasted, and danced together
- C. Tore their clothes, mourned, wept, and fasted.
- D. Praised God

1.12 [1:12] How long did David and his men weep, mourn, and fast for Saul and Jonathan?

- A. for 3 days
- B. till evening
- C. till the next morning
- D. for one year

1.13 [1:13] When David asked the man who killed Saul where he was from, he answered, "I am the son of _____."

- A. a friend
- B. Jonah
- C. Adonijah
- D. an alien

1.14 [1:14] David asked the Amalekite, "Why were you not afraid to lift your hand to destroy _____?"

- A. your greatest enemy
- B. the king of Israel
- C. the LORD
- D. the LORD's anointed

1.15 [1:15] What did David tell one of his men to do with the Amalekite who killed Saul?

- A. "Go, kill the fatted calf for him!"
- B. "Go, strike him down!"
- C. "Go, put him in chains!"
- D. "Go, bring him a crown!"

1.16 [1:16] Why did David have the young Amalekite killed?

- A. The man had killed the LORD's anointed.
- B. The man had stolen the crown
- C. A sacrifice was called for
- D. When a member of the tribe died, someone else had to die.

1.17 [1:18] In addition to 2 Samuel, what book contains the lament of the bow that David wrote about Saul and Jonathan?

- A. Lamentations
- B. Acts of the Apostles
- C. Book of Jashar
- D. Song of Solomon

1.18 [1:18] What did David order the men of Judah to be taught?

- A. the strategies of war
- B. the lament of the bow
- C. the laws of the nation
- D. the way to Jerusalem

1.19 [1:19] What did David's lament say about Israel's glory?

- A. It would continue forever.
- B. It was coming with the Messiah.
- C. It lies slain on Israel's heights.
- D. It was coming to an end in three months.

1.20 [1:20] Why did David say not to tell how the mighty had fallen in Gath and Ashkelon?

- A. the cities would collapse
- B. the daughters of the Philistines would be glad
- C. the dwellers in those cities would be sad
- D. their enemies would attack them

1.21 [1:23] To what creatures did David compare Saul and Jonathan?

- A. Eagles and lions
- B. Horses and cattle
- C. Doves and serpents
- D. Lions and lambs

1.22 [1:23] David said about Saul and Jonathan, "In life, they were loved and gracious, and in death, they were ____."

- A. loved even more
- B. not parted
- C. not the same
- D. peaceful at last

1.23 [1:24] What did David say Saul had done for the women of Israel?

- A. Set them free
- B. Gave them children
- C. Snatched them from the abyss
- D. Clothed them in scarlet and finery

1.24 [1:24] In David's lament to Saul and Jonathan, who does he tell to weep for Saul?

- A. men and women of Israel
- B. women of all nations
- C. daughters of Ziklag
- D. daughters of Israel

1.25 [1:26] David said Jonathan's love for him was more wonderful than ____?

- A. that of his mother
- B. God's love
- C. that of women
- D. his brothers

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 1 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

1.26A [1:2] What did the man from Saul's camp do when he came to David?

- A. He fell to the ground and begged for mercy.
- B. He ran away.
- C. He fell to the ground to pay David honor.
- D. He took out his sword and tried to kill David.

1.27A [1:6] What was Saul doing when the Amalekite found him?

- A. Fighting the Philistines
- B. Crying
- C. Leaning on his spear
- D. Laying beside Jonathan

1.28A [1:16] What statement did the Amalekite make that testified against him?

- A. "I saw the man that killed Saul but did not stop him."
- B. "I rejoiced at Saul's death"
- C. "I killed the LORD's anointed."
- D. "I saw that Jonathan was dead and thought that Saul had killed him, so I killed Saul."

1.29A [1:16] To whom did David say, "Your blood be on your own head."?

- A. Saul
- B. His own men for not going to the aid of Saul
- C. The Israelite nation
- D. The Amalekite

1.30A [1:17] About whom was the lament of the bow written

- A. The Amalekite
- B. David
- C. The Israelite nation
- D. Saul and his son Jonathan

1.31A [1:17] Who wrote the lament of the bow?

- A. The Amalekite
- B. David
- C. One of David's men
- D. Jonathan

1.32A [1:20] David wrote that the daughters of the Philistines were the daughters of whom?

- A. The gods of the Baals
- B. The Hebrews
- C. Molek
- D. The uncircumcised

1.33A [1:21] David's curse on the mountain of Gilboa was that the mountains have what?

- A. An earthquake to take them to the deep
- B. War and bloodshed for four hundred years.
- C. Neither dew or rain nor fields that yield offerings of grain
- D. Snow the year round

1.34A [1:21] On Mount Gilboa the shield of the mighty was _____ and the shield of Saul was no longer _____.

- A. Taken in battle
- B. Destroyed sound
- C. Honored raised in battle
- D. Defiled rubbed with oil

1.35A [1:22] "the _____ of Jonathan did not turn back"

- A. bow
- B. countenance
- C. desire
- D. arrows

1.36A [1:19,25,27] What phrase appears three times in David's song of lament?

- A. How the mighty have fallen
- B. The Philistines will suffer for this.
- C. Saul got what was coming to him.
- D. I will have revenge.

1.37A [1:27] At the end of chapter 1, what has happened to the weapons of war?

- A. They have vanquished their foes.
- B. They are raised in anger.
- C. They have perished.
- D. They are busy at work.

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 2 BASIC QUESTIONS

2.01 [2:1] At the beginning of chapter 2, where did the LORD tell David to go?

- A. Gibeah
- B. Jerusalem
- C. Hebron
- D. Beersheba

2.02 [2:2] Nabal was a man from what city?

- A. Jerusalem
- B. Bethlehem
- C. Hebron
- D. Carmel

2.03 [2:2-3] Who settled in Hebron with David before he was anointed as king?

- A. David's two wives
- B. The men who were with David, each with his family
- C. The men of Judah
- D. A & B

2.04 [2:4] Who anointed David king over the house of Judah?

- A. Saul's sons
- B. The commander of Saul's army
- C. The men of Judah
- D. Abner

2.05 [2:4] Who had buried Saul?

- A. Jonathan's son
- B. The men of Jabesh Gilead
- C. His army
- D. The men of Judah

2.06 [2:5] David said that the men of Jabesh Gilead had done what?

- A. Made David king
- B. Honored David by honoring Saul
- C. Had shown kindness to Saul their master by burying him.
- D. Claimed victory over the Philistines

2.07 [2:5-6] With what did David ask the LORD to bless those who buried Saul?

- A. kindness and faithfulness
- B. long lives and happiness
- C. power and honor
- D. gold and riches

2.08 [2:7] David asked the men of Jabesh Gilead to be _____.

- A. Strong and brave
- B. Understanding
- C. Worthy of victory
- D. Loyal in battle

2.09 [2:8-9] Who made Ish-Bosheth, son of Saul, king over all Israel?

- A. Samuel
- B. God
- C. Abner
- D. David

2.10 [2:10] How many years did Ish-Bosheth reign?

- A. 2
- B. 5
- C. 10
- D. 20

2.11 [2:11] How long was David king in Hebron over Judah?

- A. Seven years and six months
- B. Two years
- C. Three years and nine months
- D. Ten years

2.12 [2:13] Who went with David's men to meet Abner and Ish-Bosheth's men at the pool of Gibeon?

- A. Rizpah, daughter of Aiah
- B. Joab, son of Zeruiah
- C. David, son of Jesse
- D. Samuel, son of Elkanah

2.13 [2:14] What did Abner suggest that the two groups who met at Gibeon do?

- A. Select one captain for both of them
- B. Surrender to one another
- C. Select men to fight hand to hand
- D. Have a feast

2.14 [2:15] How many young men from each side fought at the Gibeon pool?

- A. 10
- B. 12
- C. 500
- D. 1000

2.15 [2:17] Who won the battle at Gibeon?

- A. Abner's men
- B. David's men
- C. Asahel
- D. No one. They all died.

2.16 [2:18] Give the description of Asahel according to 2 Samuel.

- A. He was as fleet-footed as a wild gazelle
- B. He was like a wild boar
- C. He was as fleet-footed as a Cheetah
- D. He was tall and swift

2.17 [2:18-19] Who chased Abner at Gibeon?

- A. Asahel
- B. Abishai
- C. Joab
- D. Ish-Bosheth

2.18 [2:22] What was the warning that Abner gave to Asahel?

- A. Stop chasing me or I will deliver you to the Philistines.
- B. Stop chasing me! Why should I strike you down?
- C. God will judge between us.
- D. I will defeat you and all your men by the hand of God

2.19 [2:22] What could Abner NOT do if he killed Asahel?

- A. Return to Jerusalem
- B. Become king
- C. Look Asahel's brother, Joab, in the face
- D. Battle the Philistines

2.20 [2:24] After Asahel died, who pursued Abner?

- A. Joab
- B. Abishai
- C. David
- D. A & B

2.21 [2:25] What tribe rallied behind Abner at Gibeon?

- A. Simeon
- B. Judah
- C. Benjamin
- D. Gad

2.22 [2:26] Who asked Joab to order his men to stop pursuing their brothers?

- A. Abishai
- B. Asahel
- C. David
- D. Abner

2.23 [2:26-28] What did Joab do after Abner said, "Must the sword devour forever? Don't you realize that this will end in bitterness?"

- A. Blew the trumpet
- B. Stopped their pursuit of Israel
- C. Continued to chase Abner
- D. A & B

2.24 [2:29] After the battle at Gibeon, to where did Abner and his men march?

- A. Hebron
- B. Bethlehem
- C. Jerusalem
- D. Mahanaim

2.25 [2:30] Besides Asahel, how many of David's men were missing after the battle at Gibeon?

- A. 19
- B. 60
- C. 300
- D. 1000

2.26 [2:32] What did Joab do before marching back to Hebron from Gibeon?

- A. Made peace with the Benjamites
- B. Sacrificed an offering.
- C. Buried Asahel in his father's tomb.
- D. Cursed Abner.

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 2 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

2.27A [2:2] Who were the two wives that David took with him to Hebron?

- A. Michal, daughter of Saul, and Ahinoam of Jezreel
- B. Abigail, the widow of Nabal, and Michal
- C. Michal and Merab
- D. Ahinoam of Jezreel and Abigail, the widow of Nabal

2.28A [2:10] How old was Ish-Bosheth when he became King?

- A. 20
- B. 35
- C. 40
- D. 45

2.29A [2:16] What happened in the fight at the pool of Gibeon?

- A. The men of Joab ran for their lives
- B. They grabbed their opponent's sword and thrust their own dagger into his opponent's side
- C. They grabbed their opponent by the head and thrust his dagger into his opponent's side.
- D. Abner's men killed the men of Joab

2.30A [2:16] What was the name of the place called after Abner's men and Joab's men fought?

- A. Gath-Hazzurim
- B. Helkath Hazzurim
- C. The field of Blood
- D. Hazzurim-Helkath

2.31A [2:15-16(foot)] The meaning of Helkath Hazzurim, where 12 young men on each side fought, is field of ____.

- A. bitterness
- B. wild gazelles
- C. dreams
- D. daggers or hostilities

2.32A [2:18] Name the three sons of Zeruiah

- A. Joab, Abishai and Asahel
- B. Joab, Abishai and Abner
- C. Joab, Nabishai and Asahel
- D. Ashel, Joab, and David

2.33A [2:21] What did Abner ask Asahel to do?

- A. Join me and allow me to make you king
- B. Remember your Creator in the days of your youth
- C. Join me in defeating David
- D. Turn aside to the right or to the left; take on one of the young men and strip him of his weapons.

2.34A [2:23] What did Abner do to Asahel?

- A. Thrust the arrow of his bow into Asahel's stomach and it came out through his back
- B. Thrust the butt of his spear into Asahel's stomach and the spear came out through his back.
- C. Embraced him as a brother
- D. Fell on his neck and kissed him

2.35A [2:15-16,23] Who did NOT die in 2 Samuel Chapter 2?

- A. Saul
- B. 12 young men of Benjamin and Ish-Bosheth
- C. Asahel
- D. 12 young men of David

2.36A [2:25-28] Who had taken their stand on the hill just before the fighting stopped at Gibeon?

- A. Abner and the Benjamites
- B. Joab and Abishai
- C. Asahel's men
- D. the Philistines

2.37A [2:31] After the fight between Abner's men and Joab's men, how many of the Benjamites with Abner were killed?

- A. 49
- B. 156
- C. 360
- D. 385

2.38A [2:32] What town is described as an all-night march away from Hebron?

- A. Mahanaim
- B. Arabah
- C. Jezreel
- D. Bethlehem

2.39A [2:18,32] Whose tomb was Asahel buried in?

- A. his own
- B. Abner's
- C. Joab's
- D. Zeruiah's

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 3 BASIC QUESTIONS

3.01 [3:1] The war between the house of Saul and the house of David lasted a long time. David grew _____, while the house of Saul grew weaker and weaker.

- A. tired of the war
- B. closer to the LORD
- C. Stronger and stronger
- D. weary of waiting

3.02 [3:3] Who was the widow of Nabal of Carmel?

- A. Tabitha
- B. Debra
- C. Abigail
- D. Jezebel

3.03 [3:6] During the war between David and Saul, with whom was Abner aligned first?

- A. The house of Saul
- B. Joab
- C. Absalom
- D. The house of Judah

3.04 [3:7] Who was the concubine of Saul?

- A. Rizpah, daughter of Aiah
- B. Jezabel
- C. Reaham
- D. Rachel, Daughter of Azariah

3.05 [3:8] Abner answered Ish-Bosheth, "Am I a _____ on Judah's side?"

- A. A dog's tail
- B. A pig's eye
- C. A dog's head
- D. A pig's purse

3.06 [3:10] Abner told Ish-Bosheth the kingdom would transfer from _____.

- A. the house of Saul
- B. Israel
- C. the house of Judah
- D. None of these

3.07 [3:11] Why did Ish-Bosheth not say anything to Abner when he changed loyalty from Saul's house to David's house?

- A. He thought Abner was going to make him second in command.
- B. He was afraid of Abner.
- C. He knew Abner was to be made king.
- D. Saul had told him not to.

3.08 [3:13] Who did David demand that Abner bring to him?

- A. Paltiel
- B. Joab
- C. Michal
- D. Abner

3.09 [3:15] Who was Michal married to when Abner took her to David?

- A. Joab
- B. Paltiel, son of Laish
- C. Peleg, son of Lapuh
- D. Ahab

3.10 [3:16] What did Paltiel do when Michal was taken by Abner?

- A. went with her to plead with David for asylum
- B. went with her weeping all the way to Bahurim
- C. fled the land in fear of David
- D. remained in the house of Saul to be given another wife

3.11 [3:16] What did Abner tell Paltiel to do at Bahurim?

- A. "Honor King David!"
- B. "Bring a sacrifice to the LORD for your wickedness."
- C. "Attack the house of Israel to show David your allegiance."
- D. "Go back home!"

3.12 [3:17] Why did Abner tell the elders of Israel to make David the king of Israel?

- A. It was the LORD's decree.
- B. They were afraid of David.
- C. The prophets had declared the word of the LORD to the house of Israel.
- D. For some time they had wanted to make David the king of Israel.

3.13 [3:18] What had the LORD promised David?

- A. "By my servant David I will win the war against Saul."
- B. "By my servant David I will rescue my people Israel."
- C. "No one will ever harm you, David."
- D. "David, after my own heart, you will be leader of my people."

3.14 [3:19] What did Abner tell David when he met him at Hebron?

- A. That Ish-Bosheth was leading an army against him
- B. Everything that Israel and the whole house of Benjamin wanted to do.
- C. That the house of Israel was in defiance
- D. A & B

3.15 [3:20] How many men went with Abner when he went to speak with David at Hebron?

- A. 12
- B. 20
- C. 24
- D. 40

3.16 [3:21] How did David send Abner away?

- A. In peace
- B. Confused
- C. As a commander of his men
- D. Angry

3.17 [3:22] When Joab returned to Hebron after Abner left, what did he bring with him?

- A. The idols of Baal
- B. Money from the Amalekites for peace
- C. A great deal of plunder
- D. The king of the Philistines

3.18 [3:23] Abner was the son of _____.

- A. Nod
- B. Ner
- C. Saul
- D. Benjamin

3.19 [3:24-25] What did Joab say was Abner's reason for coming to David?

- A. To kill David's sons.
- B. To betray Ish-Bosheth
- C. To deceive David.
- D. To make peace.

3.20 [3:26] What did Joab do that David did not know about?

- A. Sent messengers to bring back Abner
- B. Killed a sheep for sacrifice
- C. Stole one of David's sons
- D. All of these

3.21 [3:27] What did Joab do when Abner returned to Hebron?

- A. He took him aside into the gateway, as though to speak with him privately, and stabbed him in the stomach.
- B. Stabbed him in the heart
- C. Made a compact against David
- D. He took him aside into the gateway so as to speak of a military campaign.

3.22 [3:28] What did David say when he heard what Joab had done with Abner?

- A. "Saul would be proud of you."
- B. "Good job, Joab."
- C. "You should have asked me first."
- D. "I and my kingdom are innocent concerning the blood of Abner."

3.23 [3:30] In addition to Joab, who else had participated in the murder of Abner?

- A. Adonijah
- B. Abishai
- C. Eglah
- D. Asahel

3.24 [3:31] When David ordered Joab and his men to walk in mourning in front of Abner, where did David walk?

- A. Right behind Joab for support
- B. behind the bier
- C. In front of the bier
- D. In front of all the men as a leader

3.25 [3:32] Where was Abner buried?

- A. Hebron
- B. Jerusalem
- C. Israel
- D. The Cave of Adullam

3.26 [3:33] What did the king sing at Abner's tomb?

- A. A lament for Abner
- B. A lament for Joab
- C. A psalm of Joy
- D. A lament for Israel

3.27 [3:34] What did David sing about Abner's hands and feet?

- A. The hands were not bound, and the feet not fettered
- B. The hands were bound and the feet were fettered
- C. They were guilty of rebellion against the house of God
- D. They were both innocent

3.28 [3:36] How did the people respond to David?

- A. They feared and hated him
- B. They sought ways to kill him.
- C. Everything he did pleased them.
- D. None of these

3.29 [3:38] What did David call Abner?

- A. A traitor and deceiver
- B. A soldier and an ally
- C. A friend and a servant
- D. A prince and a great man

3.30 [3:39] Who did David say was too strong for him?

- A. These sons of Zeruah C. The army of Joab
B. The sons of Abishai D. The house of Ish-Bosheth

3.31 [3:39] Who did David say may "repay the evildoer according to his deeds?"

- A. David, himself C. David's sons
B. The LORD D. A & B

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 3 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

3.32A [3:2] Who was David's firstborn son?

- A. Amnon C. Ithream
B. Abner D. Haggith

3.33A [3:2-5] How many sons were born to David at Hebron?

- A. 6 C. 3
B. 8 D. 5

3.34A [3:2-5] Name the sons born to David at Hebron.

- A. Amnon, Kileab, Absalom, Adonijah, Shephatiah, Ithream C. Amnon, Solomon, Absalom, Adonijah, Shephatiah, Ithream
B. Amnon, Kileab, Absalom, Adonijah, Sheath, Ithream D. Amnon, Kileab, Absalom, Adonijah, Shephatiah, Ithream, Elam

3.35A [3:10] Abner said David's throne would be established over Israel and Judah from _____.

- A. Great Sea to the Salt Sea C. Dan to Beersheba
B. Hebron to Tamar D. Rabbah to Shechem

3.36A [3:12] When Abner changed loyalty from Saul to David, what message did he send to David?

- A. If you want the land God promised you, make an agreement with me, and I will help you bring all Judah over to you.
B. I am coming to deliver this day to you the whole land of Israel.
C. Whose land is it? Make an agreement with me, and I will help you bring all Israel over to you.
D. Is this not the LORD's kingdom? Make an agreement with me, and I will help you bring all Israel over to you.

3.37A [3:14] What price had David agreed to give as a betrothal for Michal, daughter of Saul?

- A. Seventy spears from Amalekite warriors C. The heads of 50 Philistines
B. 500 ewe lambs and 75 goats D. A hundred Philistine foreskins

3.38A [3:26] Where did Joab's messengers bring Abner back from?

- A. Well of Sirah C. Well of Jacob
B. Well of Ziklag D. Well of Cyprus

3.39A [3:27] Why did Joab kill Abner?

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. To avenge the blood of his brother Asahel | C. Because Abner had plotted to kill David and take over the throne |
| B. Because Abner had slept with Saul's concubine, Rizpah | D. Because Abner switched loyalty from Saul to David |

3.40A [3:35] How long did David refuse to eat when mourning Abner?

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|
| A. The hour of darkness. | C. Until the sun set |
| B. The morning after. | D. The next day. |

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 4 BASIC QUESTIONS

4.01 [4:1] What happened to Ish-Bosheth when he heard that Abner had died?

- A. He surrendered to David.
- B. He built up his army.
- C. He lost courage.
- D. He vowed to get revenge.

4.02 [4:2] Who were Baanah and Recab, two men of Saul's son Ish-Bosheth?

- A. They were priests.
- B. They were lawyers.
- C. They were leaders of raiding bands.
- D. They were shepherds.

4.03 [4:2] With what tribe were Baanah and Recab associated?

- A. Benjamin
- B. Reuben
- C. Dan
- D. Gad

4.04 [4:4] Whose son was lame in both feet?

- A. Ish-Bosheth
- B. David
- C. Saul
- D. Jonathan

4.05 [4:4] How did the son become lame?

- A. He was born lame.
- B. The Beeroths hurt him.
- C. A donkey kicked him.
- D. He fell while fleeing with his nurse.

4.06 [4:4] What was the name of the lame boy?

- A. Aaron
- B. Joshua
- C. Mephibosheth
- D. Jacob

4.07 [4:6] How did Racab and Baanah get into the house?

- A. They came through an open window.
- B. Their victim was taking a rest.
- C. They pretended to get wheat.
- D. They pretended to get wheat and their victim was taking a rest

4.08 [4:5-6] What did Racab and Baanah do in the heat of the day?

- A. Killed Ish-Bosheth
- B. Stole cattle.
- C. Took a nap.
- D. Made a meal.

4.09 [4:7] What did Racab and Baanah take with them from the house?

- A. Ish-Bosheth's head
- B. All the silver and gold.
- C. All the cattle and sheep
- D. All the food.

4.10 [4:8] Where did they take the head of Ish-Bosheth?

- A. To Zeruah
- B. To the tribe of Benjamin
- C. To David
- D. To Saul's palace.

4.11 [4:10] What did David say he had done when a man, thinking he was bringing David good news, told him, "Saul is dead?"

- A. Gave the man a huge reward.
- B. Put the man to death
- C. Declared the war with Saul to be ended.
- D. Gave a huge feast.

4.12 [4:11] What did David say to Racab and Baanah?

- A. "The LORD has brought great joy to me."
- B. "Wicked men killed an innocent man."
- C. "You will get promotions in my army."
- D. "The LORD bless you for your work."

4.13 [4:12] What did David order his men to do to Racab and Baanah?

- A. Give them new horses.
- B. Put crowns on their heads.
- C. Give their families new houses.
- D. Kill them.

4.14 [4:12] What did David's men do with the bodies of Racab and Baanah?

- A. Cut off the hands and feet.
- B. Hung the bodies by the pool in Hebron.
- C. Neither A nor B
- D. Both A & B

4.15 [4:12] What did David's men do with the head of Ish-Bosheth?

- A. Buried it in Abner's tomb.
- B. Sent it back to his home.
- C. Sent it to Rimmon the Beerothite.
- D. Put it on a stake.

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 4 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

4.16A [4:1] Ish-Bosheth was the son of whom?

- A. Micah
- B. Jonathan
- C. Saul
- D. David

4.17A [4:1] What happened to Israel when Ish-Bosheth lost his courage upon hearing that Abner had died in Hebron?

- A. They became alarmed
- B. They fled to the house of Saul
- C. They mourned his death
- D. They rejoiced because they saw an opportunity to kill Ish-Bosheth

4.18A [4:2] Baanah and Recab were sons of _____ from the tribe of _____.

- A. Rimmon the Beerothite Benjamin
- B. Jonathan Benjamin
- C. Ish-Bosheth Judah
- D. David Judah

4.19A [4:3] Why were Baanah and Recab associated with the tribe of Benjamin?

- A. They were born in Benjamin's territory, so they were natural citizens.
- B. The Beeroths fled to Gittaim and lived there as aliens, and Beeroth is considered part of Benjamin.
- C. The tribe of Reuben kicked them out.
- D. Their father was from the tribe of Benjamin.

4.20A [4:4] What was the medical condition of Mephibosheth?

- A. He was deaf
- B. He was crippled in both feet
- C. He only had one arm
- D. He had a breathing impediment

4.21A [4:5-7] What was Ish-Bosheth doing when he was killed?

- A. Taking his noonday rest
- B. Offering sacrifices
- C. Was seeking the advice of the witch of Endor
- D. Seeking the counsel of Samuel

4.22A [4:10] The man who told David that Saul was dead, thought _____.

- A. He was bringing good news
- B. David would be angry
- C. He was a messenger from God
- D. David would give him great rewards

4.23A [4:11] What did David think of Ish-Bosheth?

- A. He was guilty as was his father Saul
- B. He was guilty but ignorant
- C. He was an innocent man in his own house and on his own bed
- D. He was innocent but deserved what he got

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 5 BASIC QUESTIONS

5.01 [5:1] Who came to David and said, "We are your flesh and blood?"

- A. The sons of Rimmon
- B. The sons of Abner
- C. All of the tribes of Israel
- D. Judah

5.02 [5:2] When Saul was king, what did the people say that David had done?

- A. Killed the unity of Israel
- B. Divided the kingdom
- C. Led Israel on their military campaigns
- D. Killed the anointed of God

5.03 [5:3] What did David do with the elders of Israel at Hebron?

- A. Had them killed
- B. Made a compact with them
- C. Gave them bigger armies to defend themselves.
- D. Sent them home.

5.04 [5:3] What did the elders of Israel do to David at Hebron?

- A. Tried to kill him
- B. Anointed him king
- C. Made him their military leader
- D. Tried to get David's men to abandon him

5.05 [5:4] How old was David when he became king over all Israel?

- A. 30
- B. 40
- C. 45
- D. 80

5.06 [5:4] For how many years did David rule over both Judah and Israel?

- A. 30
- B. 33
- C. 40
- D. 45

5.07 [5:5] How long did David rule over Judah alone in Hebron?

- A. 5 years
- B. 7 years 6 months
- C. 33 years
- D. 40 years

5.08 [5:6] Who was living in Jerusalem when David became king?

- A. The Jebusites
- B. The descendents of Saul
- C. The giants of Naab
- D. The Amalekites

5.09 [5:6] Who did the inhabitants of Jerusalem say could ward off David?

- A. Their children
- B. The trolls of Jebus
- C. The donkeys and pigs
- D. The blind and lame

5.10 [5:8] What did David say anyone who conquers the Jebusites would have to use to reach the 'lame and blind'?

- A. Catapults
- B. The water shaft
- C. Tall ladders
- D. Elephants

5.11 [5:10] Why did David become more powerful?

- A. He was popular.
- B. He was very strong.
- C. He knew how to deceive others.
- D. God was with him.

5.12 [5:11] Who sent messengers to David, along with cedar logs, carpenters, and stonemasons?

- A. The elders of Jerusalem.
- B. Hiram, king of Tyre
- C. Saul's grandchildren
- D. The sons of Jonathan

5.13 [5:11] What did the messengers build for David?

- A. A bridge
- B. Lookout towers on the town walls
- C. A large stable
- D. A palace

5.14 [5:12] What did David know the LORD had done for the sake of his people Israel?

- A. Delivered Jerusalem from the Jebusites
- B. Brought peace to the land
- C. That the LORD had established him as king over Israel and had exalted his kingdom
- D. That the LORD gave him the land of the Philistines and Tyre

5.15 [5:17] Who went searching for David when they heard he had been anointed king over Israel?

- A. The Phoenicians
- B. The Benjamites
- C. The Moabites
- D. The Philistines

5.16 [5:17] What did David do when he heard that the Philistines were searching for him?

- A. He went to find the prophet of God
- B. He sought the counsel of the elders
- C. He went back to Hebron
- D. He went down to the stronghold

5.17 [5:19] When David inquired of the LORD about attacking the Philistines, what did God tell David he would do?

- A. Bring more armies to help David
- B. Send a storm to kill the Philistines
- C. Stop David from attacking the Philistines
- D. Hand the Philistines over to David

5.18 [5:20] Where did David go and defeat the Philistines?

- A. Hebron
- B. Mt. Gilboa
- C. Baal Perazim
- D. Bethlehem

5.19 [5:21] What did the Philistine abandon at Baal Perazim that David and his men carried off?

- A. Their animals
- B. Their Idols
- C. Their wives and children
- D. Their Chariots and Horses

5.20 [5:23] When the Philistines came up to fight again, what did David do?

- A. Inquired of the LORD
- B. Fled to the fortress at Jerusalem
- C. Called up more troops
- D. Threw stones down on them

5.21 [5:23] Where did God tell David to attack the Philistines?

- A. In front of the balsam trees
- B. On the mountain
- C. In the valley
- D. At the fortress of Abab

5.22 [5:24] For what sign did the LORD tell David to wait before he attacked?

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. The sound of marching in the tops of the balsam trees | C. The arrival of troops from Phoenicia |
| B. A trumpet sound | D. A lighting bolt |

5.23 [5:24] What did the LORD say the sound in the balsam trees would mean?

- | | |
|---|--|
| A. The LORD had gone out in front of David to strike the Philistine army. | C. The Philistines were running away. |
| B. New troops had arrived. | D. The trees were pulling up from their roots and marching on the Philistines. |

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 5 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

5.24A [5:6] Why did David go to Jerusalem after the Israelites made him king?

- | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A. To have a parade | C. To move into the Palace |
| B. To attack the Jebusites | D. To finish the ceremony as king |

5.25A [5:7] What were the other names given to Jerusalem?

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| A. Zion and Jebusite City | C. Jebusite City and Baal Salem |
| B. Zion and the City of David | D. The City of David and Hebron |

5.26A [5:8(foot)] What is another name for "water shaft"?

- | | |
|------------------|------------|
| A. The Well | C. Sewer |
| B. Scaling Hooks | D. Dungeon |

5.27A [5:14-16] Which of the following children of David was NOT born in Jerusalem?

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| A. Eliphelet | C. Solomon |
| B. Nathan | D. Absalom |

5.28A [5:20(foot)] What is the meaning of the name "Baal Perazim"?

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| A. "Place of defeat" | C. "Worship Baal" |
| B. "The waters break" | D. "The LORD who breaks out." |

5.29A [5:25] What was the outcome of the battle at the balsam trees?

- | | |
|---|---|
| A. The battle was fierce and the Philistines surrendered to David | C. David struck down the Philistines all the way from Gibeon to Gezer |
| B. David saw that the LORD had killed all the Philistines | D. David defeated the Amorites |

5.30A [5:25(foot)] What is another name for "Gibeon"?

- | | |
|-----------|---------|
| A. Gaza | C. Ziba |
| B. Gideon | D. Geba |

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 6 BASIC QUESTIONS

6.01 [6:1] How many men did David choose out of Israel to get the ark of God?

- A. 20,000
- B. 100,000
- C. 10,000
- D. 30,000

6.02 [6:2] Where was the LORD enthroned?

- A. In the temple
- B. In Jerusalem
- C. In Heaven
- D. Between the cherubim on the ark.

6.03 [6:2] By what name was the ark of God called?

- A. The Presence of the LORD
- B. Holy of Holies
- C. The Name of the LORD Almighty
- D. God with us

6.04 [6:2] When David chose 30,000 men from Israel where did they start from?

- A. Baalah of Judah
- B. Hebron
- C. Mt. Gilboa
- D. Jerusalem

6.05 [6:3] How did David and his men carry the ark?

- A. On the backs of oxen
- B. On a donkey
- C. On a new cart
- D. On their shoulders

6.06 [6:3] Who was guiding the ark?

- A. Uzzah
- B. Ahio
- C. David
- D. A & B

6.07 [6:3] Where was the ark when David and his men went to get it?

- A. Ai
- B. The temple in Judah
- C. The house of Abinadab
- D. In the caves across the Jordan

6.08 [6:4] Who was in front of the ark?

- A. Michal
- B. Uzzah
- C. Ahio
- D. David

6.09 [6:5] What were David and his men doing when Uzzah and Ahio were guiding the ark?

- A. They were celebrating with all their might before the LORD with songs and with harps, lyres, tambourines, sistrums and cymbals.
- B. Singing from the Psalms that David wrote for them
- C. They drew up in solemn worship
- D. Walking quietly in the presence of God

6.10 [6:6] Who took hold of the ark at the threshing floor of Nacon when the oxen stumbled?

- A. Uzzah
- B. Ahio
- C. David
- D. Joab

6.11 [6:7] Why did the LORD's anger burn against Uzzah?

- A. because the ark fell and cracked
- B. because of Uzzah's irreverent act
- C. because the oxen should have been led better
- D. because it was taking too long to get to Jerusalem

6.12 [6:8] What was David's first reaction when Uzzah was killed by God?

- A. He was angry
- B. David thanked God that he was not the one to die
- C. David rejoiced that God was showing him the right way
- D. He was confused

6.13 [6:8] What is the threshing floor of Nacon now called because God killed Uzzah?

- A. The Floor of Death
- B. The Valley of Bones
- C. Perez Uzzah
- D. The Valley of Uzzah

6.14 [6:9] What question did David ask when Uzzah was killed by the LORD?

- A. What can I do to please the LORD?
- B. Why didn't the LORD kill me?
- C. How can the ark of the LORD ever come to me?
- D. Why didn't we bring a new cart?

6.15 [6:10] Where did David take the ark following Uzzah's death?

- A. To Hebron
- B. To the Sea of Galilee.
- C. To the home of Obed-Edom
- D. To the mountains.

6.16 [6:11] What happened while the ark was at the house of Obed-Edom?

- A. Obed-Edom was cursed.
- B. God left the mercy seat.
- C. Obed-Edom was blessed.
- D. The gold wore off the ark.

6.17 [6:12] What did David do when he was told about the blessings on Obed-Edom?

- A. He cursed Obed-Edom.
- B. He asked God why he had blessed Obed-Edom.
- C. He asked Obed-Edom to send the ark to Jerusalem.
- D. He took the ark from Obed-Edom's house and brought it to the city with rejoicing.

6.18 [6:13] What did David do when those carrying the ark from Obed-Edom's house had taken six steps?

- A. He sacrificed a bull and a fattened calf.
- B. He put on his crown.
- C. He began to drive the oxen pulling the cart.
- D. He climbed upon a white horse and led the way into the city.

6.19 [6:12-14] What did David do while he and the house of Israel brought up the ark to the City of David?

- A. Sang a song while playing a harp.
- B. Threw his crown before the ark.
- C. Danced in his linen ephod.
- D. Led the oxen into the city.

6.20 [6:16] Who watched from a window as the ark was entering the city?

- A. All the guards
B. Obed-Edom
C. The chief priests
D. Michal, the daughter of Saul

6.21 [6:16] How did Michal react to David's dancing as the ark was brought into the City of David?

- A. She despised him in her heart.
B. She threw her lace handkerchief down to him.
C. She ran out to join him.
D. She clapped in joy.

6.22 [6:17] When David and his men brought the ark back to the City of David, where was the ark placed?

- A. In a tent prepared for it
B. In the throne room
C. In the town square
D. In the temple

6.23 [6:17] What kind of offerings did David sacrifice?

- A. Burnt Offerings and Fellowship Offerings
B. Fellowship Offerings and Love Offerings
C. Guilt Offerings and Sin Offerings
D. Burnt Offerings and Grain Offerings

6.24 [6:19] What did David give each person in the whole crowd of Israel, both men and women?

- A. A calf, a lamb, and a dove for offering to God
B. A jug of water
C. A piece of the burnt offering
D. A loaf of bread, a cake of dates, and a cake of raisins.

6.25 [6:20] How did Michal say that David had distinguished himself?

- A. By disgracing the land with the death of Uzzah
B. As a true ruler by bringing the ark to the City of David
C. Disrobing in the sight of the slave girls of his servants as any vulgar fellow would.
D. By disgracing the house by going himself to get the ark

6.26 [6:21] David told Michal that his celebration was before _____.

- A. Michal
B. Saul
C. The slave girls
D. The LORD

6.27 [6:22] How did David say the slave girls would treat him?

- A. They would hold him in honor
B. They would not even notice him.
C. They would humiliate him.
D. They would also despise him.

6.28 [6:23] How many children did Michal have?

- A. none
B. 3
C. 4
D. 5

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 6 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

6.29A [6:2(foot)] What is another name for Baalah of Judah?

- A. Valley of Rephaim
B. Kiriath Jearim
C. Hebron
D. Tyre

6.30A [6:4] Who was the father of Uzzah and Ahio?

- A. Abinadab
- B. Obed-Edom
- C. David
- D. Jesse

6.31A [6:5(foot)] What were the instruments David and the Israelites used to celebrate made of?

- A. pine
- B. cedar
- C. oak
- D. gopher wood

6.32A [6:8(foot)] What is the meaning of Perez Uzzah?

- A. outbreak against Uzzah
- B. irreverent act
- C. mercy on Uzzah
- D. wrath on Uzzah

6.33A [6:10] What was David NOT willing to do because the LORD killed Uzzah?

- A. Pray for fear what God's answer would be
- B. Take the ark of the LORD to be with him in the City of David
- C. Transport the ark of the LORD any further
- D. Leave the ark at the home fo Obed-Edom

6.34A [6:11] How long did the ark stay at Obed-Edom's home?

- A. one month
- B. three months
- C. six months
- D. two years

6.35A [6:17(foot)] What is another name for fellowship offerings?

- A. burnt offerings
- B. peace offerings
- C. sacred offerings
- D. grain offerings

6.36A [6:20-21] The LORD chose David rather than _____ to be ruler over Israel.

- A. Michal's father
- B. Saul
- C. anyone from Saul's house
- D. All of these

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 7 BASIC QUESTIONS

7.01 [7:1] What did the LORD give David after David was settled in his palace?

- A. the promise of a son
- B. an angel to guard the city
- C. rest from all his enemies
- D. great treasure

7.02 [7:1] When David had settled in his palace, where was the ark of God?

- A. in the temple of Baal
- B. lost
- C. in the home of the prophet Nathan
- D. in a tent

7.03 [7:2] Who did David talk to about the ark of God being kept in a tent?

- A. Nathan the prophet
- B. Joab
- C. Abigail
- D. The LORD

7.04 [7:3] When David talked to Nathan about the ark of God being housed in a tent, what was Nathan's response?

- A. "It is safe where it is."
- B. "Let me ask God first."
- C. "Whatever you have in mind, go ahead and do it."
- D. "If God wants a house, he will tell you."

7.05 [7:5] What question did the LORD want Nathan to ask David?

- A. "Do you want to remain as king of Israel?"
- B. "Which enemy is the strongest against Israel?"
- C. "What sacrifice do you bring that I desire?"
- D. "Are you the one to build me a house to dwell?"

7.06 [7:6] How long did the LORD say he had not dwelt in a house?

- A. from the day the LORD brought the Israelites across the Jordan
- B. from the days of Noah to this day
- C. from the day the LORD brought the Israelites up out of Egypt to this day
- D. from the day the LORD created the world

7.07 [7:8] In chapter 7, where had the LORD taken David from and then brought him to at the present time?

- A. from a stranger in a foreign land to a land of his own
- B. from an enemy to a king
- C. from the pasture and from following the flock to ruler over Israel
- D. from a friend of God to a son of God

7.08 [7:9] Where had the LORD been when David was fighting his enemies?

- A. with David wherever he went
- B. with Saul's army
- C. in the tents
- D. in the temple

7.09 [7:11] What did the LORD declare that He, Himself, would do for David?

- A. establish a house for him
- B. give him wisdom
- C. make him king over all nations
- D. give him strong advisers

7.10 [7:12] Where was David to rest when his days were over?

- A. across the Jordan
- B. in the cave at Mizpah
- C. with his fathers
- D. in Egypt

7.11 [7:12] What did God say he would do after David died?

- A. give the land back to the Canaanites
- B. raise offspring from David to succeed him
- C. appoint Michal as ruler
- D. give Nathan the responsibility of leading

7.12 [7:13] How long would David's successor rule?

- A. 500 years
- B. 100 years
- C. 300 years
- D. forever

7.13 [7:13] Who would build a house for the LORD?

- A. Mephibosheth
- B. Samuel
- C. David's successor
- D. Nathan the prophet

7.14 [7:15] What did God say would never be taken away from David's successor?

- A. his family
- B. the love of God
- C. his house
- D. his life

7.15 [7:19] In his prayer, David acknowledged how far the LORD had brought him, and that the LORD had also spoken about ____.

- A. what he wanted placed in the house of the LORD
- B. the future of the house of the LORD's servant
- C. all that the LORD had done to bring David the kingship
- D. how to build the temple

7.16 [7:18-19] What did David ask God?

- A. "Who am I that you have brought me this far?"
- B. "Is this your usual way to deal with man?"
- C. "Why can't I build a house for you?"
- D. A & B

7.17 [7:22] Who did David say is like God?

- A. David himself
- B. no one
- C. Jacob
- D. Baal

7.18 [7:23] How did David say God had performed great wonders?

- A. by healing everyone who was sick
- B. by raising the dead
- C. by providing prophets
- D. by driving out nations and their gods

7.19 [7:26] What did David say men would say in the future?

- A. "The LORD Almighty is God over Israel."
- B. "David built the house of God."
- C. "David has slain his ten thousands."
- D. "Saul was great, but David is greater."

7.20 [7:25-26] For what reason did David ask God to do what he had promised?

- A. so David's descendents would always have a home
- B. so God's name would be great forever
- C. so David's name would never be forgotten
- D. so other nations would fear Israel

7.21 [7:28] What did David say about God's words?

- A. They are trustworthy. C. They are not understandable to common man.
B. They are impossible to fulfill. D. They are new every morning.

7.22 [7:29] What did David ask God to do?

- A. to give David wisdom and riches C. to bless David's house
B. to give David many sons D. to lead David to victory over his enemies

7.23 [7:29] For how long did David ask that the house of God's servant be blessed?

- A. until Jesus came C. until David died
B. forever D. five centuries

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 7 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

7.24A [7:2] What was David's palace made of?

- A. Cedar C. Uncut stone
B. Pine D. Gopher wood

7.25A [7:2] Who was the prophet at the time David became king over all Israel?

- A. Jeremiah C. Elijah
B. Isaiah D. Nathan

7.26A [7:4] What came to the prophet in the night?

- A. a storm C. the word of the LORD
B. an angel D. a dream about building the temple

7.27A [7:7] What did God say he had commanded his rulers to do?

- A. build new cities C. shepherd his people
B. wage war against enemies D. build him a house of cedar

7.28A [7:10] The LORD said he would plant his people in Israel so they would have a _____ and no longer be _____.

- A. heritage ... angry C. friend ... lonely
B. field ... hungry D. home ... disturbed

7.29A [7:11] How long had wicked people oppressed the people of Israel?

- A. since the Israelites crossed the Jordan C. since God appointed leaders over Israel
B. since David sinned with Bathsheba D. since before Saul became king

7.30A [7:8-11] Which is NOT one of the things the LORD told Nathan to tell David?

- A. "I will provide food for my people Israel." C. "I took you from the pasture."
B. "I have been with you wherever you have gone." D. "I will give you rest from all your enemies."

7.31A [7:13-14] The LORD said of David's successor, "I will be his father and he will be my son, When he does _____ I will _____ him with _____."

- A. all that the law commands ... go with ... the strength of my right arm C. wrong ... punish ... the rod of men
B. evil ... strike ... death D. right ... reward ... blessings from heaven

7.32A [7:15] What did God say he had taken away from Saul?

- A. Saul's life
- B. Saul's house
- C. Saul's family
- D. the love of God

7.33A [7:21] According to David, why had the LORD done such a great thing and made it known to his servant?

- A. for the sake of Saul
- B. so the nations would glorify the LORD
- C. to make David the greatest king of Israel
- D. for the sake of God's word

7.34A [7:18-22] Which is NOT a phrase used by David in his prayer before the LORD?

- A. "You have brought me this far."
- B. "You have established your people Israel."
- C. "There is no one like you."
- D. "I have always served you faithfully."

7.35A [7:23] Where did David say that the LORD had redeemed his people from?

- A. evil generations of the world
- B. the clutches of Saul
- C. Egypt
- D. the evil one

7.36A [7:27] What gave David the courage to offer his prayer?

- A. because God spoke about the future
- B. because God established Israel as his people
- C. because God revealed to David that he would build a house for David
- D. because of God's promise

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 8 BASIC QUESTIONS

8.01 [8:1] Whom did David defeat "in the course of time?"

- | | |
|----------------|---------------|
| A. Philistines | C. Gibeonites |
| B. Hittites | D. Greeks |

8.02 [8:3] Along which river did David restore his control when he defeated the King of Zobah?

- | | |
|-----------|--------------|
| A. Jordan | C. Euphrates |
| B. Tigris | D. Yangtze |

8.03 [8:4] What did David do to all but 100 of the horses of the charioteers?

- | | |
|----------------------------|--|
| A. Killed them | C. Hamstrung them |
| B. Put them in his stables | D. Chose the best for himself to ride. |

8.04 [8:5] Who came to the aid of Hadadezer when David was fighting him?

- | | |
|-------------|----------------|
| A. no one | C. Philistines |
| B. Arameans | D. Garrisons |

8.05 [8:5] What did David do to those who came to help the King of Zobah?

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| A. Captured all of them | C. Put them in his own army |
| B. Struck down twenty-two thousand of them | D. Made them slaves |

8.06 [8:6] What did David put in the Aramean kingdom of Damascus?

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| A. Garrisons | C. Concubines |
| B. Stables | D. Captives |

8.07 [8:7-8] What did David do with the gold shields and bronze that belonged to the officers and king of Hadadezer?

- | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| A. Buried them | C. Brought them to Jerusalem |
| B. Gave them to his soldiers | D. Put them in a museum |

8.08 [8:10] What did Tou, king of Hamath, do when he heard that David had defeated Hadadezer?

- | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A. Sent his son Joram to David | C. Declared war on David's kingdom |
| B. Congratulated David | D. A & B |

8.09 [8:10] What did Joram bring to David?

- | | |
|-----------|-----------------|
| A. Gold | C. Bronze |
| B. Silver | D. All of these |

8.10 [8:11] What did David do with the silver and gold from all the nations he subdued?

- | | |
|--|---------------------------|
| A. Dedicated them to the LORD | C. Gave them to his army |
| B. Put them in the museum with the weapons | D. Put them in his palace |

8.11 [8:12] David dedicated the plunder taken from _____ to the LORD

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| A. Joram | C. Seraiah |
| B. Hadadezer | D. Zadok |

8.12 [8:13] David became famous after he struck down people from which nation?

- A. Moab
- B. Chaldeans
- C. Ammonites
- D. Edom

8.13 [8:13] Where did David defeat the Edomites?

- A. Along the Euphrates River
- B. In Damascus
- C. In Berothai
- D. In the Valley of Salt

8.14 [8:14] What did the LORD give David wherever he went?

- A. Victory
- B. Rest and peace
- C. Palaces
- D. More wives

8.15 [8:14] In addition to the Aramean kingdom of Damascus, where did David put garrisons?

- A. Moab
- B. Ur of the Chaldes
- C. Egypt
- D. Edom

8.16 [8:15] What did David do when he reigned over all Israel?

- A. Whatever was just and right for all his people
- B. Got revenge on all his enemies
- C. Much harm
- D. Whatever was just for Judah only

8.17 [8:16] Who was over the army of David in 2 Samuel Chapter 8?

- A. Jehosephat
- B. Joab
- C. Zadok
- D. Benaiah

8.18 [8:18] Who were David's advisers in 2 Samuel Chapter 8?

- A. David's sons
- B. Benaiah & Zadok
- C. Zadok & Ahimelech
- D. Jehosephat & Joab

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 8 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

8.19A [8:2] How did David determine who would die among the defeated Moabites?

- A. He cast lots.
- B. He chose them according to their size, letting the weaker men live but killing the men of great strength.
- C. He chose those who rode horses and those who rode in chariots.
- D. He measured them off with a cord, killed those in every two lengths and let those in the third length live.

8.20A [8:3] Who was Hadadezer, whom David fought?

- A. The general of the Ammonite army
- B. David's general, who betrayed him
- C. King of Edom
- D. King of Zobah

8.21A [8:1-2,6] Which of these armies is NOT mentioned in 2 Samuel Chapter 8 as having been defeated by David or being subject to David?

- A. Philistines
- B. Joabites
- C. Arameans
- D. Moabites

8.22A [8:9(foot)] In Hebrew, the name of Tou, King of Hamath, would be _____.

- A. Toi
- B. Troy
- C. Tony
- D. None of these

8.23A [8:12] Which of the following nations did David NOT subdue?

- A. Moab
- B. Edom
- C. Ammonites
- D. Chaldeans

8.24A [8:12(foot)] Most Hebrew manuscripts refer to Edom as _____ in 2 Samuel Chapter 8.

- A. Betah
- B. Syria
- C. Berothai
- D. Aram

8.25A [8:13] How many Edomites did David strike down in the Valley of Salt?

- A. Twelve thousand
- B. Eighteen thousand
- C. Twenty-four thousand
- D. Thirty-five thousand

8.26A [8:1-13] In 2 Sam. 8 which of these were NOT listed as being defeated by David?

- A. 22,000 Arameans
- B. 20,000 soldiers of Hadadezer
- C. 18,000 Edomites
- D. 14,000 Philistines

8.27A [8:15-18] Which of these is NOT mentioned as David's Officials in 2 Samuel Chapter 8?

- A. Priests
- B. Secretary
- C. Treasurer
- D. Royal advisers

8.28A [8:17-18(foot)] Who were priests in David's kingdom in 2 Samuel Chapter 8?

- A. Zadok & Ahimelech
- B. David's sons
- C. Benaiah & Zadok
- D. A & B

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 9 BASIC QUESTIONS

9.01 [9:1] Why did David want to show kindness to anyone still left of the house of Saul?

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| A. For Jonathan's sake | C. For the Syrians' sake |
| B. For God's sake | D. For the king's sake |

9.02 [9:2] Who was a servant of Saul's household?

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| A. Ziba | C. Zadok |
| B. Benai | D. Joram |

9.03 [9:3] Ziba told King David that Jonathan had what living relative?

- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| A. an invalid mother | C. a crippled son |
| B. a brother with leprosy | D. a blind sister |

9.04 [9:4-5] Where was Jonathan's son when David first sent for him?

- | | |
|--------------|------------------------|
| A. in Ammiel | C. in Lo Debar |
| B. in Makir | D. in the house asleep |

9.05 [9:6] Who was Jonathan's son that came to David?

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------|
| A. Joab | C. Makir |
| B. Mephibosheth | D. Maacah |

9.06 [9:6] What did Mephibosheth say when he first bowed down to King David?

- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| A. 'Here I am.' | C. 'I am a dead dog.' |
| B. 'Your servant.' | D. 'I have done nothing wrong.' |

9.07 [9:7] What did King David say he would do for Mephibosheth for Jonathan's sake?

- | | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| A. Show him kindness | C. Let him eat at the king's table |
| B. Restore to him all his grandfather's land | D. All of these |

9.08 [9:8] How did Mephibosheth refer to himself when David showed him kindness?

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| A. an enemy of David | C. a crippled man |
| B. the son of a king | D. a dead dog |

9.09 [9:9] David told Ziba he had given what to Mephibosheth?

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| A. half of King David's cattle | C. everything that belonged to Saul |
| B. servants to till the land | D. all the food they needed to eat |

9.10 [9:10] Who was to farm the land given to Mephibosheth?

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| A. Mephibosheth's sons | C. Abner |
| B. Ziba, his sons, and servants | D. Mephibosheth |

9.11 [9:11] Mephibosheth ate at David's table like what?

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| A. an honored guest | C. one of the king's sons |
| B. his best friend | D. his chief servant |

9.12 [9:12] What was Mica's relationship to Mephibosheth?

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| A. his grandson | C. his son |
| B. his nephew | D. his brother |

9.13 [9:13] What was Mephibosheth's physical problem?

- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| A. Blindness | C. Leprosy |
| B. Crippled in both feet | D. Missing one arm |

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 9 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

9.14A [9:6] Who is NOT related to the other three?

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| A. David | C. Saul |
| B. Jonathan | D. Mephibosheth |

9.15A [9:7] David told Mephibosheth not to be afraid. Why was Mephibosheth afraid?

- | | |
|---|---|
| A. The text does not say. | C. David wanted revenge for Mephibosheth's grandfather Saul trying to kill David. |
| B. David considered Mephibosheth a threat to his kingdom. | D. Mephibosheth was worried that his plan to overthrow David had been discovered. |

9.16A [9:10] How many sons and servants did Ziba have?

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| A. thirty sons and servants | C. forty sons and servants |
| B. twenty sons and fifteen servants | D. fifteen sons and twenty servants |

9.17A [9:10] How many people were to farm the land for Mephibosheth?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| A. 10 | C. 20 |
| B. 15 | D. 36 |

9.18A [9:7,11-12] What did David NOT give Mephibosheth?

- | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| A. a place at the king's table | C. servants |
| B. gifts of gold and silver | D. Saul's land |

9.19A [9:2,4,12] Who is NOT mentioned in chapter 9?

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| A. Mica, son of Mephibosheth | C. Makir, son of Ammiel |
| B. Zadok, son of Ahitub | D. Ziba, Saul's servant |

9.20A [9:2,12] To whom was Ziba a servant?

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| A. Ammiel and Makir | C. Saul and Jonathan |
| B. Saul and Mephibosheth | D. Jonathan and Mephibosheth |

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 10 BASIC QUESTIONS

10.01 [10:1] Who succeeded the king of the Ammonites when he died?

- A. Benaiah, his youngest son
- B. Nahash, his brother
- C. Hanun, his son
- D. Zadok, his oldest son

10.02 [10:2] Who did David send to express sympathy to Hanun?

- A. a delegation
- B. Mephibosheth
- C. his princes
- D. Ziba

10.03 [10:3] What did the Ammonite nobles tell Hanun about David's delegation?

- A. David truly honors your father
- B. David is a friendly king and comes bearing gifts
- C. David sent his men to explore the city and spy it out
- D. David is a mighty warrior not to be trusted

10.04 [10:4] What did Hanun do to David's men?

- A. shaved off half of each man's beard
- B. cut off their garments in the middle at the buttocks
- C. sent them away
- D. All of these

10.05 [10:5] How long were David's humiliated messengers to stay in Jericho?

- A. until their beards had grown
- B. until they had new garments made
- C. until they were over their sickness
- D. All of these

10.06 [10:5] David's servants were greatly _____ over the treatment they had received by Hanun.

- A. puzzled
- B. angry
- C. humbled
- D. humiliated

10.07 [10:6] After humiliating David's men, the Ammonites realized they had become what?

- A. like vomit
- B. an easy target for David's men
- C. a stench in David's nostrils
- D. outnumbered

10.08 [10:7] Who did David send to lead his entire army against the Ammonites?

- A. Hanun
- B. Beth Rehob
- C. Joab
- D. Zobar

10.09 [10:9] When Joab went out to fight the Ammonites, what did he see?

- A. one battle line with large soldiers
- B. a weak Ammonite fortress
- C. battle lines in front of him and behind him
- D. many scared among his men

10.10 [10:9] When surrounded by the Ammonites, Joab deployed some of Israel's best troops to fight against whom?

- A. the Amorites
- B. the Arameans
- C. the men of Tob
- D. the king of Maacah's men

10.11 [10:10] After using the best troops against the Arameans, under whose control did Joab place the rest of the fighting men?

- A. Ziba, his friend
- B. Abishai, his brother
- C. Mephibosheth
- D. the nobles of Hanun

10.12 [10:11] Joab said "If the Arameans are too strong for me," who was to come to his rescue?

- A. Ziba, his friend
- B. Mephibosheth
- C. the nobles of Hanun
- D. Abishai, his brother

10.13 [10:12] Who said, "The LORD will do what is good in his sight," before the battle with the Ammonites?

- A. Joab
- B. David
- C. Abishai
- D. Mephibosheth

10.14 [10:13] Who advanced with Joab to fight the Arameans?

- A. the troops with him
- B. 10,000 men
- C. Abishai
- D. all David's servants

10.15 [10:13] What happened when Joab advanced to fight the Arameans?

- A. Joab's men became more courageous
- B. Joab's men became afraid
- C. the Arameans met them and fought
- D. the Arameans fled

10.16 [10:15] When the Arameans saw they had been routed, what did they do?

- A. panicked
- B. fell down
- C. called to the Ammonites
- D. regrouped

10.17 [10:16] Who was the commander of Hadadezer's army?

- A. Tob
- B. Helam
- C. Maach
- D. Shobach

10.18 [10:18] Before the Arameans fled before Israel, who did David kill?

- A. seven hundred of their charioteers
- B. forty thousand of their foot soldiers
- C. Shobach
- D. All of these

10.19 [10:19] When Hadadezer's vassals saw that they had been defeated by Israel, what did they do?

- A. They made peace with the Israelites.
- B. They became subject to the Israelites.
- C. They vowed revenge.
- D. A & B

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 10 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

10.20A [10:1-2] Who died at the beginning of chapter 10?

- A. Benaiah
- B. Nahash
- C. Mephibosheth
- D. Nabob

10.21A [10:6] When the Ammonites realized that they had become a stench in David's nostrils, who did they hire?

- A. a total of 33,000 soldiers from three different armies
- B. 12,000 Aramean soldiers
- C. princes from all surrounding areas
- D. 20,000 from Tob

10.22A [10:6] Which place is NOT one from which the Ammonites hired soldiers?

- A. Tob
- B. Zobah
- C. Lo Debar
- D. Beth Rehob

10.23A [10:16(foot)] Hadadezer had the Arameans brought from beyond what river?

- A. Cyprus
- B. Euphrates
- C. Tigris
- D. Jordan

10.24A [10:16-17] Where was the second place the Arameans fought David's army in chapter 10?

- A. Zobah
- B. Tob
- C. Lo Debar
- D. Helam

10.25A [10:19] What was the end result of the Arameans helping the Ammonites fight Israel?

- A. The Arameans became subject to the Ammonites.
- B. The Ammonites were successful.
- C. The Arameans were afraid to help the Ammonites anymore.
- D. The Arameans and the Ammonites became close allies.

10.26A [10:14-19] What did Abishai and his part of the army do when the Ammonites fled inside the city?

- A. regrouped and went to Helam
- B. pursued them into the city
- C. came to Jerusalem
- D. the text does not say

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 11 BASIC QUESTIONS

11.01 [11:1] According to 2 Samuel 11:1, what happened in the spring?

- A. Kings go off to war.
- B. Rains keep troops from moving around.
- C. Flowers bloom in Israel.
- D. The men plant gardens.

11.02 [11:1] Where did David stay while his army destroyed the Ammonites and besieged Rabbah?

- A. by the river Jordan
- B. in Jerusalem
- C. on the front lines
- D. in the royal tent

11.03 [11:2] Where was David when he saw the woman bathing?

- A. riding down the street
- B. on the roof of the palace
- C. by the city gate of Jerusalem
- D. in his bedroom in the palace

11.04 [11:3] Who was the beautiful woman David wanted to know about?

- A. the daughter of Eliam
- B. Bathsheba
- C. the wife of Uriah the Hittite
- D. All of these

11.05 [11:4] What happened after David sent messengers to get the woman, Bathsheba?

- A. She came to him, and he slept with her.
- B. She took a bath and washed her hair.
- C. She was afraid and told her husband.
- D. She told the messengers to go away.

11.06 [11:5] What word did Bathsheba send to David while Uriah was still at war?

- A. "Please do not send for me again."
- B. "I am pregnant."
- C. "Run for your life."
- D. "I want to see you again."

11.07 [11:6] Immediately upon learning Bathsheba was pregnant, what did David tell Joab to do?

- A. "Send me Uriah the Hittite."
- B. "Go tell the woman that I do not believe her."
- C. "Bring the woman here."
- D. "Send me our family magician."

11.08 [11:7] When Uriah first came to David, what did David ask him?

- A. "How is Joab?"
- B. "How is the war going?"
- C. "How are the soldiers?"
- D. All of these

11.09 [11:8] The first time they met, what did David tell Uriah to do?

- A. "Go to your house and bring me your wife."
- B. "Go to your house and rest."
- C. "Go to your house and wash your feet."
- D. All of these

11.10 [11:8] When Uriah first left the palace, what was sent after him?

- A. fine wine to make him drunk
- B. soldiers to protect Uriah
- C. a spy to see what Uriah would do
- D. a gift from the king

11.11 [11:9] What did Uriah do after he left David the first time?

- A. washed his feet
- B. slept at the entrance to the palace
- C. opened his gift
- D. talked to his soldiers

11.12 [11:10] What was David told Uriah did after leaving the palace the first time?

- A. threw his gift away
- B. washed his feet
- C. did not go home
- D. did not see his soldiers

11.13 [11:11] What did Uriah say to David when asked why he did not go home?

- A. "The ark and Israel and Judah are staying in tents."
- B. "As surely as you live, I will not do such a thing."
- C. "My master Joab and my lord's men are camped in the open fields."
- D. All of these

11.14 [11:12] After David questioned Uriah the second time, what did he tell him to do then?

- A. "Go eat, drink, and lie with your wife."
- B. "Stay here one more day."
- C. "Go, wash your feet."
- D. "Rest and go back in three days."

11.15 [11:13] At David's invitation, what did Uriah do?

- A. used the palace bath to wash his feet
- B. slept for two days
- C. went home
- D. ate and drank with David and got drunk

11.16 [11:14] The morning after Uriah got drunk and still slept among the servants, what did David do?

- A. prayed and ask God for help
- B. wrote a letter to Joab
- C. went to see the woman
- D. sent Uriah to wash his feet

11.17 [11:15] What was in the letter David wrote to Joab about Uriah?

- A. "Put Uriah in the front line."
- B. "Rebuke Uriah for not doing what the king asked."
- C. "Put Uriah in charge of seven hundred men."
- D. "Keep Uriah in a safe position."

11.18 [11:16] Where did Joab put Uriah?

- A. where he could see the battle
- B. where there was plenty of water
- C. where his strongest soldiers were
- D. where the strongest defenders were

11.19 [11:17] When the men of the city came out and fought against Joab, what happened?

- A. some of the men in David's army fell
- B. Uriah the Hittite died
- C. Joab was killed
- D. A & B

11.20 [11:20] What did Joab say that David might say after receiving a full account of the battle?

- A. Why didn't you climb the wall?'
- B. Why did you get so close to the city to fight?'
- C. Why did you let so many of my men die?'
- D. Why didn't you stay away from the arrows?'

11.21 [11:21] What did Joab tell the messenger to say after David asked his questions about the battle where so many men fell?

- A. Your servant Joab followed your instructions.' C. Also, your servant Uriah the Hittite is dead.'
B. Your servant Joab was a strong leader.' D. We withdrew when the fighting was fierce.'

11.22 [11:23] What did Joab's messenger tell David about the battle of Rabbah?

- A. "We overpowered the enemy." C. "They drove us back into the open."
B. "Our archers shot arrows at the enemy." D. None of these

11.23 [11:25] What did David tell the messenger to say to Joab?

- A. "Press the attack against the city and destroy it." C. "The sword devours one as well as another."
B. "Don't let this upset you." D. All of these

11.24 [11:25] Why did David tell the messenger to tell Joab not to be upset?

- A. to encourage Joab C. to give the messenger courage
B. to ensure Joab would follow orders again D. to help Joab with the grieving process

11.25 [11:26] What did Uriah's wife do when she heard her husband was dead?

- A. She was secretly happy. C. She prepared his burial clothes.
B. She mourned for him. D. She went to see David.

11.26 [11:27] After Uriah's death, when did David send for Uriah's wife?

- A. after all the soldiers came home C. after the time of mourning was over
B. after the victory celebration D. after the funeral

11.27 [11:27] What was the result of David's actions with Bathsheba and Uriah?

- A. Uriah's wife became David's wife. C. The LORD was displeased.
B. David and Bathsheba had a son. D. All of these

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 11 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

11.28A [11:1] Why did David not go to war in the spring?

- A. He was ill. C. He was too old.
B. Kings do not go to war. D. The text does not say.

11.29A [11:8-14] How many nights was Uriah back in Jerusalem from the war?

- A. 1 C. 3
B. 2 D. 5

11.30A [11:1,16,17] Where did Uriah die?

- A. in Jerusalem C. in Aramea
B. outside Rabbah D. in Thebez

11.31A [11:1,16,17] Who was Joab's army fighting when Uriah died?

- A. Gideonites
- B. Israelites
- C. Ammonites
- D. Arameans

11.32A [11:21(foot)] What's another name for Jerub-Besheth?

- A. Jerub-Baal
- B. Gideon
- C. A & B
- D. The text does not say.

11.33A [11:20-21] Which is NOT a question Joab thought David might ask of the messenger?

- A. "Who killed Abimelech son of Jerub-Besheth?"
- B. "Why did you get so close to city to fight?"
- C. "Were there too many archers?"
- D. "Why did you get so close to the wall?"

11.34A [11:20-21] What historical event taught soldiers not to stand too close to besieged city walls?

- A. a woman killed Jerub-Besheth by throwing a millstone on him
- B. the walls of Jericho fell on soldiers and killed them
- C. Ahaz was killed by a sword falling from the wall
- D. All of these

11.35A [11:23-24] What did Joab's messenger NOT say to David?

- A. "We drove them back to the city gate."
- B. "Joab is upset."
- C. "The archers shot arrows from the wall."
- D. "The men overpowered us."

11.36A [11:1-27] What did NOT happen in chapter 11?

- A. Bathsheba took a bath in the middle of the day.
- B. Joab arranged for a murder.
- C. The LORD was displeased.
- D. David got someone drunk.

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 12 BASIC QUESTIONS

12.01 [12:1] Who said to David, "There were two men in a certain town, one rich and the other poor"?

- A. Joab
- B. a traveler
- C. Uriah
- D. Nathan

12.02 [12:2] How was the poor man's one little ewe lamb treated by him?

- A. It shared his food and drank from his cup.
- B. It slept in his arms.
- C. It grew up with him and his children.
- D. All of these

12.03 [12:4] What did the rich man prepare for the traveler who came to him?

- A. the best lamb he had
- B. his weakest lamb
- C. the ewe lamb that belonged to the poor man
- D. one of his own sheep

12.04 [12:5] What did David say to Nathan when he heard the story about the rich man?

- A. "I am very angry, bring this man to me."
- B. "Why are you telling me this tale?"
- C. "The man who did this deserves to die."
- D. "I will give to the poor man four times more."

12.05 [12:6] David said because the rich man had no pity, what must happen?

- A. He must give the poor man fifty lambs.
- B. He must pay with his own life.
- C. He must pay for that lamb four times over.
- D. He must beg for forgiveness and pay back.

12.06 [12:7] After David showed his anger, what did Nathan say to him?

- A. "The LORD is angry too."
- B. "You are a good king."
- C. "I feel your pain."
- D. "You are the man!"

12.07 [12:8] What did Nathan tell David the LORD, the God of Israel said?

- A. "I delivered you from your enemies."
- B. "I gave you all you wanted."
- C. "I gave your master's house to you."
- D. "Saul was your best friend."

12.08 [12:9] David _____ by doing evil in the LORD's eyes?

- A. felt he was above reproach
- B. became boastful
- C. despised the word of the LORD
- D. acted selfishly

12.09 [12:10] What did the LORD, the God of Israel say David took as his own?

- A. the children of the Arameans
- B. the cattle of the Ammonites
- C. the wife of Abimelech
- D. the wife of Uriah the Hittite

12.10 [12:10] What did the LORD, the God of Israel say would never depart from David's house?

- A. the sword
- B. the curse of the house of Saul
- C. his wives
- D. the chalice

12.11 [12:11] What was the LORD going to bring upon David out of his own household?

- A. depression
- B. calamity
- C. wealth
- D. famine

12.12 [12:11] What was the LORD going to give to one who was close to David?

- A. David's harvest
- B. David's cattle
- C. David's army
- D. David's wives

12.13 [12:12] While David acted in secret, the LORD will do this thing when?

- A. in the early morning before all his household
- B. at dusk when the armies come home
- C. at noon in the palace courtyard
- D. in broad daylight before all Israel

12.14 [12:13] To whom did David say, "I have sinned against the LORD"?

- A. Joab
- B. Nathan
- C. his messenger
- D. Bathsheba

12.15 [12:14] Who did Nathan say would die because of David's actions?

- A. the son born to David
- B. Bathsheba
- C. David himself
- D. all his children

12.16 [12:15] After Nathan had gone home who became ill?

- A. David himself
- B. all his children
- C. Bathsheba
- D. the child that Uriah's wife had born to David

12.17 [12:16] What did David do after the child became ill?

- A. pleaded with God
- B. fasted
- C. spent the nights lying on the ground
- D. All of these

12.18 [12:17] Who tried to get David up from the ground?

- A. the elders of his household
- B. Nathan
- C. the household servants
- D. Bathsheba

12.19 [12:18] How many days later did the child die?

- A. six
- B. five
- C. four
- D. seven

12.20 [12:19] What did David notice the servants doing?

- A. standing in groups
- B. whispering among themselves
- C. talking to Bathsheba
- D. carrying lotions and cloths

12.21 [12:20] What did David do when he was told the child was dead?

- A. got up from the ground
- B. put on lotions and changed his clothes
- C. went into the house of the LORD and worshiped
- D. All of these

12.22 [12:21] What did the servants ask David?

- A. "Why are you acting this way?"
- B. "What shall we do with the child?"
- C. "Why did you not eat before?"
- D. "What can we prepare for you to eat?"

12.23 [12:24] What did David do after he talked with his servants?

- A. prepared for the child's burial
B. ate
C. wept
D. comforted Bathsheba and lay with her

12.24 [12:25] Why was Nathan told to name the boy Jedidiah?

- A. because the LORD was angry
B. because Solomon was not a good name
C. because the LORD loved him
D. because Bathsheba had been Uriah's widow

12.25 [12:26-27] What did Joab capture and take when he fought the Ammonites?

- A. the royal citadel and its water supply
B. the walled city and its treasures
C. the captains and their swords
D. the land and all the herds

12.26 [12:28] What did Joab tell David to do after his battle with the Ammonites?

- A. be proud of his armies
B. eat, drink, and be merry
C. send more troops to Joab
D. besiege the city and capture it

12.27 [12:30] What was the crown that David took made of?

- A. gold and silver
B. silver and jewels
C. gold and precious stones
D. iron

12.28 [12:31] After David plundered all the Ammonite towns, where did he go?

- A. Jerusalem
B. home
C. Israel
D. Rabbah

12.29 [12:30-31] What did David take from the city?

- A. a great quantity of plunder
B. the king's crown
C. all the animals
D. A & B

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 12 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

12.30A [12:18] Why were the servants afraid to tell David the child was dead?

- A. David might do something desperate
B. David would refuse to eat
C. David would be very angry
D. David would kill them

12.31A [12:22-23] What did David NOT reply to the servants' question?

- A. "The LORD will raise this child from the dead."
B. "Who knows?"
C. "Can I bring him back again?"
D. "Why should I fast (now)?"

12.32A [12:24] What did David and Bathsheba name their son?

- A. Jedidiah
B. David the II
C. Saul
D. Solomon

12.33A [12:25(foot)] What does the name Jedidiah mean?

- A. my son
- B. born from greed
- C. chosen one
- D. loved by the LORD

12.34A [12:29] What city did David attack and capture?

- A. Thebez
- B. Rehob
- C. Rabbah
- D. Zobah

12.35A [12:31] When David brought the people out of Rabbah, what did he consign them to do?

- A. labor with saws and with iron picks and axes
- B. work at brickmaking
- C. plow and plant the fields
- D. A & B

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 13 BASIC QUESTIONS

13.01 [13:1] In the course of time, how did Amnon feel about Tamar?

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| A. loved her | C. disliked her |
| B. hated her | D. admired her |

13.02 [13:3] Amnon's friend Jonadab was said to be what kind of man?

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| A. smart | C. shrewd |
| B. cunning | D. wise |

13.03 [13:5] What did Jonadab tell Amnon to do?

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| A. leave town | C. rest for a day |
| B. pretend to be ill | D. give a gift to Tamar |

13.04 [13:7] What did King David tell Tamar to do for Amnon?

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| A. anoint with oil | C. make a rich robe |
| B. sing a song | D. prepare some food |

13.05 [13:9] What did Amnon do when Tamar served him the bread?

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| A. threw it out | C. refused to eat it |
| B. ate it with gusto | D. gave it away |

13.06 [13:10] Where did Amnon tell Tamar to bring the food?

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| A. into the kitchen | C. to his bedroom |
| B. on a picnic | D. to his dining table |

13.07 [13:11,14] What did Amnon do when Tamar brought the bread to his bedroom?

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| A. praised her talents | C. grabbed her and raped her |
| B. ate it from her hand | D. fed the bread to Tamar |

13.08 [13:15] What did Amnon do after he raped Tamar?

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| A. laughed at her | C. told her to get out |
| B. cried | D. asked for more bread |

13.09 [13:18] How did Amnon's servant treat Tamar?

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A. asked her to stay and hide | C. told her to take a bath |
| B. gave her a richly ornamented robe | D. put her out and bolted the door |

13.10 [13:20] What did Absalom tell Tamar to do?

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. "Go tell your father, King David." | C. "Be quiet...don't take this thing to heart." |
| B. "Go stay with relatives out of town." | D. "Go back and tell Amnon to marry you." |

13.11 [13:21] When King David heard all this, how did he react?

- | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A. He went into seclusion. | C. He said it was not true. |
| B. He was furious. | D. He told Absalom to keep quiet. |

13.12 [13:25] Why did King David refuse to go to the sheepshearing?

- A. He did not want to be gone that long.
- B. He was getting old and tired.
- C. He would be a burden to Absalom.
- D. He wanted to protect Tamar.

13.13 [13:26] Who did Absalom ask King David to send to the sheepshearing?

- A. servants
- B. all his brothers
- C. Tamar
- D. Amnon

13.14 [13:28] What did Absalom order his men to do?

- A. protect Tamar
- B. gather the sheep for shearing
- C. strike Amnon down
- D. get Amnon drunk

13.15 [13:29] What did the king's sons do when Amnon was killed?

- A. mounted their stallions and fled
- B. mounted their mules and fled
- C. mounted their camels and fled
- D. mounted their horses and fled

13.16 [13:30] What was the report that came to King David as the men were returning?

- A. his sons killed Amnon
- B. all his sons were dead
- C. none of his sons were harmed
- D. half of his sons were dead

13.17 [13:31] What did the king do when he got the report?

- A. tore his clothes and lay down on the ground
- B. told his men to prepare to return
- C. called for his horse and prepared to fight
- D. put ashes on his head and beat his chest

13.18 [13:32] This death had been Absalom's _____ ever since Tamar's rape?

- A. dreaded fear
- B. dream
- C. nightmare
- D. expressed intention

13.19 [13:34] Who told the king that men were coming down the side of the hill?

- A. the watchman
- B. the reporter
- C. the servant
- D. the princes

13.20 [13:36] What did the king and his sons and servants do when the sons came in?

- A. shouted and declared war loudly
- B. wept bitterly and lay on the floor
- C. hugged and shouted loudly
- D. wailed loudly and wept bitterly

13.21 [13:37] Where did Absalom flee to?

- A. the king of Geshur
- B. the sea shore
- C. his father's house
- D. Jerusalem

13.22 [13:38] How long did Absalom stay in Geshur?

- A. 3 days
- B. 3 weeks
- C. 3 months
- D. 3 years

13.23 [13:39] The king longed to do what?

- A. to avenge Amnon's death
- B. to go to Absalom
- C. to seek consolation
- D. to protect Tamar

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 13 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

13.24A [13:1] Who was the father of Amnon?

- A. Absalom
- B. Solomon
- C. David
- D. Saul

13.25A [13:1] Who was Absalom's beautiful sister?

- A. Bathsheba
- B. Leah
- C. Ruth
- D. Tamar

13.26A [13:3] Jonadab was the son of _____.

- A. David
- B. Jonadab
- C. Amnon
- D. Shimeah

13.27A [13:19] What did Tamar do when she was put out of Amnon's bedroom?

- A. put ashes on her head and tore her robe
- B. walked proudly away and smiled
- C. cried loudly and ran for help
- D. tore her robe and ran for help

13.28A [13:23] How long after after the disgrace of Tamar did Absalom have sheepshearers at Baal Hazor?

- A. 2 days
- B. 2 weeks
- C. 2 months
- D. 2 years

13.29A [13:32] Who told King David that only Amnon had been killed?

- A. Shimeah
- B. Absalom
- C. a servant
- D. Jonadab

13.30A [13:32] Who was Shimeah?

- A. Amnon's father
- B. David's father
- C. David's brother
- D. Amnon's brother

13.31A [13:34] Who fled after Amnon's death?

- A. Shimeah
- B. Jonadab
- C. Absalom
- D. the servant

13.32A [13:37] Name the King of Geshur.

- A. Herod
- B. Talmai
- C. Pharaoh
- D. David

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 14 BASIC QUESTIONS

14.01 [14:1] What did Joab know that the king's heart longed for?

- A. Justice
- B. God's approval
- C. Absalom
- D. Food

14.02 [14:2] In chapter 14 where did the wise woman live?

- A. Geshur
- B. Talmai
- C. Tekoa
- D. The hill country

14.03 [14:2] What was the wise woman supposed to wear?

- A. Oils for burial
- B. Mourning clothes
- C. Wedding clothes
- D. Sack cloth

14.04 [14:3] Who told the wise woman what to say to David?

- A. Joab
- B. Ammihud
- C. Absalom
- D. Jonadab

14.05 [14:4] When the wise woman went to David she _____.

- A. Fell with her face to the ground
- B. Bowed her head
- C. Lay flat on the ground before David
- D. Kneeled before David

14.06 [14:6] In the story the wise woman was telling the king, what did the one son do to the other son?

- A. Tricked him
- B. Stole from him
- C. Killed him
- D. Beat him up

14.07 [14:7] When the wise woman told her story to David, she said that if they killed the heir, what would it not leave to her husband?

- A. Land belonging to their forefathers
- B. His name or a descendant
- C. An inheritance of gold
- D. Daughters of value

14.08 [14:7] In Chapter 14 when the wise woman told about one of her sons killing the other, she called the son still living _____.

- A. A criminal
- B. A curse
- C. The only burning coal I have left
- D. A & B

14.09 [14:9] On whom did the wise woman want the blame to rest on?

- A. Her husband
- B. The daughters they were fighting for
- C. Her guilty son
- D. On her and her father's family

14.10 [14:9] The wise woman told David that if she and her father's family took the blame, what would the king and his throne be without?

- A. God's blessing
- B. Honor
- C. Guilt
- D. The tribe of Benjamin

14.11 [14:10] The king said that if anyone said anything about bringing the guilty son to him to be killed, what was the woman to do?

- A. Spit on the ground
- B. Call the soldiers
- C. Kill them
- D. Bring the accuser to the king.

14.12 [14:11] The wise woman asked the king to invoke _____ to prevent the avenger of blood from adding to the destruction.

- A. wrath
- B. anger
- C. A law
- D. The LORD his God

14.13 [14:11] The king said to the wise woman that as surely as the LORD lives, what would happen to the guilty son?

- A. He would be thrown in jail for the murder
- B. Be banished from the kingdom
- C. Not one hair of his head would fall to the ground
- D. Killed to avenge his brother

14.14 [14:13] The wise woman said the king convicted himself by what?

- A. Not protecting the people of Israel
- B. Not seeking the prophet to seek God's help
- C. Going against God's anointed
- D. By not bringing back his banished son

14.15 [14:14] 2 Samuel Chapter 14 says, "Like water spilled on the ground, which cannot be recovered, so we must _____."

- A. Live
- B. Repent
- C. Die
- D. Forgive

14.16 [14:14] 2 Samuel Chapter 14 says that God does not take away life; instead, he devises ways so that a _____ person may not remain estranged from him.

- A. Banished
- B. Troubled
- C. Sinful
- D. Hateful

14.17 [14:17] The woman in Chapter 14 tells David, "...for my lord the king is like an _____ of God in discerning good and evil.

- A. Servant
- B. Prophet
- C. Angel
- D. Agent

14.18 [14:19] The king asked, "Isn't the hand of _____ with you in all of this?"

- A. Joab
- B. Absalom
- C. Jacob
- D. Jonathan

14.19 [14:20] Why had Joab asked the wise woman to speak to the king?

- A. To bring God's anger on the nation of Israel
- B. To change the present situation.
- C. He knew the king would not listen to him
- D. The king had banished Joab with Absalom

14.20 [14:21] After the wise woman spoke to David, what did David agree to do for Joab?

- A. Allow Joab to bring back the young man Absalom
- B. Bring Absalom back and present him to the people of Israel
- C. To bring back Absalom to stand in judgement for his guilt
- D. Bless his home and children

14.21 [14:22] When David agreed to bring back Absalom, what did Joab do?

- A. Went immediately to tell Absalom the news
B. Gave him a king's reward
C. Went to Absalom to plot against David
D. Fell on his face to the ground to pay him honor, and he blessed the king

14.22 [14:22] What did Joab know when the king granted his request to bring back Absalom?

- A. That Nathan would desire a sacrifice to be offered to God
B. That God would bless his family
C. That he was free from the oath to Absalom
D. That he had found favor in the king's eyes

14.23 [14:24] What did the king refuse to let Absalom do when he returned from banishment?

- A. Enter the house of God
B. Take a wife
C. Cut his hair
D. See the face of the king

14.24 [14:24] Where did Absalom stay when he returned to Jerusalem?

- A. In the house of Joab
B. His own house
C. In the temple
D. In the house of David

14.25 [14:25] What was about Absalom that he was highly praised?

- A. His honesty
B. His handsome appearance
C. His reverence to God
D. His valor

14.26 [14:26] What caused Absalom to cut his hair?

- A. The death of the firstborn son
B. The anger of David
C. It was too heavy for him
D. A Nazirite vow was completed

14.27 [14:26] When Absalom cut his hair, its weight would be _____ shekels.

- A. 300
B. 100
C. 400
D. 200

14.28 [14:27] How many kids did Absalom have?

- A. 3 daughters
B. 3 sons, 1 daughter
C. 2 sons, 2 daughters
D. 1 son, 2 daughters

14.29 [14:28] Absalom lived _____ years in Jerusalem without seeing the king's face.

- A. 3
B. 5
C. 2
D. 4

14.30 [14:29] Joab had a field next to Absalom and what was planted there?

- A. Corn
B. Barley
C. Wheat
D. Rice

14.31 [14:31] When Joab went to Absalom's house he said to him, " Why have your servants set my _____ on fire.

- A. Field
B. House
C. Wheat
D. Barn

14.32 [14:32] Absalom asked Joab to tell the king " . . . if I am guilty of anything, let him put me _____."

- A. Out of town
- B. Chains
- C. To death
- D. In jail

14.33 [14:33] When the king summoned Absalom, Absalom came in bowed down with his _____ to the ground before the king.

- A. Knees
- B. Head
- C. Face
- D. Hands

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 14 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

14.34A [14:2] What was the wise woman not supposed to do?

- A. Come to the king with expensive gifts
- B. Cry
- C. Use any cosmetic lotions
- D. Beg

14.35A [14:13] The wise woman told David that he had devised this thing against whom?

- A. The family of the king
- B. The people of God
- C. The enemy
- D. Saul's house

14.36A [14:15] Who had made the wise woman afraid?

- A. God
- B. Joab
- C. The people
- D. The king

14.37A [14:23] Where was Absalom when Joab went to bring him back to Jerusalem

- A. Across the Arabah
- B. Geshur
- C. Well of Sickam
- D. In the land of the Philistines

14.38A [14:29] How many times did Absalom send for Joab and he refused to come.

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

14.39A [14:33] The king _____ Absalom.

- A. shook hands with
- B. hugged
- C. kissed
- D. kissed and hugged

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 15 BASIC QUESTIONS

15.01 [15:1] "In the course of time" with what did Absalom provide himself?

- A. horses
- B. 50 men to run ahead of him
- C. a chariot
- D. All of these

15.02 [15:2] What would Absalom do each morning?

- A. groom his horses
- B. wash his long hair
- C. stand by the road leading to the city gate
- D. eat breakfast

15.03 [15:2] What did Absalom ask of the people who came with a complaint?

- A. "What have you brought as a gift to the king?"
- B. "What town are you from?"
- C. "Tell me your complaints because I have been appointed as Judge."
- D. "Did you bring a sacrifice to God first?"

15.04 [15:3] What would Absalom tell people?

- A. "The city is full, so don't go there."
- B. "You must bring tribute to me."
- C. "There is no representative of the king to hear you."
- D. A & B

15.05 [15:4] How did Absalom tell people they could get justice?

- A. by giving money to King David
- B. by choosing twelve men to hear them
- C. by bringing gold to the judges
- D. by having Absalom as judge

15.06 [15:5] How did Absalom win the hearts of the people who bowed before him?

- A. He took hold of them and kissed them.
- B. He gave them gold.
- C. He promised them land.
- D. He gave them food.

15.07 [15:7] What did Absalom ask of the king?

- A. to give him his own army
- B. to appoint him to be a judge
- C. to go to Jerusalem
- D. to allow him to go to Hebron to fulfill a vow to the LORD

15.08 [15:8] Where did Absalom vow he would worship the LORD?

- A. Hebron
- B. Ur
- C. Judah
- D. Jerusalem

15.09 [15:8] What was the vow that Absalom told David he had made to the LORD?

- A. "If the LORD takes me back to Jerusalem, I will worship the LORD in Hebron."
- B. "If I am able return to Jerusalem, I will worship God only."
- C. "If I am able to return to Jerusalem, I will defend my father David as king."
- D. "If the king will accept me back in the family, I will sacrifice all I have to the LORD."

15.10 [15:9] What did David say to Absalom about Absalom's request?

- A. "I need you to stay here." C. "Wait until after the harvest."
B. "Go in peace." D. "You must worship only in Jerusalem."

15.11 [15:10] What did Absalom's secret message to the tribes of Israel say?

- A. "The king won't allow me to leave." C. "When you hear the trumpet, say, 'Absalom is king in Hebron.'"
B. "I will meet you in Jerusalem." D. "I have been appointed as judge."

15.12 [15:11] How many men innocently accompanied Absalom as guests to Hebron?

- A. 1000 C. 5000
B. 500 D. 200

15.13 [15:12] Who was Ahithophel?

- A. Absalom's brother-in-law C. Absalom's general
B. David's counselor D. Joab's son

15.14 [15:13] What did a messenger tell David?

- A. "Absalom did not go to Hebron." C. "The hearts of the men of Israel are with Absalom."
B. "The sacrifices of Absalom in Hebron are completed." D. "Ahithophel is on his way back from Hebron."

15.15 [15:14] What did David say Absalom would do?

- A. overtake them C. ask David to forgive him
B. put the city to the sword D. A & B

15.16 [15:15] How did David's servants respond to David's order to get ready to flee Jerusalem?

- A. They fled to the temple. C. They were ready to do whatever David chose.
B. They allied themselves with Absalom. D. They scattered in fear.

15.17 [15:16] Who did David leave behind in the palace?

- A. 500 soldiers C. all of the women and children
B. 10 concubines D. the elderly men

15.18 [15:19-21] What was the response of the man David told to leave him?

- A. "It matters not if I leave. Absalom will kill me." C. "I will take my countrymen and return to my homeland."
B. "Wherever my lord the king may be, there will your servant be." D. "I will go back and stay with King Absalom."

15.19 [15:23] What did the whole countryside do when all the people with David passed by?

- A. wept aloud C. shouted insults
B. bowed down D. threw stones

15.20 [15:24] When David fled Jerusalem, what did Abiathar do until all the people finished leaving the city?

- A. prayed to God for redemption
- B. hid in the temple
- C. offered sacrifices
- D. sang praises to God

15.21 [15:25] What did David tell Zadok to do?

- A. "Go ahead of me and the people."
- B. "Form another army to help me fight Absalom."
- C. "Light fires on the mountaintops to encourage and guide the people."
- D. "Take the ark of God back to the city."

15.22 [15:25] What did David say the LORD would do if he found favor in the LORD's eyes?

- A. "He will lead me to a new city where the ark will have a dwelling place once again."
- B. "He will feed and care for me in the desert."
- C. "He will bring me back and see the ark in his dwelling place again."
- D. "He will crush Absalom."

15.23 [15:26] What did David say his response would be if the LORD was not pleased with him?

- A. "Make me a wanderer forever like Cain."
- B. "Bury me on the mountain with Moses."
- C. "Let him do to me whatever seems good to him."
- D. "Let me be a servant in the palace of Absalom."

15.24 [15:27] The king said to Zadok the priest, "Aren't you _____?"

- A. a seer
- B. coming with me
- C. wise in God's eyes
- D. a Levite

15.25 [15:28] Where did David tell Zadok he would go and wait for word from Zadok?

- A. at the temple
- B. on the Mount of Olives
- C. at the fords in the desert
- D. on Mt. Sinai

15.26 [15:30] What were David and the people doing as they continued up the Mount of Olives?

- A. weeping
- B. cursing Absalom
- C. laughing
- D. singing

15.27 [15:31] What did David pray about Ahithophel?

- A. "Let Ahithophel return to me."
- B. "Turn his counsel into foolishness."
- C. "May he die a horrible death."
- D. "Let him repent."

15.28 [15:34] How did David say this person at the summit could help him?

- A. He could find more horses and chariots.
- B. He could protect the women and children.
- C. He could offer to be Absalom's servant.
- D. He could find more men to help David fight.

15.29 [15:35] Who did David tell Hushai to send back to David with any information he heard in the palace?

- A. Ahimaaz
- B. Jonathan
- C. Zadok
- D. A & B

15.30 [15:37] Who arrived in Jerusalem just as Absalom was entering the city?

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| A. Hushai | C. Ittai |
| B. Zadok and Abiathar | D. Ahithophel |

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 15 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

15.31A [15:6] Whose hearts did Absalom win at the city gates?

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| A. those from the town of Hebron | C. the tribes of Benjamin and Judah |
| B. the priests in the temple | D. the men of Israel |

15.32A [15:7] How long was Absalom in Jerusalem before he asked to go back to Hebron to worship the LORD?

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| A. two years | C. one year |
| B. six months | D. four years |

15.33A [15:8] Where was Absalom living when he made a vow to worship the LORD in Hebron?

- | | |
|-------------------|-----------|
| A. Seshur in Aram | C. Gibeon |
| B. Jerusalem | D. Hebron |

15.34A [15:12] Ahithophel was _____.

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| A. a Gilonite | C. a Gibeonite |
| B. a Gittite | D. a Geshurite |

15.35A [15:18] All of the following men marched past David except the _____.

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| A. Benjamites | C. Kerethites |
| B. Pelethites | D. Gittites |

15.36A [15:19] David told _____ to go back to Absalom.

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| A. Jonah the Kerethite | C. Ittai the Gittite |
| B. Kere the Pelethite | D. Benjamin the Moabite |

15.37A [15:23] Which direction or path did David take when he fled Jerusalem?

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. across the Kidron Valley and toward Bethlehem | C. across the Kidron Valley and toward the desert |
| B. toward the Arabah | D. toward the south |

15.38A [15:27] Who was the son of Zadok?

- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| A. Hushai | C. Ahithophel |
| B. Abiathar | D. Ahimaaz |

15.39A [15:27] Who went with Zadok and his son back to Jerusalem when David was fleeing the city?

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. the elderly men | C. Abiathar and Ahithophel |
| B. Abiathar and Jonathan | D. Hushai and Ittai |

15.40A [15:32] Who met David at the summit where the people used to worship God?

- A. Absalom
- B. Ahithophel

- C. Hushai the Arkite
- D. Ittai the Gittite

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 16 BASIC QUESTIONS

16.01 [16:1] Where did David meet Ziba?

- A. At the Kidron Valley
- B. A short distance beyond the summit
- C. Hebron
- D. In the Valley of Bones

16.02 [16:2] What were the donkeys for that Ziba brought to David when he was fleeing from Absalom?

- A. For the king's household to ride on
- B. To carry the food that Ziba brought to eat
- C. For the soldiers with David to ride on
- D. To carry the belongings of Mephibosheth

16.03 [16:2] What was the purpose of the wine that Ziba gave to David when David was fleeing before Absalom?

- A. To celebrate David's victory
- B. To make the men forget their plight
- C. To refresh those who become exhausted in the desert
- D. To get them drunk so Absalom could overtake them

16.04 [16:2] Who did Ziba say should have the bread and fruit?

- A. The men
- B. Those who become exhausted in the desert
- C. The wives of the soldiers
- D. King David

16.05 [16:3] Where was Mephibosheth at this time?

- A. On Mt. Horeb
- B. In Jerusalem
- C. In Hebron
- D. In David's army

16.06 [16:4] What did David give to Ziba?

- A. All that belonged to Mephibosheth
- B. Weapons
- C. Cattle
- D. Bread

16.07 [16:5] Where was David approaching when he encountered Shimei?

- A. Ai
- B. Jerusalem
- C. Bahurim
- D. The desert of Zim

16.08 [16:7] Shimei told David to do what when he approached Bahurim?

- A. Offer sacrifices for a safe journey
- B. Get out, get out
- C. Bring he and his men in to offer safety from Absalom
- D. Come in and rest from your travel

16.09 [16:7] Shimei called David a "man of _____"

- A. Steel
- B. Sorrows
- C. Israel
- D. Blood

16.10 [16:5-7] What did Shimei NOT do when David approached?

- A. Pelted David with stones
- B. Cursed David
- C. Offered gifts to David and his men
- D. Called David a scoundrel

16.11 [16:8] What did Shimei say that the LORD had repaid David for?

- A. Cursing his fields so they no longer produced grain for his family
- B. All the blood he shed in the household of Saul
- C. Killing his father Nabal
- D. Not offering Shimei a position as a judge because of his loyalty to David

16.12 [16:8] Who did Shimei say the LORD had handed the kingdom over to?

- A. Mephibosheth from the household of Saul
- B. To the Amorites
- C. Your enemies
- D. Your son Absalom

16.13 [16:9] When Shimei attacked David, what question did Abishai ask David?

- A. Which tribe is Abishai from?
- B. Why should this dead dog curse my lord the king?
- C. Who is this man that he opposes the anointed of the LORD?
- D. Is his accusations true?

16.14 [16:9] What did Abishai ask to do to Shimei

- A. Take him captive
- B. Give him a reward
- C. Cut off his head
- D. Send him to prison

16.15 [16:10] David thought _____ might have told Shimei to curse him

- A. Saul
- B. The LORD
- C. Jonathan
- D. Michal

16.16 [16:11] From what tribe was Shimei?

- A. Reuben
- B. Simeon
- C. Judah
- D. Benjamin

16.17 [16:12] What did David say he might receive because of the cursing?

- A. Sores on his skin
- B. Good
- C. More people for his army
- D. A way to get revenge

16.18 [16:13] What did Shimei do while David and his men continued along the road?

- A. Took a nap
- B. Threw dirt and stones at David
- C. Ran ahead and set up an ambush
- D. Went back to his army

16.19 [16:14] How did the king and the people with him feel when they arrived at their destination?

- A. Angry
- B. Joyful
- C. Exhausted
- D. Hungry

16.20 [16:15] Who came to Jerusalem while David was fleeing to Bahurim?

- A. Absalom and all the men of Israel
- B. Ziba
- C. All of the men of Judah
- D. All of these

16.21 [16:16] What did Hushai the Arkite say to Absalom?

- | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. "Surrender to David." | C. Long live the King |
| B. "You are worse than dirt." | D. "Make me your general." |

16.22 [16:17] What did Absalom ask Hushai?

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| A. "Why don't you go with your friend?" | C. "How soon can I surrender?" |
| B. Where is my father David? | D. "Why should I make you general?" |

16.23 [16:18-19] Which is NOT included in the ones Hushai said he should serve?

- | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A. The one chosen by the LORD | C. The one chosen by all of Israel |
| B. The son | D. His friend David |

16.24 [16:20] Whom did Absalom ask for advice?

- | | |
|---------------|-----------|
| A. Hushai | C. Shimei |
| B. Ahithophel | D. Joab |

16.25 [16:21] What did Ahithophel tell Absalom to do?

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| A. Kill Hushai | C. Possess David's concubines |
| B. Live in David's palace | D. Get some horses to ride in battle |

16.26 [16:21] When Absalom did what Ahithophel told him to do, how would he be in his father's nostrils?

- | | |
|-------------|--------------------|
| A. A Stench | C. An odor of dung |
| B. A pig | D. A sweet smell |

16.27 [16:22] When Absalom did what Ahithophel told him to do, where did he do it?

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| A. In secret | C. In the sight of all Israel |
| B. In the night | D. Early in the morning before the Israelites got up |

16.28 [16:23] How powerful was Ahithophel's advice?

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| A. Not very powerful | C. Only the priests listened to him |
| B. "Like one who inquires of God" | D. Absalom didn't pay any attention to it. |

16.29 [16:23] Who regarded Ahithophel's advice as if it was from God?

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| A. Only the priests. | C. David but not Absalom |
| B. Both David and Absalom | D. Absalom but not David |

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 16 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

16.30A [16:1] What did Ziba have for David when they met?

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| A. Two hundred loaves of bread | C. Donkeys loaded with wool |
| B. 100 cakes of raisins, 100 cakes of figs, and a skin of wine | D. A & B |

16.31A [16:3] Why did Mephibosheth not go with David when David was fleeing from Absalom?

- A. He was afraid that he would hinder David's journey because he was crippled
- B. He had become friends with Absalom and thought he would give him his grandfather's kingdom
- C. He thought that the house of Israel would give him back his grandfather's kingdom
- D. He was crippled and could not make the Journey

16.32A [16:4] When David gave Ziba the belongings of Mephibosheth, what was Ziba's response?

- A. Then all that is mine, I sacrifice to the LORD
- B. All that I have is yours, my lord the king
- C. I cannot take what does not belong to me
- D. I humbly bow, May I find favor in your eyes, my lord the king.

16.33A [16:5] Shimei was the son of _____.

- A. Gershem
- B. Zadok
- C. Gera
- D. Absalom

16.34A [16:11] When Shimei attacked David, what reason, other than it was from the LORD, did David give not to attack him?

- A. If Absalom was to be king, maybe Shimei would join his army and fight against David
- B. David was afraid of Shimei
- C. The LORD was the one to punish the house of Israel
- D. The LORD may repay him with good for the cursing.

16.35A [16:10,11] Which of the following is NOT something David said in 2 Samuel Chapter 16?

- A. 'Leave him alone; let him curse, for the LORD has told him to.'
- B. 'The LORD will comfort Absalom in his distress.'
- C. 'What do you and I have in common, you sons of Zeruiah?'
- D. 'My son, who is of my own flesh, is trying to take my life.'

16.36A [16:1-5,15-19] What did NOT happen to David in 2 Samuel Chapter 16?

- A. He received gifts from Ziba
- B. He was abandoned by Hushai
- C. He was cursed by Shimei
- D. He was praised by Ahithophel.

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 17 BASIC QUESTIONS

17.01 [17:1] The plan to choose twelve thousand men and set out in pursuit of David was suggested to Absalom by ____.

- A. Zadok
- B. Ahithophel
- C. Abiathar
- D. Hushai

17.02 [17:1] Who suggested the plans whereby Absalom would defeat David?

- A. Jonathan and Ahithophel
- B. Hushai the Arkite and Ahithophel
- C. Solomon and Hushai
- D. None of these

17.03 [17:1] When would Ahithophel have Absalom pursue David?

- A. after the Passover was celebrated
- B. at daybreak the next morning
- C. at the beginning of the month
- D. that night

17.04 [17:2] Ahithophel's plan to pursue David suggested attacking David when he was ____.

- A. weary and weak
- B. cold but alert
- C. hungry and thirsty
- D. drunk

17.05 [17:2] Ahithophel recommended that Absalom's pursuit end with striking down ____.

- A. Hushai
- B. the people with the king
- C. the king
- D. the elders of Israel

17.06 [17:2] Why did Ahithophel suggest a specific time was good to pursue David?

- A. David would be weary and weak
- B. David's forces would be sleeping
- C. David's advisors would be with him and Absalom could kill all of the leaders of the army at one time
- D. David would not be expecting an attack at that time

17.07 [17:2] Who did Ahithophel advise Absalom to kill?

- A. all of the people with David
- B. all of David's most trusted advisors
- C. David
- D. All of these

17.08 [17:3-4] Absalom believed that the plan offered by Ahithophel was ____.

- A. unethical
- B. good
- C. unwise
- D. risky

17.09 [17:3-5] ____ said that in addition to Ahithophel, Hushai should also be consulted.

- A. Zadok
- B. Absalom
- C. Ahithophel himself
- D. Abiathar

17.10 [17:7] Hushai told Absalom that Ahithophel's advice regarding David was ____.

- A. worth considering
- B. blessed by the LORD
- C. not good
- D. excellent as always

17.11 [17:7] While talking to Absalom, Hushai compared David and his fighters to a ____.

- A. lamb taken to slaughter
- B. wild bear robbed of her cubs
- C. bee without a hive
- D. god of the Philistines

17.12 [17:8] Hushai suggested to Absalom that David was an experienced fighter who would not spend the night ____.

- A. with his troops
- B. in a well-lit camp
- C. by a river
- D. in a cave

17.13 [17:11] Hushai suggested to Absalom that he should gather all of Israel with him, and that he should lead them into ____.

- A. the wilderness
- B. secret caves
- C. battle
- D. debt

17.14 [17:12] What did Hushai the Arkite advise Absalom to do?

- A. take 4000 of his best troops to Beersheba and annihilate David and his whole army
- B. take all of the fighting men of Dan, capture David, and bring him to Absalom
- C. lead all Israel to attack David wherever he was found
- D. go to the seashore for some rest before pursuing David

17.15 [17:12] What simile did Hushai use to describe how Absalom's troops should descend on David?

- A. as dew settles on the ground
- B. as mother hen covers her chicks with her wings
- C. like a hawk attacks its prey
- D. like a duck on a June bug

17.16 [17:13] According to Hushai, what would Absalom's army do if David withdrew into a city?

- A. bring ropes to that city and drag it into the valley until not even a piece could be found
- B. send spies to infiltrate David's army and murder David and his commanders
- C. march around the city for seven days
- D. None of these

17.17 [17:16] What did this person say would happen to David if he did not cross the fords?

- A. he would be humiliated
- B. he and his people would be swallowed up
- C. Absalom would succeed in taking the city of priests
- D. None of these

17.18 [17:17] Where were Jonathan and Ahimaaz staying?

- A. Sychar
- B. Beth Shemesh
- C. En Gedi
- D. En Rogel

17.19 [17:17] Who was sent to tell these men to give the message to David?

- A. Ittai
- B. Abishai
- C. the wife of Bahurim
- D. a servant girl

17.20 [17:18] Where did these men hide when they were spotted?

- A. by the river
- B. under a pile of dead sticks
- C. in a granary
- D. in a well

17.21 [17:18] Who hid Jonathan and Ahimaaz?

- A. a young Benjamite in the courtyard
- B. the wife of a man from Bahurim
- C. a servant girl
- D. Ahithophel

17.22 [17:19] With what was the hiding place covered?

- A. a covering with grain sprinkled on it
- B. an upper millstone
- C. a pile of branches
- D. nothing

17.23 [17:19] Who knew where these men were hidden?

- A. the Benjamite
- B. Anakin
- C. no one
- D. a servant girl

17.24 [17:20] What was the answer to the question "Where are Ahimaaz and Jonathan"?

- A. "They fled to the granary."
- B. "They went into the hills."
- C. "They crossed over the brook."
- D. "They fled to Lo Debar."

17.25 [17:21] What did the men say when they returned to David?

- A. "Set out across the river at once."
- B. "Ahithophel has advised such and such against you."
- C. "Evil men are plotting to kill you."
- D. A & B

17.26 [17:22] Who went with David when he crossed the river?

- A. all his men
- B. his mother and father
- C. all the people
- D. A & B

17.27 [17:23] What did Ahithophel do when he heard his advice had not been followed?

- A. He left for his home town.
- B. He hanged himself.
- C. He put his house in order.
- D. All of these

17.28 [17:25] Who commanded Absalom's army in place of Joab?

- A. Absalom
- B. Amasa
- C. Zeruiah
- D. Nahash

17.29 [17:27] Where did Absalom and the Israelites camp after crossing the Jordan?

- A. Gilead
- B. Beth Shemesh
- C. in the desert, close to Negev
- D. Siloam

17.30 [17:28] Who provided David and his people with bedding, bowls, and pottery?

- A. Shobi son of Nahash
- B. Makir son of Ammiel
- C. Barzillai from Rogelim
- D. All of these

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 17 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

17.31A [17:1] How many men was Absalom to take with him according to the plan suggested by Ahithophel?

- A. 25,000
- B. 100,000
- C. 12,000
- D. 1,000

17.32A [17:8-9] Hushai the Arkite made the following observation(s).

- A. He compared David and the men fighting with him to a bear robbed of her cubs.
- B. David would not spend the night with his troops.
- C. If David attacked first, the rumor would circulate that Absalom's troops had been slaughtered.
- D. All of these

17.33A [17:15] Who told Zadok and Abiathar to warn David to cross the fords of the desert?

- A. Ahithophel
- B. The LORD
- C. Hushai
- D. Abigail

17.34A [17:14-15] Why did Absalom choose to follow the advice of Hushai the Arkite?

- A. Absalom and all of his men preferred the plan.
- B. The LORD had determined to frustrate the good advice of Ahithophel.
- C. Hushai was Absalom's closest friend.
- D. A & B

17.35A [17:20] Who asked the person who hid the two men, "Where are Ahimaaz and Jonathan"?

- A. Absalom
- B. Nushai
- C. Absalom's men
- D. Ahithophel

17.36A [17:24] David went to _____, and Absalom crossed the _____ with all the men of Israel.

- A. Mahanaim ... Jordan
- B. Barzillai ... Lake of Tiberias
- C. Jabesh Gilead ... Amnon River
- D. Rogelim ... Gershom River

17.37A [17:26] Who was Amasa's father?

- A. Jether
- B. The text does not say.
- C. Reuel
- D. David

17.38A [17:29] Which of the following food items were NOT brought for David and his people?

- A. honey and curds
- B. pressed figs and corn
- C. wheat and barley
- D. beans and lentils

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 18 BASIC QUESTIONS

18.01 [18:2] In 2 Samuel Chapter 18, David gave _____ each command of 1/3 of David's troops.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A. Joab, Abishai, and Ittai | C. Reuben, Simeon, and Levi |
| B. Zeruah, Git, and Cush | D. Shem, Ham, and Japeth |

18.02 [18:2] Who said that David would surely march out with his troops.

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| A. The king himself | C. Joab |
| B. Abishai | D. Ittai, the Gittite |

18.03 [18:3] David's men said that it would be better for him to give them support from where?

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| A. the city | C. the fortress wall |
| B. the weapons cache | D. the rear |

18.04 [18:5] King David told the commanders of his men to be gentle with the young man _____ for his sake.

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| A. Absalom | C. Joab |
| B. Ahimaaz | D. Jonathan |

18.05 [18:5] _____ heard David giving orders concerning Absalom to the commanders.

- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| A. Absalom | C. All the troops |
| B. Only the armor bearers | D. Only Ahimaaz |

18.06 [18:7] When the army of Israel was defeated in the forest of Ephraim, by David's men, there were _____ casualties

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| A. 10,000 | C. 30,000 |
| B. 20,000 | D. 40,000 |

18.07 [18:8] The _____ of Ephraim took more lives than the sword on the day David's men defeated Israel's army there.

- | | |
|-----------|--------------|
| A. swords | C. forest |
| B. sons | D. daughters |

18.08 [18:9] During the battle against David's men, Absalom rode a _____.

- | | |
|----------------|---------------|
| A. chariot | C. mule |
| B. white horse | D. dark horse |

18.09 [18:9] When he rode under the branches of a thick oak tree, Absalom's _____ got caught in the tree, leaving him hanging.

- | | |
|----------|--------------|
| A. tunic | C. head |
| B. sword | D. right arm |

18.10 [18:11] If the man who saw Absalom hanging from the tree had killed him, he would have received ten shekels of silver and _____.

- | | |
|--|---------------------|
| A. A discharge with honors from the army | C. a warrior's belt |
| B. A special reward from the King | D. a wife |

18.11 [18:14] Who plunged three javelins into Absalom's heart while he was still alive in the oak tree?

- A. Abishai
- B. Zeruiah
- C. Joab
- D. Ittai

18.12 [18:18] Where did Absalom erect a pillar to himself?

- A. forest of Ephraim
- B. King's Valley
- C. Mahanaim
- D. Jordan River

18.13 [18:19] Who asked to deliver the news to David that the LORD had delivered him from the hand of his enemies?

- A. Ahimaaz, son of Zadok
- B. A Cushite
- C. Joab
- D. None of these

18.14 [18:21] Who did Joab choose to tell the king what he had seen?

- A. A Levite
- B. A Ephraimite
- C. A Gaddite
- D. A Cushite

18.15 [18:23] After Joab consented to allow Ahimaaz to run, Ahimaaz outran the Cushite by taking the way of the _____.

- A. river
- B. hills
- C. plain
- D. forest

18.16 [18:25] When the watchman reported to David that he saw a man coming, running alone, David said that the runner must be bearing _____.

- A. the weight of a thousand camels
- B. the names of the dead
- C. good news
- D. bad news

18.17 [18:28] What did Ahimaaz call out when he reached the king?

- A. Absalom is dead!
- B. Joab is a murderer!
- C. All is well!
- D. The Cushite is slow!

18.18 [18:29] King David asked Ahimaaz if _____ was safe.

- A. Absalom
- B. Joab
- C. Ittai
- D. Abishai

18.19 [18:33] As David wept for Absalom, he cried out, "If only I had _____!"

- A. fought instead of you
- B. not turned against you
- C. died instead of you
- D. not sinned against God

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 18 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

18.20A [18:3] What was NOT a reason David's men give when insisting he not go out to battle with them?

- A. Half of them could die and Israel wouldn't care
- B. David was worth ten thousand of them
- C. David should protect the city
- D. The enemy did not care about them

18.21A [18:10] Having seen Absalom hanging from an oak tree, one of David's men told it to ____.

- A. Ittai
- B. David
- C. Abishai
- D. Joab

18.22A [18:14-15] Who participated in killing Absalom while he hung in a tree?

- A. David and his servants
- B. Joab and his armor bearers
- C. Joab alone
- D. nobody. It was an accident.

18.23A [18:17] Where did some of David's troops dispose of Absalom's body?

- A. At the base of Absalom's Monument in King's Valley
- B. In a rock quarry.
- C. In a big pit in the forest
- D. In a secret place that the world will never know

18.24A [18:18] Why did Absalom erect a monument to himself?

- A. He had no son to carry on his name
- B. It was customary for all leaders of Israel to do this.
- C. To stand as a reminder of his power to his troops
- D. David suggested it to him

18.25A [18:18] Absalom named the pillar he erected to himself. What does 2 Samuel say the pillar was known as?

- A. David's Folly
- B. Absalom's Heart
- C. Absalom's Monument
- D. Absalom's Glory

18.26A [18:20] Why did Joab tell Ahimaaz that he must not deliver news of the battle to David the day David's men were victorious?

- A. Because Cushites were faster
- B. Because the king's son was dead.
- C. Because his right foot was lame.
- D. Because it was not yet his turn.

18.27A [18:24] Where was the watchman when he saw the runner?

- A. outside the Inner Gate
- B. outside the Outer Gate
- C. the palace courtyard
- D. roof of the gateway

18.28A [18:26] Who did the watchman call down to when he saw the second runner?

- A. the gatekeeper
- B. Joab
- C. David
- D. Ahimaaz

18.29A [18:29] In response to David's question to Ahimaaz in vs. 29, Ahimaaz told David that he had witnessed great confusion, and he ____.

- A. didn't know what it was
- B. was certain Israel's leader was unharmed
- C. took an alternate route to be safe
- D. None of these

18.30A [18:32] When the Cushite arrived, King David asked him ____.

- A. how many Israelites he killed
- B. the same question he asked Ahimaaz
- C. why he ran so slow
- D. if his commanders had survived

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 19 BASIC QUESTIONS

19.01 [19:2] After the battle in which Absalom was killed, David's army's victory was turned to ____.

- A. terror
- B. mourning
- C. confusion
- D. humiliation

19.02 [19:2] The whole army's victory was turned to mourning because

- A. The king was grieving for his son
- B. Their wives and children died in battle
- C. David had to flee to Jerusalem
- D. A & B

19.03 [19:3] David's soldiers stole into the city as men who are ashamed as they flee from ____.

- A. sin
- B. bees in a hive
- C. battle
- D. their angry wives

19.04 [19:6] Whom did Joab chastise, saying, "You love those who hate you and hate those who love you. "

- A. Shimei
- B. The king
- C. The Philistines
- D. Ziba

19.05 [19:8] After the death of Absalom, the Israelites fled to ____.

- A. their homes
- B. David's gateway
- C. Absalom's grave
- D. the forest

19.06 [19:9] The Israelites recognized that David had fled their country because of ____.

- A. Bathsheba
- B. the economy
- C. the weather
- D. Absalom

19.07 [19:10] In chapter 19, it is said that in their arguing, the Israelites remembered that David had delivered them from the hand of the ____.

- A. Amalekites
- B. Cushites
- C. Jebusites
- D. Philistines

19.08 [19:11] David sent a message to Zadok and Abiathar, saying, "Ask the elders of Judah, 'Why should you be the last to bring the king back to his ____?'"

- A. throne room
- B. family
- C. wife
- D. palace

19.09 [19:13] King David wanted ____ to be commander of his army in place of Joab.

- A. Shimei
- B. Zadok
- C. Abiathar
- D. Amasa

19.10 [19:14] David won over the hearts of all the men of Judah as though they were ____.

- A. one man
- B. his brothers
- C. sheep of his pasture
- D. his own children

19.11 [19:20] Who was the first of the whole house of Joseph to come down and meet his lord, King David?

- A. Zadok
- B. Gera
- C. Ziba
- D. Shimei

19.12 [19:21] Abishai suggested Shimei should be put to death, pointing out he had _____ the LORD's anointed.

- A. stolen from
- B. cursed
- C. stalked
- D. tricked

19.13 [19:24] Who was Mephibosheth's grandfather?

- A. Jonathan
- B. David
- C. Saul
- D. Barzillai

19.14 [19:24] What had Mephibosheth not done from the day the king left until the day the king returned?

- A. Taken care of his feet, trimmed his mustache nor washed his clothes
- B. Eaten
- C. Stopped praying on the king's behalf
- D. Drank fermented drink

19.15 [19:29] Who did David order to divide up the fields?

- A. No one
- B. Zadok and Abiathar
- C. Mephibosheth and Ziba
- D. Barzillai and Kimham

19.16 [19:30] Upon the king's safe arrival home, who did Mephibosheth want to take all of the fields?

- A. Ziba
- B. Absalom
- C. Barzillai
- D. King David

19.17 [19:32] Which wealthy man provided for the king during his stay in Mahanaim?

- A. Hushai
- B. Barzillai
- C. Jonadab
- D. Shimei

19.18 [19:34] What eighty year old man did David ask to join him in Jerusalem?

- A. Barzillai
- B. Mephibosheth
- C. Kimham
- D. Abishai

19.19 [19:41] Who asked, "Why did our brothers, the men of Judah, steal the king away and bring him and his household across the Jordan, together with all his men?"

- A. All the men of Israel
- B. Mephibosheth
- C. Cousins of Kimham
- D. no one asked that question

19.20 [19:42] Which group of people claimed that the king was closely related to them?

- A. Men of Israel
- B. Men of Judah
- C. His wives and concubines
- D. The Levites

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 19 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

19.21A [19:7] Joab swore by the LORD that if David did not encourage his men after the death of Absalom, that not a ____.

- A. one of his wives would love him
- B. man would be left with him by nightfall
- C. single firstborn Israelite would live
- D. hair would remain on his head

19.22A [19:18-19] When the king returned to Jerusalem, who fell prostrate before the king, asking forgiveness for what he did the day the king left Jerusalem?

- A. Nathan
- B. Absalom
- C. Ziba
- D. Shimei

19.23A [19:15-17,24] Which of the following was not among those listed as meeting the king at Gilgal to bring him across the Jordan?

- A. Mephibosheth
- B. Ziba, the steward of Saul's household
- C. A thousand Gibeonites
- D. Shimei

19.24A [19:26] Why did Mephibosheth say that he did not go with the king?

- A. He was loyal to Saul and could not also be loyal to David
- B. Ziba had betrayed him
- C. He was lame and could not go
- D. He needed to stay behind in Jerusalem and defend the king's sons, daughters, wives and concubines

19.25A [19:28] Mephibosheth asked what right he had to make more ____.

- A. pancakes for breakfast
- B. enemies in the land of Judah
- C. appeals to the king
- D. threats against the Benjamites

19.26A [19:37] What did Barzillai suggest to David since he, himself, did not want to cross over the Jordan with him?

- A. That six servants remain with him
- B. That Kimham go and bring back a treasure for him
- C. That all should remain with him until he died
- D. That Kimham cross with him instead

19.27A [19:36-37] Who requested of the king that he be allowed to cross over the Jordan with him for a short distance, then to return to die in his own town?

- A. Barzillai
- B. Kimham
- C. Mephibosheth
- D. Ziba

19.28A [19:39] What did the king do to Barzillai after crossing over the Jordan?

- A. Cursed him for his betrayal
- B. Appointed him commander over all his army
- C. Put him to death
- D. Kissed him and gave him his blessing

19.29A [19:43] The men of Israel told the men of Judah that they had a greater claim on David because they were the first to speak of ____.

- A. bringing back the king.
- B. gathering priests to welcome him home
- C. holding a feast in his name
- D. reuniting him with Mephibosheth

19.30A [19:43] Who claimed to have ten shares in the king?

- A. The men of Judah
- B. The men of Israel
- C. The Gibeonites
- D. The priests

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 20 BASIC QUESTIONS

20.01 [20:1] How is Sheba, a Benjamite and the son of Bicri, described?

- A. honorable
- B. flashy
- C. troublemaker
- D. studious

20.02 [20:1] When Sheba sounded the trumpet, he shouted "We have no share in ____."

- A. Abraham
- B. Adam
- C. David
- D. Moses

20.03 [20:1] Where was every man to go who stood with Sheba against David?

- A. Beth-Aven
- B. to the Jordan River
- C. to his tent
- D. to the fortified cities in the region

20.04 [20:1] David is the son of whom?

- A. Joab
- B. Saul
- C. Aaron
- D. Jesse

20.05 [20:2] Who stayed by their king all the way from the Jordan to Jerusalem?

- A. the men of Judah
- B. the men of Reuben
- C. the men of Simeon
- D. the men of Levi

20.06 [20:3] When David returned to Jerusalem, what did he do with the ten concubines of his palace?

- A. produced offspring with each of them
- B. put them in a house under guard
- C. sent them to a far away land
- D. had them killed

20.07 [20:3] While David provided for the ten concubines, he did not lie with them, and they lived as _____ until their deaths.

- A. witnesses
- B. enemies
- C. widows
- D. matriarchs

20.08 [20:4] To whom did David say, "Summon the men of Judah to come to me within three days, and be here yourself."?

- A. Amasa
- B. Absalom
- C. Abiathar
- D. Aaron

20.09 [20:6] David told Abishai _____ would do them more harm than Absalom.

- A. Ahimaaz, son of Zadok
- B. Naphtali, son of Jacob
- C. Ahithophel the Gilonite
- D. Sheba, son of Bicri

20.10 [20:6] David told Abishai to take his master's men and pursue Sheba to prevent him from finding _____ cities and escaping.

- A. fertile
- B. fortified
- C. desolate
- D. foreign

20.11 [20:7] From what city did the men under the command of Abishai leave to pursue Sheba?

- A. Abel Beth Maacah
- B. Hebron
- C. Jerusalem
- D. Gilboa

20.12 [20:8] Who came out to meet the men at the great rock in Gibeon?

- A. David
- B. Amasa
- C. Bicri
- D. Sheba

20.13 [20:9] How did Joab address Amasa at the great rock in Gibeon?

- A. "My brother and my son!"
- B. "Why have you acted treacherously against the LORD's anointed?"
- C. "How are you, my brother?"
- D. "Welcome, you who are as your brother Absalom to me."

20.14 [20:10] How many times was Amasa stabbed before he died?

- A. one
- B. four
- C. two
- D. three

20.15 [20:11-12] When Joab was pursuing Sheba after the death of Amasa, where did the troops stop?

- A. at the great rock in Gibeon to mourn the death of Amasa
- B. in Jerusalem
- C. at the cave of Adullam
- D. where Amasa lay wallowing in his blood in the middle of the road

20.16 [20:15] What did the troops with Joab do at Abel Beth Maacah?

- A. disrespected the people of the land
- B. paid homage to Amasa
- C. declared freedom from David
- D. besieged Sheba

20.17 [20:15] What did Joab's troops build that stood against the outer fortifications?

- A. a catapult
- B. a wall
- C. a seige ramp
- D. a moat

20.18 [20:16] As they were battering the wall, who wanted to speak to Joab?

- A. a wise woman
- B. a child
- C. a spy
- D. Sheba

20.19 [20:18] The wise woman at Abel Beth Maacah told Joab, "Long ago they used to say, '_____', and that settled it."

- A. Ask the prophet of God
- B. Get your answer at Abel
- C. Cast lots at the city gate
- D. Inquire of the LORD

20.20 [20:19] The wise woman told Joab that he was trying to destroy a mother in Israel and asked him why he wanted to swallow up the LORD's _____.

- A. burden
- B. commands
- C. inheritance
- D. sanctuary

20.21 [20:20-21] Joab told the wise woman he would withdraw from the city if she would do what?

- A. become his wife
- B. hand over Sheba
- C. declare loyalty to David
- D. make the spirit of Amasa a god

20.22 [20:22] Where did Joab go when he left Abel Beth Maacah?

- A. to his home
- B. Hebron
- C. to the king in Jerusalem
- D. back to the big rock to bury Amasa

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 20 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

20.23A [20:2] Who deserted David in chapter 20 to follow Sheba?

- A. the men of Judah
- B. the tribes of Dan and Benjamin
- C. the tribe of Benjamin
- D. the men of Israel

20.24A [20:8] What was Joab wearing when he met Amasa at the great rock in Gibeon?

- A. a cloak with his dagger strapped over it at his waist
- B. a cloak over his dagger
- C. an ephod
- D. a military tunic with a belt strapped over it at his waist

20.25A [20:10] Why was Joab able to kill Amasa so easily?

- A. He had a dagger handy.
- B. Amasa was not on his guard.
- C. Joab's men held Amasa so he could not get away.
- D. A & B

20.26A [20:14] Through which areas and cities did Sheba pass to gather troops to fight Joab and his men?

- A. through all the tribes of Israel to Abel Beth Maacah and through the entire region of the Berites
- B. through the forest of Ephraim and all the tribes of Israel
- C. Jerusalem, Mahanaim, and Rabbah
- D. Ai, Beir and all the forest of Ephraim

20.27A [20:22] To whom did the wise woman at Abel Beth Maacah go with her wise advice about Sheba?

- A. the women of Levi
- B. the men of Simeon
- C. her family
- D. all the people of the city

20.28A [20:23] At the conclusion of Chapter 20, who was over Israel's entire army?

- A. Joab
- B. Ira
- C. both Joab and Amasa
- D. Hushai

20.29A [20:26] Who was David's priest?

- A. Jair
- B. Abiathar
- C. Ira
- D. Zadok

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 21 BASIC QUESTIONS

21.01 [21:1] How long was the famine that occurred during the reign of David in Chapter 21?

- A. 40 days and 40 nights
- B. One year
- C. Three successive years
- D. Five years

21.02 [21:1] What did David do because of the famine?

- A. Sought the face of the LORD
- B. Fell on his face and prayed for rain
- C. Bought grain from Egypt, where it had been stored
- D. Commanded the people to fast and pray

21.03 [21:1] Why did the famine occur?

- A. Because Saul had put the Gibeonites to death
- B. Because the Gibeonites had led the people to follow false gods
- C. Global warming
- D. Because David had sinned

21.04 [21:2] Who were the Gibeonites?

- A. Egyptians who had relocated to Israel
- B. Ancestors of the Samaritans
- C. Survivors of the Amorites
- D. A part of one of the tribes of Israel

21.05 [21:2] What had the Israelites sworn to the Gibeonites?

- A. To enslave them
- B. To spare them
- C. To annihilate them
- D. To lead them to know God

21.06 [21:2] What had Saul tried to do to the Gibeonites?

- A. Annihilate them
- B. Enslave them
- C. Spare them
- D. Protect them from their enemies

21.07 [21:4] Which of the following rights did the Gibeonites say they had?

- A. The right to demand silver or gold from Saul's family.
- B. The right to demand silver or gold from Saul.
- C. The right to put anyone in Israel to death.
- D. None of these

21.08 [21:6] How did King David answer the request of the Gibeonites?

- A. I will kill you for making such a request
- B. I will inquire of the LORD before I answer
- C. I will give them to you
- D. I will NOT give them to you

21.09 [21:5-6] What did the Gibeonites ask King David to do for them?

- A. Give them enough food to survive the famine
- B. Give them seven of Saul's female descendants to marry.
- C. Give them the inheritance of seven of Saul's male descendants
- D. Give them seven of Saul's male descendants to kill and expose before the LORD.

21.10 [21:7] Whom did King David spare?

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| A. Mephibosheth, son of Jonathan | C. Five sons of Merab |
| B. Mephibosheth, son of Rizpah | D. Armoni, son of Rizpah |

21.11 [21:7] Why did King David spare him (them)?

- | | |
|---|---|
| A. Because of the oath before the LORD between David and Merab | C. Because of the oath before the LORD between David and Rizpah |
| B. Because of the oath before the LORD between David and Jonathan | D. Because of the great faith of Merab |

21.12 [21:9] What did the Gibeonites do when King David granted their request?

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. Enslaved the seven descendants of Saul, and made them carry water | C. Forgave the seven descendants of Saul, and presented them back to the LORD |
| B. Killed the seven descendants of Saul and exposed them on a hill before the LORD | D. Threw the seven descendants of Saul into a dungeon |

21.13 [21:9] At what time of year did the events between King David and the Gibeonites occur?

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. During the last days of the barley harvest | C. During the first days of the wheat harvest |
| B. During the first days of the barley harvest | D. During the feast days following the barley harvest |

21.14 [21:10] Why did he (she) take sackcloth and spread it out on a rock?

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. To pray to the LORD for rain so that the famine would be over | C. To weep, fast, and mourn before the LORD |
| B. To guard the daughters of Saul from being annihilated | D. To keep the birds of the air and the wild animals from touching the dead bodies |

21.15 [21:10] How long did he (she) stay outside by the sackcloth and rock?

- | | |
|---|--------------------------|
| A. From the end of the harvest until the rain poured down from the heavens | C. 3 days and nights |
| B. From the beginning of the harvest till the rain poured down from the heavens | D. 40 days and 40 nights |

21.16 [21:12] Where did King David get the bones of Saul and Jonathan?

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| A. From the citizens of Jabesh Gilead | C. From the citizens of Gath |
| B. From the citizens of Beth Shan | D. From the citizens of the Gibeonites |

21.17 [21:14] What did God do after King David took care of the bones?

- | | |
|---|---|
| A. Sent a plague among the household of David | C. Answered prayer in behalf of the land |
| B. Sent a plague among the Gibeonites | D. Sent a great wind to destroy the homes of the Gibeonites |

21.18 [21:13-14] What did King David do with the bones of Saul and his descendants?

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. Buried them in the tomb of Saul's father, Kish, at Zela | C. Gathered up all the bones of those who had been killed and exposed and burned them as a sacrifice to God |
| B. Buried them in the tomb of Saul's father in Gibeah | D. Left them exposed on the hillside as a sign to the Gibeonites |

21.19 [21:15] What happened when David and his men went to fight against the Philistines?

- A. David became exhausted
- B. The LORD caused great fear to come upon the Philistines
- C. A giant man came out to challenge them
- D. The Philistines fled from David and his men

21.20 [21:16] What weapons did Ishbi-Benob carry?

- A. A slingshot with five stones
- B. A bronze spearhead weighing 100 shekels and a new bow
- C. A bronze spearhead weighing 200 shekels
- D. A bronze spearhead weighing 300 shekels and a new sword

21.21 [21:17] Why did David's men swear to David that David would not go to battle with them again?

- A. So that the lamp of Israel would not be extinguished
- B. So that David could stay behind to call upon the LORD
- C. So that David would not become exhausted again
- D. So that David, because of his advancing age, would not endanger his men

21.22 [21:19] Who had a spear with a shaft like a weaver's rod?

- A. Ishbi-Benob, a descendant of Rapha
- B. Saph, a descendant of Rapha
- C. Goliath the Gittite
- D. Jonathan, son of David's brother

21.23 [21:20] What was unusual about the man who taunted Israel during the battle at Gath?

- A. He was descended from Rapha
- B. He had six fingers on each hand
- C. He had six toes on each foot
- D. All of these

21.24 [21:15-21] Who was NOT a descendant of Rapha, the Philistine?

- A. Goliath
- B. Jonathan, son of Shimeah
- C. Saph
- D. Ishbi-Benob

21.25 [21:22] How many descendants of Rapha (in Gath) fell at the hands of David and his men?

- A. Six
- B. Five
- C. Three
- D. Four

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 21 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

21.26A [21:3] What did David ask the Gibeonites?

- A. How shall I make amends so that you will bless the LORD's inheritance?
- B. How much land should I return to you so that you will bless the LORD's inheritance?
- C. How much shall I pay you so that you will bless the LORD's inheritance?
- D. Which of my daughters would you have for your wife so that you will bless the LORD's inheritance?

21.27A [21:4] What did the Gibeonites not have the right to ask of David?

- A. To demand silver or gold from Saul or his family or to put anyone in Israel to death
- B. To have land granted among the Israelites because they were aliens
- C. To serve under God's anointed or to make oaths with the house of Israel
- D. To demand that he keep the oath made by Saul or his family

21.28A [21:10] Who took sackcloth and spread it out on a rock?

- | | |
|---------------|----------|
| A. Rizpah | C. Merab |
| B. King David | D. Aiah |

21.29A [21:12] Where had the citizens of Jabesh Gilead acquired the bones of Saul and Jonathan?

- | | |
|---|---|
| A. They had killed them and hung their bodies in the public square at Beth Shan | C. They stole them from the Philistines who struck Saul down at Gilboa |
| B. They had taken them secretly from the public square at Beth Shan | D. They found them on the battlefield after the bird and animals had touched them |

21.30A [21:16] Who said that he would kill David?

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| A. Sibbecai, the Hushathite | C. Abishai, son of Zeruah |
| B. Ishbi-Benob, a descendant of Rapha | D. Goliath, the Gittite |

21.31A [21:17] Who protected David from Ishbi-Benob?

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| A. Jonathan, son of Shimeah | C. Abishai, son of Zeruah |
| B. Sibbecai, the Hushathite | D. Elhanan, son of Jaare-Oregim |

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 22 BASIC QUESTIONS

22.01 [22:1] 2 Samuel Chapter 22 is ____.

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. a song that David sang to the LORD | C. the last words of David |
| B. a collection of proverbs that Solomon wrote | D. the story of how David dealt with the famine of 3 years |

22.02 [22:1] Why did David sing to the LORD in chapter 22?

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. because Saul had delivered him from the hand of his enemies | C. because his men had helped delivered him from the hand of his enemies and from the hand of Saul |
| B. because the LORD had delivered him from the hand of his enemies and from the hand of Saul | D. because the LORD had delivered him from hunger |

22.03 [22:2] Which of the following is NOT included in David's description of the LORD in 2 Samuel Chapter 22?

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| A. my fortress | C. my shepherd |
| B. my rock | D. my deliverer |

22.04 [22:3] God is described as David's ____ of his salvation.

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| A. spear and sword | C. bow and arrow |
| B. sling and stones | D. shield and horn |

22.05 [22:3] David said, "My God is my ____, in whom I take refuge."

- | | |
|-------------|---------|
| A. hope | C. home |
| B. mountain | D. rock |

22.06 [22:4] David said, "I call to the LORD, who is ____."

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| A. worthy of praise | C. swift to vengeance |
| B. my shepherd | D. slow to wrath |

22.07 [22:3-4] According to 2 Samuel Chapter 22, from whom had the LORD saved David?

- | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| A. enemies | C. violent men and enemies |
| B. violent men | D. Goliath |

22.08 [22:5-6] What had David confronted when he called to the LORD?

- | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| A. whirlwinds of destruction | C. waves of death |
| B. silence of death | D. darkness of the grave |

22.09 [22:7] Where was God when David's cry came to his ears?

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| A. in heaven | C. on the mountain |
| B. in his temple | D. by David's side |

22.10 [22:8] Why did the earth tremble and quake?

- | | |
|---|--|
| A. because God was angry | C. because God spoke out of the mountain |
| B. because David asked God to cause an earthquake | D. because God was trying to get David's attention |

22.11 [22:9] What is described as coming out of God's mouth?

- A. consuming fire
- B. burning coals
- C. smoke
- D. A & B

22.12 [22:10] What was under God's feet?

- A. burning coals
- B. dark clouds
- C. smoke
- D. the heavens

22.13 [22:11] God mounted _____ and flew.

- A. the cherubim
- B. the horse
- C. the clouds
- D. the eagle

22.14 [22:12] What was God's canopy around him?

- A. darkness
- B. fire
- C. light
- D. wind

22.15 [22:13] What came from the brightness of God's presence?

- A. bolts of lightning
- B. loud trumpet call
- C. fire and smoke
- D. All of these

22.16 [22:15] How did God scatter the enemies?

- A. He shot arrows and bolts of lightning.
- B. He sent out fire to consume them.
- C. He confused their languages.
- D. He sent plagues among the armies.

22.17 [22:16] What happened at the rebuke of the LORD?

- A. The valleys of the sea were exposed.
- B. The foundations of the earth were strengthened.
- C. The boundaries of the seas were changed.
- D. All of these

22.18 [22:18] What was too powerful for David?

- A. his foes
- B. his guilt
- C. his own sin
- D. his desire to serve God

22.19 [22:17-18] What did the LORD do for David?

- A. reached down and took hold of him
- B. drew him out of deep waters
- C. rescued him from a powerful enemy
- D. All of these

22.20 [22:19] "They confronted me in the day of my disaster, but the LORD was my _____."

- A. weapon
- B. support
- C. shepherd
- D. soldier

22.21 [22:20] Where did the LORD bring David?

- A. into a spacious place
- B. to the mountain of the LORD
- C. to green pastures
- D. into the LORD's temple

22.22 [22:20] Why did the LORD help David?

- A. David was good to the son of Jonathan. C. David did many things for the people of Israel.
B. The LORD delighted in David. D. David was a great leader.

22.23 [22:21] The LORD dealt with David according to ____.

- A. his righteousness C. the cleanness of his mouth
B. the cleanness of his feet D. the strength of his hands

22.24 [22:23] Which law(s) were before David?

- A. all God's laws C. "Keep the sabbath."
B. "Honor your father and mother." D. "You shall have no other gods before me."

22.25 [22:22-24] What had David done in regard to God's laws?

- A. kept the ways of the LORD C. been blameless and kept himself from sin
B. not done evil by turning from God or his decrees D. All of these

22.26 [22:26-27] "To the faithful you show yourself ____."

- A. pure C. blameless
B. faithful D. shrewd

22.27 [22:28] Whom does God save?

- A. the strong C. the humble
B. the leaders of Israel D. the haughty

22.28 [22:29] David describes God as a ____ who turns darkness into light.

- A. fire C. lamp
B. sun D. star

22.29 [22:30] What can David do with God's help?

- A. scale a wall C. rise into the heavens
B. advance against a whirlwind D. All of these

22.30 [22:31] God's way is ____.

- A. easy C. hidden
B. straight D. perfect

22.31 [22:31] God is a shield for whom?

- A. those who take refuge in Him C. those who hide from Him
B. those who are wicked and call out to Him D. those who fight against Him

22.32 [22:34] God made David's feet like the feet of a ____.

- A. deer C. bear
B. horse D. lion

22.33 [22:35] What could David do with his arms because of God's training?

- A. stand on the heights
- B. throw a slingshot
- C. bend a bow of bronze
- D. hold a shield of bronze

22.34 [22:36] God gave David the shield of _____.

- A. victory
- B. righteousness
- C. truth
- D. All of these

22.35 [22:38-39] What did David do to his enemies?

- A. pursued and crushed them
- B. did not turn back until they were destroyed
- C. crushed them completely and they could not rise
- D. All of these

22.36 [22:40] Where did David's adversaries bow?

- A. toward the temple
- B. at the feet of God
- C. they didn't
- D. at David's feet

22.37 [22:41] David said that his enemies did what?

- A. grew stronger
- B. turned their backs in flight
- C. aligned themselves with other enemies
- D. sought counsel from the prophets

22.38 [22:42] What did the LORD do when David's enemies cried for help?

- A. He brought an earthquake.
- B. He allowed them to repent.
- C. He stopped David's arm.
- D. He did not answer.

22.39 [22:43] How did David describe his beating of the enemies?

- A. He pounded and trampled them like mud in the streets.
- B. He beat them as fine as the sand of the seashore.
- C. He consumed them like fire from the LORD.
- D. All of these

22.40 [22:44] The LORD preserved David as the _____.

- A. lawgiver of men
- B. chief priest of Israel
- C. head of nations
- D. king of kings

22.41 [22:45-46] What do foreigners do as soon as they hear David?

- A. come cringing to him
- B. obey him
- C. lose heart
- D. All of these

22.42 [22:49-50] Why did David praise the LORD among the nations?

- A. He exalted David above his foes.
- B. He put nations under David.
- C. He set David free from his enemies.
- D. All of these

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 22 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

22.43A [22:5] What had overwhelmed David?

- A. his own sin
- B. sorrow
- C. burdens of leadership
- D. torrents of destruction

22.44A [22:10] What parted the heavens?

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| A. the LORD | C. God's word |
| B. lightning | D. thunder |

22.45A [22:12] What caused the darkness around the LORD?

- | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|
| A. sin | C. His enemies |
| B. the dark rain clouds of the sky | D. His anger |

22.46A [22:27] To the crooked, God showed himself _____.

- | | |
|-------------|-----------|
| A. crooked | C. shrewd |
| B. as Judge | D. unholy |

22.47A [22:28] What does God do to the haughty?

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| A. teaches them | C. brings them low |
| B. destroys them | D. exalts them |

22.48A [22:33] What two things did God do for David?

- | | |
|---|--|
| A. give him glory and strengthen his arm | C. preserve his generation and teach him truth |
| B. arm him with strength and make his way perfect | D. strengthen his ankles and give him rest |

22.49A [22:37] What did God do so that David's ankles would not turn?

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A. held him up | C. went before him |
| B. broadened the path beneath him | D. became a light for his path |

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 23 BASIC QUESTIONS

23.01 [23:1] 2 Samuel Chapter 23 includes ____.

- A. The prophecies given by Nathan
- B. A collection of proverbs that Solomon wrote
- C. The last words of David
- D. David's dealings with the Gibeonites

23.02 [23:1] How does David describe himself in 2 Samuel 23?

- A. The man exalted by the Most High
- B. The man anointed by the God of Jacob
- C. Israel's singer of songs
- D. All of these

23.03 [23:2] Who spoke through David?

- A. The people of Israel
- B. Nathan
- C. King Saul
- D. The Spirit of the LORD

23.04 [23:3-4] What is the man who rules over men in righteousness and in the fear of God like?

- A. The light of morning at sunrise on a cloudless morning
- B. The rainbow after rain
- C. The sunshine that brings grass from the earth
- D. All of these

23.05 [23:5] What had God made with David?

- A. A covenant to give David eternal life on earth
- B. A covenant dependent upon the actions of David's descendants
- C. A promise to keep David's house right before God
- D. An everlasting covenant, arranged and secured in every part

23.06 [23:5] David knew that God would bring to fruition his ____.

- A. Vengeance upon his enemies
- B. Salvation
- C. Victory in battle
- D. Every desire, whether good or evil

23.07 [23:6] Evil men were to be cast aside like ____.

- A. Thorns which are not gathered with the hand
- B. Weeds which are gathered with the hand
- C. Waste which goes untouched by the hand
- D. All of these

23.08 [23:7] How does one touch thorns?

- A. With a sword
- B. With a tool of iron or the shaft of a spear
- C. With their hands
- D. With a torch

23.09 [23:8] Who raised his spear against 800 men whom he killed in one encounter?

- A. Eleazar
- B. Elika
- C. Shammah
- D. Josheb-Basshebeth

23.10 [23:10] Who stood his ground at Pas Dammin when the men of Israel retreated and struck down the Philistines till his hand grew tired and froze to the sword?

- A. Eleazar
- B. Shammah
- C. Josheb-Basshebeth
- D. Heled

23.11 [23:12] Who took his stand in the middle of a field full of lentils, defending it, and striking down the Philistines?

- A. Eleazar
- B. Eliahba
- C. Josheb-Basshebeth
- D. Shammah

23.12 [23:13] Which cave was David in during harvest time when three of the thirty chief men came to him?

- A. Cave of Makkedah
- B. Cave of Macpelah
- C. Cave of Hakilah
- D. Cave of Adullam

23.13 [23:13] Where were the Philistines camped at harvest time when David was in the cave?

- A. In the Valley of Achor
- B. In the Valley of Lebanon
- C. In the Valley of Aijalon
- D. In the Valley of Rephaim

23.14 [23:14] Where was the Philistine garrison when David was in the stronghold?

- A. Dan
- B. Jerusalem
- C. Bethlehem
- D. Beersheba

23.15 [23:15] What did David long for when he was in the stronghold?

- A. A drink of water from the well near the gate of Bethlehem
- B. A visit from the prophet Nathan
- C. A drink of water from the well near the gate of Beersheba
- D. A piece of bread from the town of Dan

23.16 [23:16] What did the three mighty men do in response to David's longing?

- A. Took a stand at the well, defended it, and struck down the Philistines who tried to draw water
- B. Broke through Philistine lines, drew water from the well, carried it back to David
- C. Nothing
- D. Attacked the Philistines in Bethlehem and overwhelmed them

23.17 [23:16-17] What did David do with the water from the well near the gate of Bethlehem?

- A. Refused to drink it
- B. Poured it out before the LORD
- C. Drank part of the water and poured the rest out before the LORD
- D. A & B

23.18 [23:18] Who raised his spear against 300 men and killed them, thus becoming as famous as the Three?

- A. Abishai
- B. Zeruiah
- C. Joab
- D. Shammah

23.19 [23:19] Who was held in greater honor than the Three and became their commander even though he was not included among the Three?

- A. Benaiah
- B. Uriah
- C. Absalom
- D. Abishai

23.20 [23:20] Who was a valiant fighter from Kabzeel?

- A. Elhanan, son of Dodo
B. Eliam, son of Ahithophel
C. Naharai, the armor-bearer of Joab
D. Benaiah, son of Jehoiada

23.21 [23:20] Who went down into a pit on a snowy day and killed a lion?

- A. Abishai
B. Benaiah
C. Eleazar
D. Shammah

23.22 [23:21] How did Benaiah strike down the huge Egyptian who had a spear in his hand?

- A. He went against him with a frozen sword
B. He went against him with a spear
C. He went against him with a bow of bronze
D. He went against him with a club

23.23 [23:23] Whom did David put in charge of his bodyguard?

- A. Eleazar
B. Benaiah
C. Abishai
D. Josheb-Basshebeth

23.24 [23:30] Which man among David's Thirty came from the ravines of Gaash?

- A. Elika
B. Ira, son of Ikkesh
C. Zalmon the Ahohite
D. Hiddai

23.25 [23:37] Who was the armor-bearer of Joab, son of Zeruiah?

- A. Ira
B. Naharai
C. Gareb
D. Paarai

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 23 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

23.26A [23:1(foot)] Who is described as Israel's singer of songs?

- A. David
B. Elhanan, son of Dodo
C. Zelek
D. Naharai

23.27A [23:8] According to 2 Samuel Chapter 23, who was first described as the "chief of the Three" mighty men of David?

- A. Asahel
B. Eleazar
C. Helez
D. Josheb-Basshebeth

23.28A [23:8,9,11] Who were David's three mighty men?

- A. Abishai, Joab, and Zeruiah
B. Benaiah, Jehoiada, and Asahel
C. Tahkemonite, Dodai, and Agee
D. Josheb-Basshebeth, Eleazar, and Shammah

23.29A [23:18,24] Who was brother to Joab?

- A. Asahel
B. Abishai
C. Shammar
D. A & B

23.30A [23:36] Which man among David's Thirty was the son of Nathan from Zobah?

- A. Jonathan
- B. Igal
- C. Zelek
- D. Eliahba

23.31A [23:39] Who was the Hittite counted among David's Thirty?

- A. Benaiah
- B. Abi-Albon
- C. Maharai
- D. Uriah

23.32A [23:39] How many men were included with David's mighty men?

- A. 40
- B. 37
- C. 3
- D. 30

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 24 BASIC QUESTIONS

24.01 [24:1] When the anger of the LORD burned against Israel in 2 Samuel Chapter 24, what did he incite David to do?

- A. Give seven of Saul's male descendants to the Gibeonites
- B. Offer a sacrifice
- C. Take a census of Israel and Judah
- D. Go to battle against the Philistines

24.02 [24:2] Whom did King David send out to enroll the fighting men of Israel from Dan to Beersheba?

- A. Abner
- B. Joab and the army commanders
- C. The leaders of the twelve tribes
- D. The high priest

24.03 [24:3] What did Joab say to King David about enrolling the fighting men of Israel?

- A. May the LORD your God multiply the troops a hundred times over
- B. It is good that my lord the king wants to do this
- C. This, O king, is not a good idea.
- D. May the eyes of my lord the king not live to see Israel sin against God

24.04 [24:4] Whose word overruled Joab's in chapter 24?

- A. None, Joab was right
- B. David's word
- C. The army commanders
- D. The LORD'S

24.05 [24:8] How long did it take to go through the entire land enrolling the fighting men?

- A. Nine months and twenty days
- B. Nine years and twenty days
- C. 3 consecutive years
- D. Nine days

24.06 [24:10] After the census of fighting men had been taken, what was David's response?

- A. He decided to recruit more fighting men.
- B. He was pleased that there were so many able-bodied men who could handle a sword
- C. He was conscience-stricken
- D. He was ready to battle the Philistines again

24.07 [24:10] What did David say to the LORD after the census of fighting men had been taken?

- A. I have sinned greatly in what I have done.
- B. Now, O LORD, I beg you, take away the guilt of your servant.
- C. I have done a very foolish thing.
- D. All of these

24.08 [24:11] When did the word of the LORD come to Gad?

- A. Before David went to bed that evening
- B. Before David got up the next morning
- C. On the Sabbath
- D. Before David even started the census.

24.09 [24:11] Who was Gad?

- A. David's seer
- B. David's bodyguard
- C. The high priest
- D. The commander of the army

24.10 [24:13] What was NOT one of the 3 options that Gad presented to David?

- A. 3 days of plague
- B. 3 months of fleeing from your enemies while they pursue you
- C. 3 years of war
- D. 3 years of famine

24.11 [24:14] Why did David choose to fall into the hands of the LORD instead of the hands of men?

- A. Because he had sinned against God, not men
- B. For God's mercy is great
- C. Because God was his rock, who would not allow harm to come to him
- D. All of these

24.12 [24:15] What did the LORD do to Israel after David made his choice?

- A. Brought up the Philistines to do battle against Israel
- B. Sent a mighty wind and destroyed the crops of Israel
- C. Killed the firstborn of each household in Israel
- D. Sent a plague on Israel

24.13 [24:15] How many people from Dan to Beersheba died after David made his choice?

- A. 80,000
- B. 50,000
- C. 10,000
- D. 70,000

24.14 [24:16] God became grieved and stopped the angel from destroying what city?

- A. Jerusalem
- B. Tyre
- C. Bethlehem
- D. Gilead

24.15 [24:17] What did David say to the LORD when he saw the angel who was striking down the people?

- A. Let your hand fall upon the people of Judah and their families.
- B. These are but sheep. What have they done?
- C. Do not let your hand fall upon me and my family.
- D. The people are the ones who have sinned and done wrong.

24.16 [24:17] Who did David say should be punished for David's taking the Census?

- A. No one
- B. All of the Israelites
- C. David and his family
- D. David only

24.17 [24:18] What was David told to do after the angel of the LORD withdrew his hand?

- A. Build an altar to the LORD on the threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite.
- B. Build an altar to the LORD and burn the crops of Araunah the Jebusite
- C. Build an altar to the LORD by the cave of Adullam
- D. Build an altar to the LORD under the oak in Ophrah

24.18 [24:20] What did Araunah do when the king and his men approached?

- A. Ran from the wrath of the king, deserting the threshing floor
- B. Trembled with fear
- C. Praised God that the king had come to him
- D. Bowed down before the king with his face to the ground

24.19 [24:24] What was David's response to Araunah's offer?

- A. I will not sacrifice your things to the LORD – I will go elsewhere
- B. I accept your gracious offer, and will show you favor for giving me what is needed
- C. I will not sacrifice to the LORD my God burnt offerings that cost me nothing
- D. May the LORD bless you with wealth for the aid you have given me this day

24.20 [24:24] How much did David give Araunah for the threshing floor and oxen?

- A. 50 shekels of bronze
- B. 50 shekels of silver
- C. 50 shekels of silver and 10 shekels of gold
- D. 50 shekels of gold

24.21 [24:25] What did David sacrifice to the LORD on the altar built at the threshing floor of Araunah?

- A. Grain offerings
- B. Drink offerings
- C. Burnt offerings and fellowship offerings
- D. Goat offerings

24.22 [24:25] What did the LORD do in behalf of the land?

- A. Prospered the people so that they grew in numbers
- B. Answered prayer and stopped the plague
- C. Sent the angel of the LORD to destroy the Philistines with a plague
- D. Sent rain so there would be an abundant harvest

2 SAMUEL CHAPTER 24 ADVANCED QUESTIONS

24.23A [24:5] Where did the Israelites camp after crossing the Jordan?

- A. Gad
- B. Aroer
- C. Jazer
- D. Gilead

24.24A [24:7] What fortress did they go to after they left Dan Jaan and Sidon?

- A. Gilead
- B. Tyre
- C. Jazer
- D. Jerusalem

24.25A [24:9] In Israel, how many able-bodied men who could handle a sword were found?

- A. 500,000
- B. 880,000
- C. 80,000
- D. 800,000

24.26A [24:9] In Judah, how many able-bodied men who could handle a sword were found?

- A. 50,000
- B. 550,000
- C. 500,000
- D. 80,000

24.27A [24:11-12] The LORD instructed Gad to give David three options and for David to choose one for the LORD to _____.

- A. bestow blessings upon David
- B. shield David while the LORD punishes the people of Israel
- C. smite David's enemies with
- D. carry out against David

24.28A [24:16] At what exact location did the angel of the LORD withdraw his hand?

- A. The oak in Ophrah
- B. The threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite
- C. The fortress of Tyre
- D. The cave of Adullam

24.29A [24:21] What was David's response to Araunah's question?

- A. To buy your threshing floor and build an altar
- B. To build an altar on your threshing floor
- C. To thresh wheat
- D. None of these

24.30A [24:22-23] What did Araunah NOT say when David wanted to buy his threshing floor?

- A. Let my lord the king take whatever pleases him and offer it up
- B. O King, Araunah will willingly sell all this to you today.
- C. Here are oxen for the burnt offering and threshing sledges and ox yokes for wood
- D. May the LORD your God accept you